

# British Smash German Lines and Move Toward Mons and Maubeuge—Capture 6,000

## Haig's Forces Smash Through Outer Defenses of Important Enemy Line South of Valenciennes and Push On—Valenciennes in Pocket—French Launch Offensive South of Oise—Important Gains for Americans

(By the Associated Press.)

Field Marshal Haig's Third and Fourth armies, having smashed through the outer defenses of the strategically important German line south of Valenciennes, continue successfully to hammer their way toward Maubeuge and Mons.

### 6000 Prisoners Taken

Today's attack started from the new front gained Wednesday in an advance of between three and four miles on a front of 15 miles, in which more than 6000 prisoners and many guns are reported to have been taken. The enemy is resisting stubbornly, but the British are forging ahead.

### Beaunignies Captured

West of Maubeuge the British have taken the village of Beaunignies, one and one-half miles southwest of Le Quesnoy, the most important stronghold defending Maubeuge on the west. In the same region, they have crossed the natural barrier of the Escaut river and rapidly are placing Valenciennes in a pocket.

### Valenciennes Surrounded

Apparently, the British are not desirous of taking Valenciennes by fighting the German in the street, but plan to outflank it. The town now is partly surrounded and the menace to it has been increased by the advance on the south and the capture of the entire Baismes forest, to the north.

### Will Force Big Retreat

The British thrust undoubtedly has badly shaken the German defenses south of Valenciennes, which are important to the security of the German line northward to the Dutch border and south and east to the Meuse. Unless the enemy can hold the British attacks today, it would seem they would have to continue their retreat in Belgium and also give up ground south and east of the Oise.

### New French Offensive

While the British are attacking north of the Sambre canal to the Scheidt, the French have begun an offensive south of the Oise. The Sambre canal has been crossed east of Grand Verly and the French have maintained their gains against strong German counter attacks. Between the Serre and the Oise and further east the French maintain their pressure and have gained ground south of Montcornet.

Infantry fighting has died down east of the Aisne in the region of Vouziers, the Germans having failed in strenuous efforts Tuesday and Wednesday to dislodge the French from important height positions. General Gouraud now commands the important defenses north and south of the great forest of Boult, north of the Argonne.

### Americans Hold Gains

On the front west of the Meuse the Americans maintain the important gains made Wednesday and are in a position to cause a German retirement on the center and left of the line. Wednesday's gains were mostly on the extreme right and outflank the enemy front westward toward the Argonne.

### Germans Flood Lowlands

Around Valenciennes, the German

have been flooding the country by cutting the banks of the Scheidt canal. It is said that the lowlands east of the canal and northeast of Valenciennes are great lakes which will probably hold up the allied advance for some time. The same condition prevails just southwest of the city.

### Fight in Valenciennes Streets

British forces are fighting in the streets of Valenciennes, having entered it from the west, but they do not seem to be making much progress against the stubborn defense.

### French and Belgians Halted

Farther north toward Ghent, the French and Belgians appear to be stopped, at least for the moment. The Scheidt river and the network of smaller waterways there provide the Germans with a valuable natural defense zone.

### Americans and British Push On

East of Le Cateau the Americans and British are still fighting their way through the German lines, but they are moving slowly. In the Oise-Serre sector, the French and Americans appear to be held up. From that section of the battlefield to the Argonne forest, there has been little change in the lines.

### Americans Take Brilleles

East of the Argonne, American forces have worked their way farther into the enemy's trenches and have compelled the Germans to abandon Brilleles, on the west bank of the Meuse and just south of Dun. They are also fighting north of Bantheville and hold a strong series of heights

### SUN BREVITIES

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hughes Oct. 20, at New London, Conn. Mrs. Hughes was Miss Margaret Hughes formerly of this city.

Dr. Ralph W. Parker has been appointed civilian surgeon for the Students' Army Training Corps at the Lowell Textile school and he has already started the work of examining the embryo soldiers. He says that they are an unusually healthy lot of young men.

Amos P. Best, for many years identified with automobile activities, has taken over the management of the Moody Bridge garage and will specialize in storage of cars. The garage has been remodeled and made fireproof throughout, also the steam heating plant has been entirely remodeled, insuring perfect conditions for the purpose desired. The two floors of the garage give ample accommodations for over 100 cars with every access to going and coming. The repair shop will remain as before.

A miscellaneous shower was tendered Miss Mae Bodkin Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Alicia Reilly of Central street. Miss Bodkin is soon to become the bride of Mr. Wilfred Reilly. She was the recipient of many beautiful gifts. A very pleasant musical program had been arranged by a party of her friends. Refreshments were served, and when the party broke up at a late hour, all expressed best wishes for the future happiness of the bride-to-be. Those in charge of the affair were the Misses Alicia Reilly, Anna Bodkin and Mae Gildea.

Mr. Richard Coughlin, a former employee of the Saco-Lowell Machine shops, was given a surprise last Thursday by his fellow workers, who presented him with a travelling bag, a \$5 gold piece and a box of cigars, as farewell tokens upon his leaving to join the navy. He is the third son of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Coughlin to enter the service, there being two other brothers with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. On Monday evening a gathering of friends at his home presented him with a sailor's kit. He received a signet ring from his mother.

A social gathering was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. McCue, Potter Terrace, Tuesday evening, in honor of their son, Arthur McCue, now in the naval service but who has been home for a few days recovering from an attack of influenza. There were piano selections by Miss L. Healey, James Fowley and D. E. McCue, Jr. Songs were sung by the Misses M. Goodenough, L. Healey, A. M. McCue, Mr. D. McCue, Jr., James Fowley, A. McCue and H. Goodenough. A buffet lunch was served and games enjoyed by all. The young sailor is very popular and his many friends will be glad to hear that he will be able to report for duty at New York within a few days.

**FARRELL & CONATON**  
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WATER FITTERS  
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which appear to dominate much of the ground in the center of the line.

### Parious Hun Attacks Repulsed

Near Grand Pre, the Germans evidently realizing that further progress by the Americans is dangerous have been counter attacking furiously. They have gained no ground and have lost heavily in killed and wounded.

### HUNS FLOOD COUNTRY

### TO DELAY ADVANCING BRITISH

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—(By the Associated Press.)—British troops have reached virtually the whole canal bank northeast of Valenciennes. The Germans have broken down the banks and opened the sluice gates northeast and southwest of the city and have flooded vast stretches of the country in an effort to delay the British advance. The marshy lowlands on the east side of the canal opposite the Raisines forest resemble a great lake. It is not probable that the city can be approached from the southwest because of similar flooded conditions.

The British, however, have fought their way into the city from the west and there have been sharp encounters in the streets between patrols. Fire from the German artillery has been generally weak, it being strong only in villages and towns in this vicinity. Many civilians are still in these places. Heavy shells dropped with regularity for several hours today into Denain, which is full of civilians. Without doubt many were killed and wounded and the same condition is probably true in other towns.

### THRASHED, WORKED TO DEATH OR SLAIN

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—Liberated British prisoners passing through Sofia on their way to Saloniki, speak gratefully of the work done by the American consul at Sofia in their behalf, according to a despatch to the Mail. They said that although the British and French prisoners endured much hardship, the Serbians were regularly beaten by their Bulgarian captors and often shot without excuse.

One British prisoner said, according to the despatch: "The poor devils were thrashed, worked to death or slain in a way that no civilized country would allow a dog to be treated."

Some members of the British prisoner party are said to have been pitifully pale and thin, but one said: "There are men in far worse condition than we coming."

### GAVE LIFE TO SAVE 200 INFLUENZA VICTIMS

A PACIFIC PORT, Oct. 24.—Lieut. Commander J. J. Hadwen, senior surgeon of a British war vessel, died here last night the victim of his zeal in caring for men suffering from influenza. The vessel arrived here Tuesday with more than 200 of its crew ill. Lieut. Commander Hadwen had worked day and night to bring back the men to health, with such success that none of the midied. The overwork told on him so that he contracted pneumonia after being taken to a hospital.

### EPIDEMIC CHECKED IN ARMY CAMPS

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—For the first time since the epidemic of influenza began spreading through the army camps the weekly health report of the surgeon general shows a decrease in both hospital admission rates and in deaths. The report for the week ending October 15, given out today shows a decrease in the death rate from 294 per thousand, to 190, and in the admission rate for disease from 4750 to 2914. The report says the crest of the epidemic has now been definitely passed; the number of influenza cases dropping one-half and the number of pneumonia cases decreasing from 17,582 to 11,013. Today's daily report shows that influenza now is epidemic in only three camps, Lewis, Washington, Kearney, California and McLean, Alabama.

Washington has increased street car service.

## CITY HALL NEWS

Middlesex County Teachers' Convention Postponed on Account of Epidemic

Infant Mortality Report—  
New Boiler Installed—  
Building Permits Issued

The annual convention of the teachers of Middlesex county which was to have been held in Boston tomorrow has been postponed because of the prevailing epidemic. Under ordinary conditions the local public schools would be closed all day tomorrow.

Supt. Hugh J. Molloy said this afternoon that he was of the opinion that the convention would probably not be held at all this year.

### Infant Mortality

Lowell was third among the large cities of the country in her percentage of infant mortality for the week Oct. 19, according to a report received at the board of health office today. This city's rate was 11.9. Cambridge was in the lead with 15 and Milwaukee second with 13.3. Fall River was fourth with 10.3. Seattle had the lowest rate, 1.3. The average was 5.9.

### Work Progressing

One of the new 72-inch boilers recently delivered at city hall by the Scamell Boiler Works has already been set in position and today the second heater was being installed in the basement of the municipal building.

### Permits Issued

George M. Harrigan has been issued a permit at the office of lands and buildings department at city hall to erect a garage in Marlborough street at an estimated cost of \$1200. The International Steel & Ordnance Co. has been granted a permit to erect a storehouse in Middlesex street at an estimated cost of \$1000.

### Weekly Payroll

This week's payroll amounts to \$23,558.09.

## PROMOTION IN FRANCE FOR LOWELL BOY

The many friends of Joseph A. McCann of this city will be pleased to learn of his promotion to sergeant with the motor truck corps in France. Sergt. McCann enlisted in Co. C of the old Sixth regiment on April 16, 1917.



SERGT. JOSEPH A. MCCANN  
He went to New Hampshire for guard duty with his unit, but later received an injury which necessitated his discharge on Sept. 12.

Undaunted, the Lowell man made a successful effort to overcome his injury and eventually recovered fully. He re-enlisted in the national service, this time joining the quartermaster corps. He went to Camp Johnston, Fla. for training and after spending five months there sailed overseas.

Before leaving Lowell Sergt. McCann was rated as one of the best automobile men in the city. He has two brothers in the service "over there." George J. of the 101st Supply company and Francis J. of the 29th company, 20th Engineers.

## WANTED

Coal teamsters and yard help; union wages; pay every night if you wish.

JOHN P. QUINN  
937 Gorham St.

## Military Watches

GEO. H. WOOD  
135 Central Street

# Wilson Ultimatum No Armistice Till Germans Surrender, No Peace While Kaiser Stays

## President's Reply to Germany Sent Broadcast to World— Demands Surrender and Not Peace Negotiations— Question of Truce up to Foch—No More Separate Dealings—U. S. and Allied Governments to Act in Concert

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—No armistice except under conditions of surrender. No peace with the Kaiser and his war lords, now or later.

Thus President Wilson has given in advance his own final decision in informing the new spokesmen of Germany that he has acceded to their request that he take up with the allies their plea for an armistice and peace negotiations.

### Reply on Way to Germany

The president's reply to the latest German note has gone on its way to Berlin. It was delivered to Frederick Oederlin, the Swiss charge here, last night at 9 o'clock, and soon afterward was on the cables in plain English, no time being lost in converting the president's uncompromising sentences into code. Apparently the exchanges which had been in progress between Washington and the allied capitals since the wireless version of the German communication was picked up Monday terminated late in the afternoon, enabling the president to reply just 11 hours after the official text had been delivered.

### Kaiser Must Go

Assurances of the present authorities at Berlin that they represent the German people, that they accept the conditions of peace he has laid down, and that the German armed forces on land and sea will observe the rules of civilized warfare, are accepted by the president only as changing the situation sufficiently to warrant him in formally submitting the questions involved to the nations with which the United States is associated in the war.

### Next Move From Allies

While this ultimatum is sinking home in Germany, the allied governments will be preparing for the next move, which lies with them, acting in harmony with the United States. First there is to be determined, as the president asks, whether the allies are willing to effect peace on the conditions enunciated by him and accepted by Germany. If they do, the question of an armistice will be submitted to the military advisers of all the co-belligerents and when the necessary conditions to render the German military machine powerless for harm have been formulated the program will be forwarded to Berlin.

### No More Separate Dealings

One point that those in the confi-

dence of the president emphasize is that the president and the United States government are now through with separate dealings with the German authorities. The whole situation is before the co-belligerent governments and the future announcements will be of the United States and the allied governments acting in concert.

### Sent Broadcast to World

President Wilson's reply to Germany was sent broadcast to the world from the Arlington naval radio towers last night, after the official text had been put on the cables. If not picked up directly by the great German station at Naam, it undoubtedly was relayed from other points in Europe in time to reach Berlin this morning.

### In Accord With Allies

The president's reply, which was handed to the Swiss charge last night just 11 hours after the official text of the German note was received, now is on its way to Berlin. It undoubtedly was framed in full accord with the allied governments with whom the president has been in frequent consultation since Germany made its first proposal.

### Cannot Not Trust Hun Masters

The decision of America's co-bellig-

Continued to Page 9

## READY TO QUIT BRITISH CABINET MEETS TURN GUNS ON STRIKERS

Austria-Hungary Said to Be Reconciled to Idea of Unconditional Surrender

Hungary to Apply Direct to Entente Government for Terms of Armistice

PARIS, Oct. 14.—Hungary intends to apply direct to the entente governments to ascertain on what terms they will grant an armistice and peace to Hungary. It is reported in political circles in Budapest, according to a Zurich despatch to the Journal.

Austria-Hungary already is reconciled to the idea of unconditional capitulation, says a Vienna despatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung because Vienna is threatened with famine, the authorities are powerless and laws are no longer enforced.

Before taking your train home from Boston get The Sun at either newsstand in the North station.

## LONDON COMMENT ON SPEECH BY PRINCE MAX

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—Commenting upon the address of Prince Maximilian in the Reichstag on Tuesday, the Star says:

"Fanciful interjections by the chancellor will not impress President Wilson as being a real contribution to the democratization of Germany. There is no word in the speech about the restoration to France of Alsace-Lorraine, which was one of President Wilson's 14 points."

The Pull Mall Gazette says that the speech shows clearly that the chancellor is not ready to accept the only terms which can end the war, and concludes that the German armies must be far more completely beaten "before our reward can come securely into view."

## INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC ON WANE HERE

Dr. Thomas F. Carroll, of the board of health suggested at this morning's meeting of that body that local theatres which have been in the habit of running continuous performances to be instructed to hold only two performances daily, one in the afternoon and another in the evening and that during the interim the houses be thoroughly aired and ventilated. He suggested that this continue until all danger from contagion through influenza has passed, probably a month or two. No definite action was taken by the board and the matter was left open for further discussion.

Dr. Carroll also gave a report of a

## TO DISCUSS REPLY

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The British cabinet met this morning presumably to discuss President Wilson's reply to Germany. The reply was received by the foreign office from the British embassy at Washington.

## OTHER RAILROAD RATES INITIATED BY M'ADOO

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—The interstate commerce commission today asserted its authority to alter railroad freight rates initiated by Director General McAdoo, even without affirmative showing that they were wrong, and announced the assumption that such rates were presumed to be right and just, was incorrect.

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

The Libson Social Club wishes to announce that their Cabaret and Dance was postponed until further notice. Watch the papers.

General Manager, J. SOUZA.

## DANCING TONIGHT

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY  
**Thomas Talbot Memorial Hall**  
NORTH BILLERICA  
Miner-Doyle Orch. Tickets 30c, Includes War Tax  
CARS FOR LOWELL AFTER DANCE

## NEW ISSUE

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8% CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK

We recommend the purchase of this Preferred Stock as investment.

PRICE ON APPLICATION  
**James M. Abbott & Co.**  
(INCORPORATED)

LOWELL, MASS.

## Optimism

"When I look in the glass I see that even line in my face means pessimism; but in spite of my face I remain an optimist."—R. Jeffries.

We judge the above named gentleman possessed a perfect set of Ivories.

**Dr. A. J. Gagnon**

109-466 Merrimack St.

## Wedding Rings

**GEO. H. WOOD**

135 Central Street

## REPLY FROM AUSTRIA

Will Negotiate With Czecho-Slovaks in Austria, But Not Those in Paris

ZURICH, Oct. 24.—Austria's reply to President Wilson, which soon will be sent, will declare that Austria is not disposed to enter into negotiations with the Czecho-Slovaks in Paris, but only with those in Austria, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Frankfort Gazette, who is usually well informed.

The note will say further that the reconstruction of the Austrian state cannot be effected so rapidly that an armistice must be dependent upon it and now that Emperor Charles' manifesto has opened the way to reform, the government sees no obstacle to an armistice.

## NEW ENGLAND NAMES ON THE CASUALTY LIST

This list of names does not contain the name of any Lowell boy or boy whose home is in this vicinity:

**Killed in Action**  
Pr. S. Klytunus, 23 Hinchman st. Worcester, Mass.  
Pr. J. A. Masovich, 186 Central st., Manchester, N. H.  
Pr. T. H. Bugler, 61 Main st., Peabody, Mass.

**Died of Wounds**  
Cor. W. P. Monahan, 47 Norfolk st., Canton, Mass.  
Pr. D. C. Morgan, 187 Andover st., Lawrence, Mass.

**Died of Accident and Other Causes**  
Pr. J. T. Burns, 8 Wilby pl., Wakefield, Mass.  
Pr. G. R. Engleton, Spencer, Mass.  
Pr. H. Lezer, 77 Leach st., Salem, Mass.  
Pr. F. H. Wilcox, 2 Lakeside drive, Wausabkun, Framingham, Mass.

**Wounded Severely in Action**  
Cor. H. Wilbur, 35 Laurel st., Whitman, Mass.  
Pr. I. E. Bicknell, Augusta State hospital, Augusta, Me.  
Pr. T. Ward, 22 Forrest st., Roxbury, Mass.

**Wounded in Action (Degree Undetermined)**

Pr. G. F. Collins, 13 Water st., Hyde Park, Mass.  
Pr. C. A. Ryan, 270 South Main st., Putnam, Conn.  
Pr. H. B. Barion, 10 Virginia st., Dorchester, Mass.  
Pr. M. C. Bouzane, 5 Hazel Park st., Boston, Mass.  
Pr. S. M. Lane, 85 Chestnut st., Hartford, Conn.  
Pr. W. A. Wilson, 97 St. Stephen st., Boston, Mass.

**Wounded Slightly**

Cor. J. H. Bertram, R.F.D. 1, Westport, Mass.  
Pr. J. W. Barrett, 100 Clark st., New Bedford, Mass.  
Pr. G. L. Brown, 45 Powhattan st., Providence, R. I.  
Pr. J. Dolan, Naugatuck, Conn.  
Pr. A. Henault, 35 West Main st., Webster, Mass.

**Missing in Action**  
Pr. V. Pantano, 24 Barrell st., Roxbury, Mass.  
Pr. A. J. Riga, 50 Brown st., Hartford, Conn.

**Released for This Afternoon**

**Killed in Action**

Pr. A. L. Johnson, Bowland, Conn.

**Died of Wounds**

Pr. E. W. Coffey, Arlington, Mass.  
Pr. B. Smith, 611 Second av., West Haven, Conn.

**Died of Disease**

Capt. R. Simonds, Providence, R. I.  
Ser. H. L. Taylor, 151 Bedford st., Abington, Mass.

**Wounded Severely in Action**

Pr. C. W. Howard, 16 Lincoln st., Lynn, Mass.

Pr. F. X. Boudreau, 97 Fayette st., Lynn, Mass.

Pr. J. A. Kendis, 728 Pacific st., Stamford, Conn.

Pr. E. McMahon, 6 Dufrey st., Norwalk, Conn.

Pr. R. Spector, 379 Columbus av., New Haven, Conn.

Pr. M. Whitcomb, 137 West st., Gardner, Mass.

Pr. E. Wilke, 334 Hill st., Waterbury, Conn.

Pr. D. F. Woods, 13 Vernon st., Pawtucket, R. I.

Pr. W. E. Wuckka, 111 Pine st., Gardner, Mass.

**Wounded Slightly in Action**

Ser. G. K. McKenzie, Snowway Park, Cambridge, Conn.

Wag. J. I. Conley, 56 Jefferson av., Danbury, Conn.

Wag. E. E. Metcalf, 2 Farnum Hill, Belfast, Conn.

Ser. L. O. Lohane, Danielson, Conn.

**Missing in Action**

Ser. G. H. McGrath, 212 Beacon st., Boston, Mass.

Pr. J. J. Herman, 34 Tuttle st., Dorchester, Mass.

Pr. M. Karasak, 9 Main st., Hartford, Conn.

Pr. W. E. Nelson, Huntington, Mass.

Pr. E. D. Smith, 10 Wait st., Roxbury, Mass.

**FACTORY FUEL COMMITTEE**

Engineers, firemen and master mechanics are invited to attend the regular meeting of the Lowell factory fuel committee, which will be held this evening at the board of trade rooms, 117 Merrimack street. The committee will be prepared to answer any and all questions pertaining to the conservation of fuel and its members will be pleased to meet the engineers, firemen and master mechanics of the various local plants.

**MIGHT HAVE BEEN WOUNDED**

A Ford motor truck owned by the Robertson Co. of this city, was badly damaged yesterday when the steering gear of the car broke, while the auto was being driven over the Chelmsford street bridge. The car shunted across the street, over the sidewalk and struck the fence, but inasmuch as the power had been shut off the machine stopped against the fence. The radiator of the car was smashed and the forward axle sprung. No one was injured.

**HELP WANTED**

Pitts Auto Supply

## JERSEY DRESSES

40 dresses taken from our regular stock in all sizes and shades. \$29.50, \$35.00 and \$37.50 values **\$25.00** at .....

*The Bon Marche*  
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## JERSEY DRESSES

We are showing a big assortment of the best quality Schuber jersey, made in the latest styles. Priced **\$25.00, \$29.50, \$35.00, \$39.50 and \$45.00.**

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The finest assortment of styles and beautiful materials direct from New York's fashion centre. Fine materials are getting almost impossible to obtain and prices are advancing on the better qualities—**BUY NOW.**



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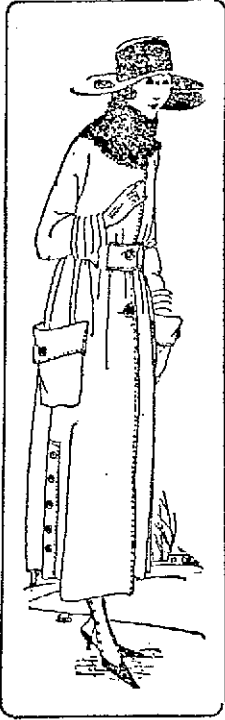
Crystal Cord, Crystal Bolivia, Eucora, Bolivia, Duvit de Lane, Silvertone, Normandy, Bolivia, Duotone and Velour de Nord.

—PRICED—

**\$25 \$35 \$45**  
**\$55 \$65 \$75**  
**up to \$125**

SPECIAL IN COATS

One Hundred Fine Tailored Full Lined Fur Trimmed Coats for Women and Misses, all shades, all sizes; regular value \$39.50, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$49.50. Special.....**\$35.00**



## SUITS

Duvit de Lane, Duotone, Chama-zine, Bolivia, Silvertone and Velour.

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**29.50 39.50 49.50**  
**\$55 \$65 \$75**  
**up to \$145**

SPECIAL IN SUITS

70 Suits marked at special prices for Friday and Saturday—Silvertone, Velour and Oxfords; \$39.50 to \$60.00 values. Special .....**\$29.50, \$39.50, \$49.50**



## Buy Your Fur Coat Now

Special showing of Raccoon Coats. We have a good assortment. Priced

**\$159.50, \$189.50, \$195, \$210**

We cannot duplicate these qualities at any price, and the prices on inferior coats have advanced 1-3 and are still going higher.



## Newest Styles In Millinery

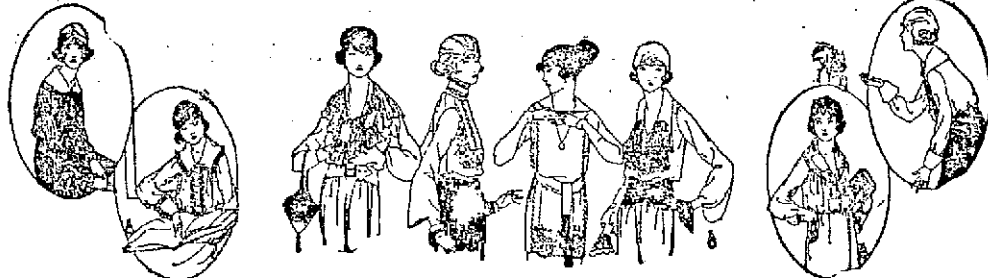
With prices based on the intrinsic value of the hat itself and not with the idea how much it will bring.

The newest styles are being shown, including models that have achieved the very height of popularity. The variety of fashions assures every woman a becoming hat.



## WAISTS FOR FASHIONABLE WOMEN

IF IT IS NEW YOU WILL FIND IT HERE IN OUR IMMENSE STOCKS



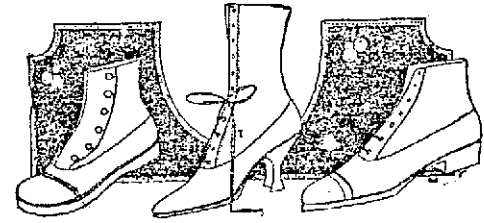
NEW GEORGETTE, NEW CREPE DE CHINE, NEW LINGERIE

We give the fullest measure of value, styles ranging from simple to dressy, carefully made of fine materials. Priced,

**\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98, \$9.98, \$12.98 to \$25.00**

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Queen Quality Shoes for Women | Regal Shoes for Men | Dependable Shoes for Children



Smart, well made, comfortable shoes of a quality not to be found today at our prices. Shoes that are correct in every detail and their wearers appreciate them.

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## Coats for Little Tots

A big assortment of beautiful little styles. The finest materials made, and better quality, and better made and better styles than you will find in most stores. Priced,

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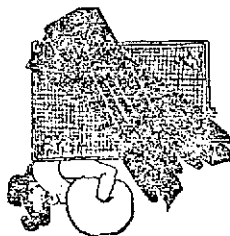
## GIRLS' COATS

Your last chance to get one of these bargains. Silk Velour Coats, 10, 12, 14 years. **\$7.98**  
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## Visit Our Newly Enlarged GLOVE SECTION

Most people know our gloves are of the finest grades, made of selected leathers and cut so they are smooth, snug and fit perfectly.

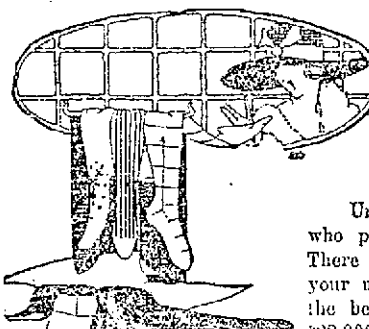
REYNIER, Trefonne, Baeemo, Elite, Keyser, are among our stock of over \$30,000 worth of the latest and most wanted gloves for women and misses. **SEE WINDOW DISPLAY**



## Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery and Underwear

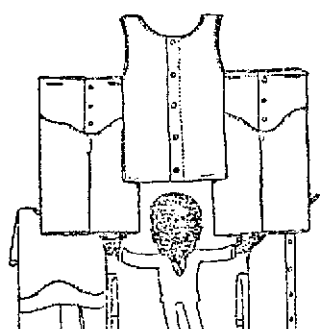
## HOSIERY

Hosiery with a reputation for quality and wear. Made by dependable manufacturers with years of experience, enabling them to produce the best qualities for the least money. Over \$20,000 worth to select from.



## Knit Underwear

Underwear made by competent manufacturers who put fit, quality and wear into every garment. There is nothing poorer than poor underwear. Buy your underwear here and you will be sure and get the best qualities your money can obtain. Over \$22,000 worth to select from.



## SPECIAL SATEEN PETTICOATS

20 dozen, all shades. **\$1.50**  
\$1.98 value. Special,

LARGEST STOCK OF VICTOR, EDISON AND COLUMBIA MACHINES AND RECORDS IN LOWELL.

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The largest assortment of Heatherbloom and Sateen Petticoats we have ever shown and all at the old prices.

**\$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 to \$7.98**

Talking Machine Headquarters—The Only Store in Lowell Selling All Three—**VICTROLAS—EDISONS—GRAFONOLAS**

## HEATHERBLOOM TOP PETTICOATS

With silk flounce, regular and extra sizes. **\$3.98 values. \$2.98**  
Special .....

9 comfortable demonstration rooms for your comfort and convenience. Foot of Stairs at Main Entrance



## GERMAN COLONIES TO BE KEPT, SAYS BALFOUR

LONDON, Oct. 24.—(via Montreal).—In no circumstances is it consistent with the safety, security and unity of the British empire that Germany's colonies should be returned to her, declared A. J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary, in a speech at the luncheon of the Australian and New Zealand club yesterday.

Mr. Balfour said it is absolutely essential that the communications of the British empire remain safe. He asked if the German colonies were returned, what country is there that their original possessors will not use them as bases for piratical warfare.

The doctrine that the colonies should not be returned, Mr. Balfour claimed, is not selfish and imperialistic. It is one in which the interests of the world are almost as much concerned as the interests of the empire.

If the empire is to remain united it is absolutely necessary that communication between the various parts should not be at the mercy of unscrupulous power.

## ALLIES TO PUT CURB ON GERMAN SEA POWER

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Reuters Limited learns that the allied governments, as a result of mutual communications, are perfectly acquainted with and agreed upon the terms under which it will be possible to enter into negotiations for an armistice.

It should be observed that naval questions should never have been dealt with in any negotiations between the United States and Germany, and they are of first importance from the allies' viewpoint.

"The idea of the freedom of the seas as understood by Germany," says the Reuters dispatch, is not a matter that any allied government can accept at all. It would appear that the conditions precedent to an armistice must include the question of sea power, as well as land power, but hitherto Germany has always limited her remarks to land power.

"America, Great Britain, France and Italy owe so much to sea power in carrying on the war and in national development that they cannot omit con-

sideration of sea power from the discussions concerning the armistice.

"The president never assumed that his conditions would be limited to the evacuation of occupied territories, as the Germans always argued. He put a number of questions to Germany after receiving the first note as a preliminary to placing the matter before the allies."

## COAL MINERS PLEDGE SUPPORT TO PERSHING

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 24.—Assurance that the coal miners of the country will do their utmost to bring up sufficient coal to meet the needs of the armies in Europe in the way of munitions, food and other supplies, were contained in a message cabled by Frank J. Hayes, president of the United Mine Workers of America, to Gen. Pershing in France yesterday.

The message was in response to one from Gen. Pershing to the federal fuel administration a few days ago, setting forth the necessity of a maximum output of coal. President Hayes' message reads:

"In this crucial hour, the coal miners of America realize their responsibility and will continue to do their full duty.

"While your indomitable soldiers and their brave allies under Marshal Foch are fighting civilization's battle and winning at the point of their victorious bayonets the peace for which we stand—the lasting peace that your triumphant armies will dictate—the miners of America with depleted numbers are breaking production records. They will stand, steadfast and true, until their comrades in the field, under you, have achieved complete victory. This we pledge you."

## NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

Frank J. Welch, the young man who figured in an automobile accident near Glen Forest on the Lawrence road last evening, was arraigned before Judge Burleigh at this morning's session of the police court on a charge of drunkenness. Welch's face was badly scratched as a result of the accident. He entered a plea of guilty, but after Deputy Sgt. Downey had told the story of the accident, supplementing his story with the statement that the Lawrence police would call for the defendant to charge him with operating an automobile without a license and while under the influence of liquor, Welch's case was continued until tomorrow morning.

### Defendant Discharged

Melvin F. Boyd, charged with assault and battery upon John Goggin, the result of an automobile accident, which occurred in Gorham street some time ago and in the course of which the complainant was injured, was called on continuance this morning, and through his counsel he entered a plea of not guilty. Sgt. Edgar Hawley of the Students' Training corps at the Lowell Textile school, who was a witness of the accident, testified that on October 5 Boyd was driving his machine through Gorham street cityward. He said at that time the Goggin boy was standing in the centre of the street near an electric car and just as the Boyd machine came near him he ran right into the path of the auto. He said the boy was struck and run over by the auto, and he stated that in his opinion the accident could not be avoided by the chauffeur. At this point the case was dismissed.

### A Direct Sentence

Emma Marchand and Anna Labarge, who yesterday were complained of for drunkenness, were this morning arraigned on complaints charging them with being lewd and wanton in their speech and behavior. The Marchand woman admitted her guilt, but her companion entered a plea of not guilty. After hearing the evidence the court found both guilty and ordered the Labarge woman committed to the common jail for a term of three months, while the case of the Marchand woman was continued until tomorrow so that her case may be more thoroughly investigated.

### Cases of Drunkenness

William King, a sailor, who yesterday was brought in on a complaint of drunkenness, was this morning turned over to the naval authorities.

Cases of drunkenness were disposed

## ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-tives" Has Achieved

One reason why "Fruit-a-tives" is so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema and other Skin Affections, is because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

These "Fruit Liver Tablets" are composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, oranges, figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from FRUIT-A-TIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

of as follows: Jeremiah Mahoney, \$10 fine; John P. Williams, suspended sentence of three months in jail with the understanding that he will leave the city at once; John Burns, case continued until tomorrow morning.

### Withdraws His Appeal

Arthur Pontbriand, who yesterday was sentenced to three months in jail after being found guilty of assault and battery upon two little girls, and who appealed, asked the court's permission to withdraw his appeal this morning and his request was granted. The court then ordered the sentence changed from three to two months.

## MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intentions have been filed at the office of the city clerk recently:

Arthur J. Lavergne, 825 Lakeview avenue, 31, soldier; Sarah F. Clement, 514 School, 24, Shaw hosiery.

Melvin F. Sweet, 1629 Gorham, 30, shoemaker; Olive E. Southwick, 455 Central, 25, United States Cartridge Co. George L. Bowley, 115 Bridge, 37, chauffeur; Alberta M. Waite, Boston, 32, waitress.

Antonio T. Branco, 28 Keene, 28, laborer; Amelia P. Marques, 31 Tyler, 20, operative.

Albert Paradis, 25 Kirk, 20, operative; Louise Letourneau, 106 Worthen, 24, hosiery.

Charles E. Fisher, 10 Runels place, 21, United States navy; Helen C. McDermott, 82 Fulton, 18, at home.

Wilfred E. Reilly, 946 Central, 25, signmaker; Mae E. Bodkin, 16 Adams avenue, 21, at home.

Vasilios Elites, 9 Hanover, 25, United States Cartridge Co.; Erving Klemm, 9 Hanover, 25, operative.

John F. Hogan, 127 West Sixth, 27, dresser tender; Margaret Quinn, 1 West Burnside avenue, 25, spinner.

Edouard Mirault, 240 East Merrimack, 57, weaver; Cora Caron, 250 E. Merrimack, 48, housework.

Roy H. Bartlett, 370 Beacon, 21, seaman, U.S.N.; Florence M. Weinbeck, 192 Westworth avenue, 21, inspector, munitions.

## COURSE OF AMERICAN LITERATURE AND CIVILIZATION IN UNIVERSITY OF PARIS

PARIS, Oct. 16.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—A course in American literature and civilization has just been instituted at Sorbonne (the university of Paris) by the French minister of public instruction. Its purpose is to promote in the sphere of intellectual interests the same close and cordial relations between France and the United States that are now binding the two republics together on other fields. It is hoped to transform this course into a regular professorship and equip it with funds for a library as well as to institute research travels in America.

Professor Charles Cestre, head of the English department at Bordeaux, has been appointed director of the course. When a student at the Sorbonne, he was the first French student to go to America to take advantage of the English department in a great American university. He graduated from Harvard in 1907, and became an instructor there in 1908. He has written many books and magazine articles and has lectured much in France on American universities and institutions. He was an exchange professor at Harvard in 1917-18, and afterwards travelled through the states as official lecturer of L'Alliance Française.

## OBSERVANCE OF FOUNDERS' DAY AT MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE, CANCELLED

SOUTH HADLEY, Oct. 24.—Plans for the observance of Founders' day at Mount Holyoke college have been cancelled because of the influenza situation. In announcing this decision today, President Mary E. Woolley stated that although conditions at the institution were normal, the fact that the epidemic was still at its height in New York and other parts of the country, made it inadvisable to observe the anniversary this year.

## 12 FOUNDATION STONES OF HEBREW UNIVERSITY IN JERUSALEM LAID

PALESTINE, Oct. 5.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press).—The foundation stones of the Hebrew university at Jerusalem, recently laid in the presence of General Allenby and representatives of the French and Italian detachments, are 12 in number, one for each of the 12 tribes of Israel.

The site of the university is on the summit of the Mount of Olives, facing Jerusalem on the one side and the hills of Moab on the other.

## BAN LIFTED AT PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 24.—The ban placed on public gatherings three weeks ago because of the influenza epidemic, was removed today by the board of health. This takes effect in churches on Sunday and in schools, theatres and other public places on Monday.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell, advertise in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.

## STORE CLOSED FRIDAY AT 6.30 P. M.

ON ACCOUNT OF THIS EARLY CLOSING, OUR USUAL FRIDAY NIGHT SPECIALS WILL BE ON SALE ALL DAY FRIDAY

# Who Sells the Best Clothing in the City At the Lowest Prices?

An important question when men are buying Suits and Overcoats for Fall and Winter.

Some 10 or more men's clothing stores will be making their claims in the newspapers tomorrow.

Most of them will be saying as loudly as type can shout—

## Best Clothing Lowest Prices

It is confusing. They cannot all be right---yet it stands to reason that in some of these stores you are going to get better clothing and better service at the same or lower cost than in others.

What is a man to do?

Well, for one thing, he should use his good judgment and choose at this time a store which he himself has tried and found trustworthy. Or (if he has not tried any store in this city) choose a store his friends know to be reliable.

In these times of stress, a good name is invaluable to both a store and its customers.

The Merrimack Clothing Store has an enviable reputation for service, for honesty, for integrity, built up by many years of earnestly striving to be of utmost service to the people. On every hand you hear—

"IF YOU WANT TO BE SURE OF IT,

BUY IT AT THE

## MERRIMACK

We invite you to come and inspect our tremendous stock of strictly all wool hand-tailored Men's Suits and Overcoats, made by A. Shuman & Co., at prices as low as you are asked to pay for cotton and shoddy goods elsewhere.

PLENTY OF NEW FALL SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT

**\$25.00**

Others at \$30, \$35 and \$40.

Buy your Fall Suit or Overcoat at the Merrimack and insure yourself against fake clothing.

# Merrimack Clothing Co.

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

CLOSED FRIDAY AT 6.30 P. M.

## SPECIALS ALL DAY FRIDAY

From 8.30 A. M. to 6.30 P. M. Only

Men's \$30.00 Suits.....\$26.50

Men's Last Season's Suits, values up to \$25 .....\$12.75

Men's \$35 Overcoats.....\$31.50

Men's \$4.00 Worsted Pants.....\$3.25

Men's \$5.00 Blue Serge Pants.....\$4.25

Men's \$3.00 Soft Hats.....\$2.65

Men's \$1.50 Caps.....\$1.20

Men's \$2.00 Umbrellas.....\$1.65

Men's \$1.50 Neg. Shirts \$1.20 3 for \$3.50

Men's \$1.00 Neckwear.....79c

Men's 25c Collars (slightly soiled).....5c

Men's Silk and Lisle Stockings, value up to \$1.00.....35c, 3 Pairs \$1.00

Men's All Wool and Cassimere Stockings, values up to 65c, 35c, 3 Pairs \$1

Men's 35c Value Cotton Stockings.....25c

Men's 25c Value Cotton Stockings.....19c

Men's \$4.00 Wool Union Suits.....\$3.25

Men's \$2.00 Winter Union Suits.....\$1.65

Men's \$2.00 Odd Wool Undershirts, \$1.39

Men's \$1.50 Wool Process Shirts or Drawers.....\$1.20

Men's \$3.00 Gray Flannel Shirts, \$2.25

Men's \$1.50 Black or Blue Working Shirts.....\$1.19

Men's \$1.50 Flannel Night Shirts, \$1.20

Ladies' \$50 Winter Coats.....\$42.50

Ladies' \$45 Winter Suits.....\$39.50

Ladies' \$12.50 Skirts.....\$9.75

Ladies' \$6.95 All Wool Skirts.....\$4.95

Ladies' \$18.50 Satin and Serge Dresses.....\$14.75

Ladies' \$5.95 Silk Waists.....\$4.39

Ladies' \$7.50 Bath Robes (slightly soiled).....\$2.98

Ladies' \$1.98 Petticoats.....\$1.49

Ladies' 98c Waists.....79c

Boys' \$15 Suits.....\$12.75

Boys' \$12 Suits.....\$9.75

Boys' \$6.00 Wool Sweaters.....\$4.95

Boys' \$1.50 Odd Knicker Pants.....95c

Boys' 50c Shirts or Drawers, 29c, 4 pieces \$1.00

Boys' \$1.00 Odd Hats.....29c

Boys' 89c Shirts or Waists.....69c

Boys' 50c Neckwear.....35c

Boys' 35c Stockings.....29c

## LADIES READ THIS

Friday We Will Put On Sale About

**50 SAMPLE FUR NECK PIECES**

And About 25 Muffs at About Half Price

If you have any thought of a fur piece for this winter it will pay you well to be here Friday. They are Black and Taupe Foxes, Black Wolves and Nutria.

## Saving Sugar and Wheat

is comfortably done when one uses

## Grape-Nuts

This cereal food is composed partly of barley and contains its own sugar made from its own grains.

A truly wonderful Food, ready to eat.

"There's a Reason"

BUY THRIFT STAMPS



SAVE PEACH STONES

## Four Particularly Good Values

THAT WERE CROWDED OUT OF THE BASEMENT SECTION OF OUR BIG ADVERTISEMENT ON PAGE FIVE.

\$7.50 Kit Coney Muffs.....\$4.98

Many splendid models in All Wool Serge and Panama Dresses, \$18.50 and \$22.50 ....\$12.98

Women's Flannel Night Gowns, trimmed with silk embroidery, full sizes, \$2.25 value .....\$1.69

Children's Cut Plush Coats, sizes 2 to 6, pretty shades and styles, \$7.50 values.....\$4.98

## The Observant Lady

I was walking in the North common district a short time ago, when I met Letter Carrier No. 35 who has been carrying mail in this section of the city for many years. In the course of our conversation he brought up the subject of the old Bartlett school and commented on the recent decision at city hall to tear down the old school house. He said he was a graduate of the school and went on to enumerate the many prominent citizens of Lowell who graduated from it. He spoke of the "old days" with reverence mingled with happiness and his eyes brightened not a little as he recalled the happy hours spent there, included in the various names of Lowell business men and politicians was that of a leading druggist. When he broached on the subject of the old school house this man also showed his enthusiasm regarding the old school days and expressed the intention of looking up some pictures of pupils taken many years ago.

The drug stores have been such busy centers during the past few weeks that one ought not to expect business men in these days when the grip has made so many demands on them to spend a great deal of valuable time in connection with certain favorite topics, but it does not signify that they are less interested in the events which will live in their memory as long as they live.

Saturday is a busy day in the fall season for the shoe dealers. Sales are made thick and fast and needless to say every customer expects fairly prompt attention, and in order to make this possible it is often necessary to augment the staff of shoe salesmen. The other day I purchased new foot-wear in a local store from a woman clerk. After making inquiry as to her presence, I learned that she was the wife of the manager of the store and during his illness she was endeavoring to assist the men in the rush hours. Many of the styles were not familiar to her, but she was not one to be easily discouraged and after a brief question put to one of the older salesmen she would lose no time in finding what she wanted and you could safely bet that she could find it. There have been numerous instances of co-operation during the past few weeks, due to inability on the part of certain members of the household to assume their duties and many times a father has been known to cook the meals and attend to the sundry tasks connected with the daily routine of the household in families where illness prevailed.

On the down town street it is not an uncommon sight to see small newsboys, many as young as eight and ten years of age, gathering the remains of cigars which have been cast away in the debris of the street. I realize that from youngsters acquire this habit of watching the example of older boys and this state of affairs is nothing new, but the sad feature of it is that at the present time they are able to collect a large quantity of cigars that have been used but very little. Despite the fact that the price has ad-

vanced about 30 per cent. during the past year or so, the average young man is earning such large wages that he does not consider it an extravagant act to throw away his "smoke" after indulging in his favorite pastime for only a few "draws." When I learned yesterday that the police department would take drastic steps to stop the gambling carried on in Lowell, the question rose in my mind as to whether the small boys who are amply supplied with nicotine by the careless, unthinking young men, would even be capable at maturity of throwing the dice and necessitating the attention of the police department as well as the citizens of the city.

I have been wondering lately why the automobiles still persist in passing a street car before the motorman has started his car. I find that the law which forbids this, still holds good and punishment may be meted out to offenders. When the street car stops, the automobile driver is expected to wait until the motorman starts the car, and unless the automobile is at a distance of eight feet away, it should not start ahead. Needless to say, the ordinary street is not so spacious as to warrant an automobile going this distance, running parallel with the street car. People who are lax in abiding by this law endanger the lives of many passengers, especially old people who cannot step around quickly and dodge machines. The police are not wholly to blame in this matter for it is next to impossible for them to watch every electric car and every automobile. The conductors can assist in guarding against danger from neglect in this way by reporting to the police the license number of the automobile and they will file a complaint and swear out a warrant against the infractor.

## STATUS OF AMERICAN INVESTMENT IN MEXICO

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The status of American investment in Mexico is an object of concern to the United States. Future relations, not only with Mexico, but with the whole of Latin America, may be affected by the outcome of the dispute over the possession of land and mineral rights in the Tampico oil district, says a review of the oil situation just issued by the department of commerce.

The government, as well as oil interests, is watching carefully the progress of suits instituted in the Mexican courts by the American, British, French and Dutch oil companies, for relief from the program of the Carranza government, arising from a provision of the Mexican constitution of 1917 which attempts to vest in the nation only the right to minerals and oils under the soil of the republic.

"In its bearing on our future commercial relations with Latin America," declares the review by the department

of commerce, "the status of our investments in Mexico involves far-reaching possibilities. If all our foreign investments were to be transferred from the state of property, duly acquired with guarantees of permanence (such as occur in the Mexican mining laws of 1884, 1892 and 1909) to the state of temporary concessions, requiring renewal from time to time by contracts, in the wording of which we have no share, we should face an unprecedented situation. Our commercial relations, not only with Mexico but

with all of Latin America depends upon mutual confidence. The liberal supplies which the United States has granted to Mexico, together with Ambassador Fletcher's note of April 2, constitute our side of the present case. A signal factor, however, will be the decision of the Mexican courts upon the suits now in progress."

The note April 2 referred to was handed to the Mexican government after all oil companies operating in the Tampico fields had been ordered to file manifests of property under penalty of confiscation and it had been decreed that new taxes called "rentals" and "royalties" should be imposed. It declared that "the United States cannot acquiesce in any procedure ostensibly or nominally in the form of taxation or the exercise of eminent domain, but really resulting in confiscation and arbitrary deprivation of vested rights." At the same time the British, French and Dutch governments notified the Carranza government that in the event confiscatory measures were put into effect they "would be obliged to protect their own interests." This resulted in a modification of the decree of confiscation.

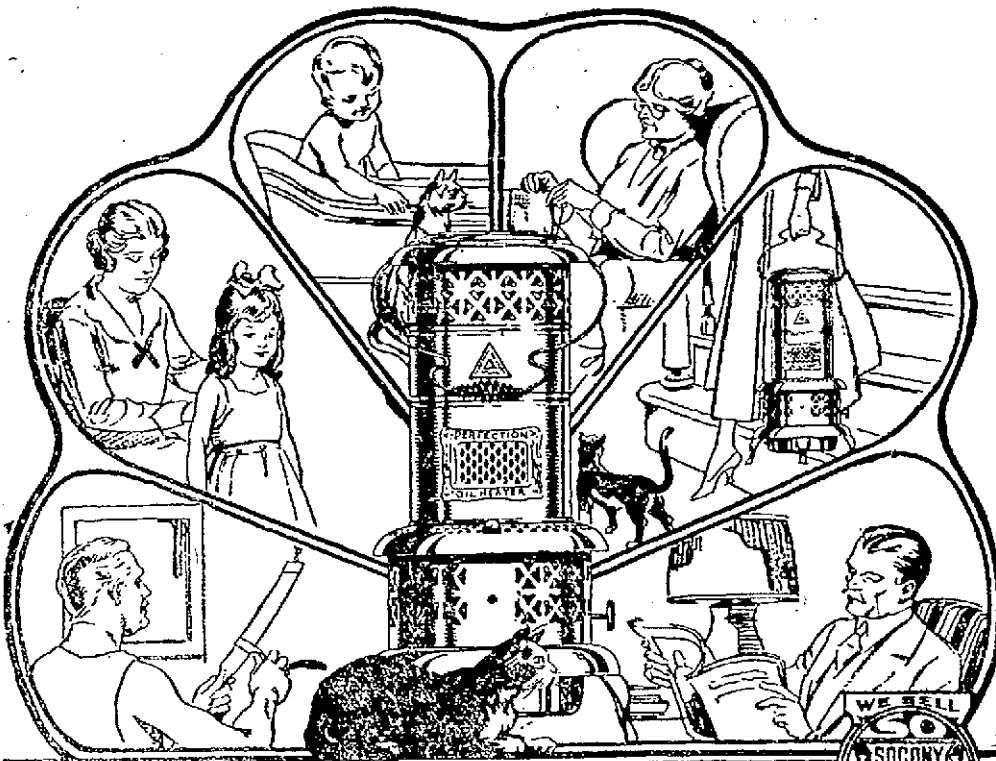
Article 27 of the new Mexican constitution is the center of the dispute. Three decrees have been issued under its provisions, imposing conditions on the oil companies which the regard as confiscation. The constitutional article provides that ownership of all petroleum is vested in the nation; that only Mexicans by right of birth or naturalization have the right to acquire the ownership in lands, waters or mineral fuels in the Republic, but that the government may grant the same right to foreigners, if they agree to be considered and treated as Mexicans and waive all right of protection from their home governments, forfeiture of their property being the penalty for such an appeal.

It has openly been charged that the Mexican government was unduly influenced by German agents who hoped through the decree to cut off the supplies of fuel oil needed to keep the allied navies and merchant fleets at sea as the vesting of sole rights to this fuel in a neutral government would make the Tampico production national contraband and prevent its sale by Mexico or producers operating under contracts with Mexico, to the allied governments.

Inasmuch as Mexico ranks third among the oil-producing nations of the world and Russia, which stood second no longer is furnishing any appreciable quantity, the Tampico production was vitally necessary to the nations at war; and the American, British, French and Dutch companies, acting under advice of their governments, refused to file the demand manifests and applied to the Mexican courts for relief.

Not one of the American companies operating in Mexico, says the department of commerce report, ever has obtained a concession of land from the Mexican government, their contracts of purchase or lease having in every case been made with private owners who held titles extending back often for more than 250 years.

The demands of the war for fuel are continually increasing, according to the review. Petroleum stocks in the United States were reduced by 8,034,625 barrels during the first six months of 1918. With heavy increases in shipping, many of the new ships being oil burners, a further demand may be expected. At least 2,500,000 barrels of Mexican oil per month has been used in the past in connection with the military and domestic needs of the United States and estimates of the present need place the requirements as high as 4,000,000 barrels a month. In ad-



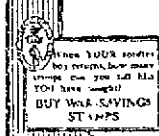
## Comfort in Every Room

From getting-up time till bedtime, Perfection Oil Heaters radiate generous, inexpensive, wholesome warmth. Both before and after the steam is turned on, emergencies make a Perfection Oil Heater a necessity. Carry a Perfection Oil Heater from room to room, and say good-bye to chill. Fill it with one gallon of **SO-CO-NY OIL**, and enjoy 8 hours of cosy comfort. No smoke nor smell, no trouble to fill, light and keep clean.

Sold by hardware and general stores.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK

**PERFECTION OIL HEATERS** Look for the Triangle Trade Mark



## VILLAGES RUINED

Wilful Devastation of Towns That Were Never Within Range of Artillery

Fleeing Huns Ignore Pleas of People to Spare Home and Put Torch to Every House

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN CHAMPAGNE, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—(By the Associated Press).—Detachments of engineers from General Gouraud's army, in exploring the region from which the Germans have been driven in this sector, have discovered in many villages, evidences of the method by which the destruction of dwellings, churches and other public buildings was organized.

The region along the Retourne abounds with indications of wilful devastation of villages that were never within range of artillery, but were found razed to the ground. In others where houses were still erect, they were mined for slow destruction while purely military installations such as barracks built by the Germans for their own occupancy, were left intact.

Orders for the burning of Juniville, a large village in the valley of the Retourne, arrived on the day of evacuation. The Germans had built comfortable quarters, with casinos, officers' clubs, moving picture theatres, hotels and rest houses, for the soldiers in the village. The people pleaded with the officers to spare their homes, but the torch was put to every house. The village was one vast brazier when the

dition, the navies of the allies, especially the British, require fuel oil, mostly obtained from Mexico, to keep them on the high seas.

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## When Convalescing

JERSEY ICE CREAM, because of its purity and nutritive food value will be found a splendid sick room delicacy.

## JERSEY TRIPL-SEAL BRICKS

Come to your dealer 100% pure. Three hygienic wrappings make contamination by germs impossible. Jersey Ice Cream is clarified and pasteurized before freezing, eliminating all chance of infection. And the materials used in making it are of the highest standard of purity and richness.

For your table and your sick room, use Jersey Ice Cream and be sure to ask for the Tripl-Seal Bricks.



The following dealers have it:

### LOWELL

James J. Brown, 391 Broadway.  
P. N. Brunelle Pharmacy, 33 East Merrimack St.  
J. H. Coyle 298 Fayette St.  
J. P. Cooney, 6 Davis Sq.  
Dows' Drug Store, Bridge St.  
Dows' Drug Store, Merrimack St.  
W. H. Noonan, 305 Bridge St.

Opera House Pharmacy, Central St.  
Pawtucket Pharmacy, 726 Moody St.  
D. B. Smith Co., 46 Stevens St.  
A. Thomasson, 557 Central St.  
R. F. Webster, 401 Bridge St.  
H. Willis, Chelmsford St.  
Walter Jackson, 810 Central St.

## JERSEY ICE CREAM

## CHANGE OF TIME

Our store will open at 8 o'clock week day mornings and at 8:30 Sundays.  
Closed every Wednesday at 12:30 p. m.

**HOWARD** The Druggist  
197 Central St.

## REPLY TO AUSTRIA'S NOTE

Caused Panic in Financial Circles—Humiliating for Dual Monarchy

BASEL, Oct. 24.—President Wilson's reply to Austria's note, has had an overwhelming effect in Vienna, according to a despatch to the Frankfort Zeitung. Not only was there a violent panic in financial circles, but the note was considered in political quarters as being extremely humiliating for the dual monarchy.

## IT'S NOT YOUR HEART; IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. It attacks all classes, regardless of age, sex or conditions. A majority of the ill-afflicted people today can be traced back to the kidney trouble.

The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which are swept from the tissues by the blood are not eliminated through the kidneys, disease of one form or another will claim you as a victim.

Kidney disease is usually indicated by weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, difficulty when urinating, pain in joints and lower abdomen, gravel, stones, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago.

All these derangements are nature's signals to warn you that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules immediately. The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammation and destroys the germs which have caused it. Do not wait until tomorrow. Go to your druggist today and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning and will bless the day you first heard of GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil.

After you feel that you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two capsules each day, so as to keep in first-class condition and ward off the danger of other attacks.

Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. Three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you.—ADV.

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. It attacks all classes, regardless of age, sex or conditions. A majority of the ill-afflicted people today can be traced back to the kidney trouble.

The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poisons which are swept from the tissues by the blood are not eliminated through the kidneys, disease of one form or another will claim you as a victim.

Kidney disease is usually indicated by weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, difficulty when urinating, pain in joints and lower abdomen, gravel, stones, rheumatism, sciatica and lumbago.

All these derangements are nature's signals to warn you that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules immediately. The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammation and destroys the germs which have caused it. Do not wait until tomorrow. Go to your druggist today and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning and will bless the day you first heard of GOLD MEDAL Haarem Oil.

After you feel that you have cured yourself, continue to take one or two capsules each day, so as to keep in first-class condition and ward off the danger of other attacks.

Ask for the original imported GOLD MEDAL brand. Three sizes. Money refunded if they do not help you.—ADV.

## Save the Babies

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupify, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. There can be no danger in the use of Castoria if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher as it contains no opiates or narcotics of any kind.

## Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. Frederick D. Rogers, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have found Fletcher's Castoria very useful in the treatment of children's complaints."

Dr. William C. Bloomer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "In my practice I am glad to recommend your Castoria, knowing it is perfectly harmless and always satisfactory."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisenbrauer, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

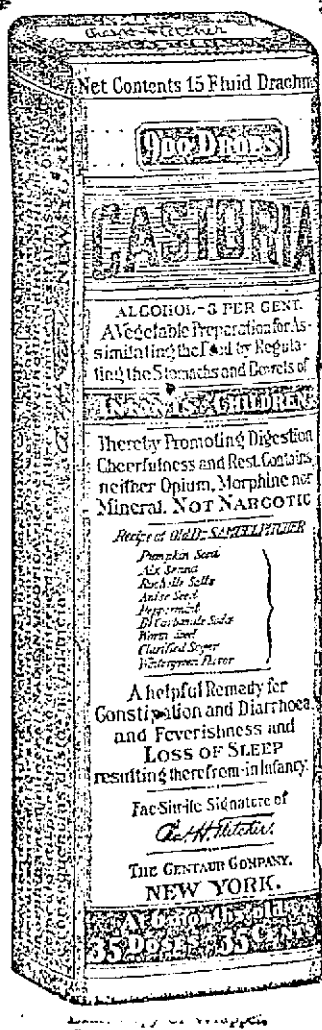
**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS**

Bears the Signature of

**Chas. H. Fletcher**

In Use For Over 30 Years

The Kind You Have Always Bought





COMMISSIONS FOR TWO  
LOWELL MEN

Capt. C. Frank Dupee, commander of Co. C of the local state guard, and Dr. John P. Krasny of 29 Bridge street, have received commissions as first lieutenants in the ordnance department and medical corps, respectively.

Capt. Dupee is a veteran military man, having been connected with Co. K of the old Sixth regiment as far back as 1906. He made his way to the office of second lieutenant of the unit and later became a member of the mounted scout section of the Sixth regiment. Upon the organization of the state guard he became second lieutenant in Co. G and later was promoted to first lieutenant. He was afterward transferred to Co. C and given a captain's commission.

Lieut. Dupee is affiliated with the Appleton Mfg. Co. as mill engineer. He will report for duty at Washington next Monday.

Dr. Krasny only recently entered the local medical fraternity but had built up a substantial practice and was fast gaining an excellent reputation in his chosen profession. His office is in Keith's Theatre building.

LABOR SHORTAGE AT THE  
WATERTOWN ARSENAL

A shortage of labor is seriously affecting the work at the large Government Arsenal at Watertown. Considerable machinery is lying idle because of a lack of operators to run it while shipments of guns and projectiles to the American forces in France are being held up as a result. At the present time the Arsenal is operating only 75 per cent. of its capacity.

Military men who are conversant with the true situation of affairs in Europe do not look for an immediate ending of the war. The Germans are making a masterly retreat they point out and are experiencing but small losses in men and materials in comparison to the immensity of their movement. There is no sign yet of a rout and it is probable that they will be able to retire to well fortified lines by the time the bad weather make offensive warfare on a large scale impossible.

Internal conditions in Germany may change the complexion of the situation but this is only a guess. Meanwhile the United States government is continuing its program of preparation for a campaign in 1919 and in 1920.

Today the demand from the other side is for guns and ammunition. Men can be procured through the workings of the draft, but it is material with which to fight that the military leaders are now asking. If Germany is to be thoroughly beaten it will be because the allies have a preponderance of material. The sooner the material can be put on the fighting line, the sooner will the war be over.

The people at home must supply this fighting material and it is in the hands of these stay-at-homes that the shortening of the war and lessening of the American losses rest.

Men in non-essential industries are not doing their share in bringing victory to the allies. To these men the government appeals. In this vicinity there are hundreds of mechanics who are doing work considered non-essential. Later they will be confronted with the "work or fight" order, but until this order is enforced the workers have an opportunity to choose their own employment.

The Watertown arsenal offers steady work at war-time pay; good conditions; clean homes in which to live, and everything that an American can expect. There is immediate need of approximately 1,500 toolmakers, machinists, helpers and operators. The positions are open to American citizens and to friendly aliens who have taken out their first papers.

Further information can be obtained at the arsenal or at the local office of the United States Employment Service.

BIG DECREASE IN SHIP  
LOSSES LAST MONTH

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The amount of merchant shipping sunk by enemy action, excluding marine risk, during September, was lower than any month since August, 1916. It was considerably below the record of June, the previous lowest month of this year, and also below the monthly average in 1916, according to the announcement issued by the admiralty last night. Losses to British shipping due to enemy action and marine risk during the month was 151,592 gross tons, compared with 176,431 in August and 209,212 in September of last year. The losses for the quarter embracing July, August and September of the present year were 510,351 gross tons, compared with 952,938 for the corresponding quarter of last year.

During Sept. 7, 515,961 tons of shipping entered and cleared from United Kingdom ports.

**WITH THE FIREFMEN**  
The members of the fire department responded to five telephone and still alarms yesterday afternoon, but all the fires were of a minor nature. There was an ash barrel fire in Cherry street, a slight auto fire on the Hale street railroad bridge, a grass fire in West Sixth street, a bed fire in High street and a dump fire in the rear of the Lowell Textile school.

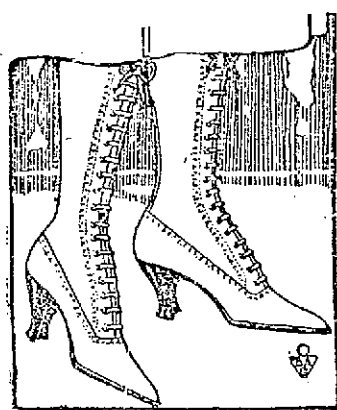
**USE OF SACCHARINE IN FOODS STILL REGARDED AS AN ADULTERATION**

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Use of saccharine in foods is still regarded as an adulteration under the goods and drugs act by the Department of Agriculture. The department announced today that requests of various interests for reversal or at least reconsideration of an old ruling on this subject had been denied. It is held that saccharine as a substitute for sugar reduced the food value and that persistent use of it is likely to impair digestion.

## 3 of the BEST SALES in Our HISTORY

SCHEDULED for FRIDAY and SATURDAY

One of the chief war time missions of Chalifoux's, this fall and winter, is to enable its customers to dress warmly and well without biting their lips in vexation at the prices. Prices are low—LOW. We cannot emphasize too strongly. But of far more importance is QUALITY. And when you can get quality at low prices, your thoughts must flash the signal for instant action.

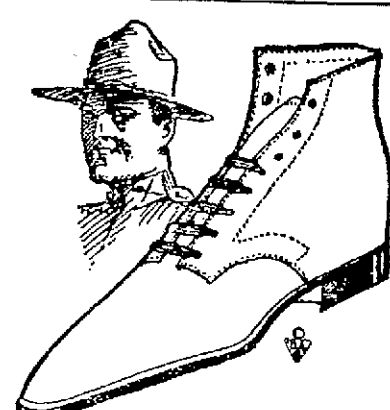


**GOOD SHOES ARE VITAL TO GOOD HEALTH**  
**Sale** WOMEN'S UP TO \$10 SAMPLES 500 PAIRS OF **Shoes** Sizes 3 to 5, all Goodyear welts. Kid and calf skin; black, brown, mahogany, gray and combination colors. High lace models, cloth or leather tops, military and Cuban heels. Basement. **\$4.98**

Men's \$1.50 SHAWMUT RUBBERS in All Styles and Sizes.....\$1.15

Buy rubbers before the storm—not during or after. Don't give your shoes and feet a chance to get wet. It will damage your shoes more than the price of the rubbers and may lead to sickness, expense and loss of time. A pair of rubbers may save the day. Act at once.

**Sale** MEN'S \$6 TO \$8 AMERICAN GENTLEMEN **Shoes** Made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co. which knows how to make only good shoes. Gun metal, brown English last or vici kid. Great Basement Shoe Store, Friday and Saturday. Don't miss this sale. **\$4.98**



260 Women's LUXURIOUS WARM COATS OF THE LATEST FASHION

Worth \$25.00 to \$55.00, to be sold in our great Basement Store \$13.98 AND \$19.98 Friday and Saturday at two prices.....

WONDERFUL SALT'S PLUSH COATS ARE \$19.98

Can any woman doubt their value (up to \$55.00)? Read all about this value in the next two columns.

**\$13.98**

Lot Includes

All wool velours, Lormiers chevrons, burella cloth, oxfords, tibets. Black, navy and practically every correct fall and winter shade.

\$25.00

AND

\$27.50

VALUES

**13.98****\$19.98**

Lot Includes

Salt's plushes, Baffin seals, other silk plushes from the best American manufacturers. All blacks, trimmed with fur collars and cuffs. Skunk, money and black dyed squirrel.

VALUES UP TO \$55.00

**19.98**

These plush coats are subject to slight imperfections. See note in next column.

Examples of Imperfections

One has a slight irregularity in the nap in an inconspicuous place. Does not show. Not noticeable unless your attention is called to it.

Another has a short thread. Only an expert would detect it. We will point out these imperfections to you. We want every customer to know exactly what she is getting.

THIS IS THE FIRST SALE OF SUCH MAGNITUDE EVER ANNOUNCED BY OUR GREAT BASEMENT STORE FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

FRIDAY AND SATURDAY Will Be COAT DAYS At The



To put off buying these warm coats for children and girls up to 14 years is to run risks. And we've marked prices low enough to remove every excuse for delay.

Infants' White Chinchilla Coats, pretty new models, \$5.98 to \$9.98

White Corduroy Coats, lined and interlined, all new models.....\$3.98 to \$6.98

Infants' Cashmere Capes, heavy sauteen lining, hood silk lined, daintily embroidered.....\$5.98

Eiderdown Capes, warm and comfy looking.....\$3.98

Children's Heavy Velour Coats, smartly trimmed with plush, fully lined, colors are plum, oxford, brown and navy, sizes 6 to 14 years, \$14.98

Children's Coats, fancy velours and plush, fully lined, large collars, fancy pockets, distinctive styles.....\$14.98

Winter Coats, made of excellent corduroy in the newest and smartest models, some are fur trimmed, new pockets, buttons and buckles, lined and interlined, sizes from 2 to 6 years....\$4.98

Children's Broadcloth Coats, high waist line, full flared skirt, daintily smocked, colors are navy and green, \$12.50

More and more mothers are consulting our GRADUATE NURSE in regard to the care of children. This service is for those who hesitate as well as for those who are quick to see the advisability of a consultation and have taken advantage.

In Our Neckwear Dept. You Will Find

Large Draped War Bride Veils, chiffon and crepe borders, all colors.....\$1.00 to \$3.00

Crepe de Chine and Satin Fringe Trimmed Collars.....\$1.00 to \$2.50

Pique Collar and Cuff Sets.....50¢

Best Reasons in the World for Furniture Values

Our Furniture Store must be condensed into a very small space during the holiday shopping season. Toys, Dolls and Games will have the entire main building section. Furniture stocks, until this October sale began, were the largest in our history. A further reduction is absolutely imperative. Time is short. Prices are low. Buy these specials. Look for others. Attractive terms on the Morris Plan.

FOLDING COT BEDS

Hardwood frame with close woven spring. Easily folded, so as to put away when not in use. Very strong construction.....\$3.25

SEWING OR CUTTING TABLE

Folding style, made of white maple, nicely furnished, has yard measure stamped on top.....\$1.19

FURNITURE POLISH

A very fine polish, easily applied and will clean and polish the very finest of woodwork. Large bottle, with direction for use.....19¢

DINING TABLES

All solid oak table, with 45 inch quartered oak plank top and heavy pedestal base, all beautifully polished.....\$19.98

BUFFETS

Large, full size buffet, colonial style, with large deep drawers and cupboards, and large bevel plate mirror. Beautiful figured quartered oak and nicely polished.....\$29.50

DINING CHAIRS

Solid quartered oak chairs, nicely furnished and polished, with comfortable back and slip seat, upholstered in genuine leather, each.....\$3.50

WHITE ENAMELED CRIBS

All iron crib, strongly made, with high ends, high sides and National spring bottom.....\$10.49

LULLABY CRIBS

Strongly made and nicely white enameled. Have rubber tired wheels. Just the thing for baby.....\$3.59

NATIONAL SPRINGS

All iron frame spring, nicely bronzed. Guaranteed for good service: all sizes.....\$6.98

MATTRESSES

All soft top and bottom mattresses, covered in good grade ticking: all sizes.....\$8.98

More Mothers Bring In Their Little Boys to Our

Boys' Clothing Store IN THE BASEMENT

We have the largest stock in our history and prices are very much lower than they would be had we not bought until now.

Boys' Overcoats, 3 to 10.....\$8.00  
Other styles.....\$6.50 to \$12.50

Boys' Overcoats, 10 to 18.....\$10.00  
Others to.....\$18.00

Every Coat Good and Warm.  
Boys' Mackinaws.....\$8.00



EVERY MAN AND YOUNG MAN

In Lowell wants the kind of Overcoats we sell at

**\$10 to \$48**

The point is, we have the coat you want if you elect to come to Chalifoux's.

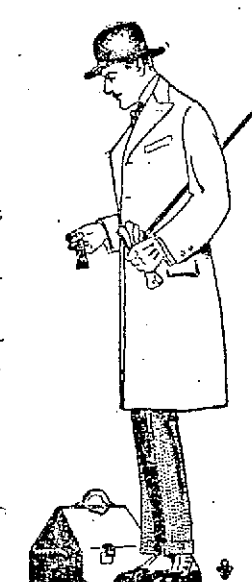
\$10 buys a good coat, made for last season before the great advance in materials.

\$48 buys the finest product of Adler-Rochester, preferred by many men who can afford custom made.

Prices gradually advance from \$10 to \$48. Every man may find his price.

Every man may find his size—medium, stout, short, tall or slender.

Every man may find his style, his material, his color.



CHESTERFIELDS

ULSTERS

ULSTERETTES

FORM FITTED COATS

BOX COATS

KERSFYS

MELTONS

TWEEDS

CHEVIOTS

VICUNAS

BLUES, BROWNS,

GREENS, GRAYS

TWO TONES

MIXTURES

OVERPLAIDS

MEN'S BLACK TOP COATS, all wool, unfinished worsted, \$20.00

ADLER-ROCHESTER CLOTHES may still be had for \$25.00

Others to \$48.00

KNITTED TOP COATS, in brown and green mixtures, are \$25.00

A PAIR OF PANTS make your old suit last longer, \$3.00 to \$9.50

MEN! BOYS! THIS IS

Fall Underwear Weather

Why will men and boys persist in waiting for cold weather before purchasing warm underwear? There's absolutely nothing to be gained by delays and much may be lost.

Your health, your earning capacity, the welfare of those dependent upon you—all depend largely on how you dress.

This is underwear weather. Take warning.



Men's All Wool Shirts and Drawers in natural color.....\$3.50

Men's Wool Shirts and Drawers in gray.....\$3.00

Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers.....\$2.00

Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers.....\$1.50

Men's Heavy Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, in cert and oxford gray.....\$1.50

Men's Heavy Wool-Union Suits in natural gray.....\$3.50

Men's Medium Weight Wool Union Suits, close croch.....\$3.50

Men's Extra Heavy Wool Union Suits in gray.....\$5.00

Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Union Suits.....\$2.00

# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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## GERMANY PLANS TRADE WAR

As a result of the war the South American republics have all fallen in line with the United States and almost entirely in full sympathy with its policies. Before the war several of them regarded the United States with suspicion and felt that the Monroe doctrine was maintained chiefly for the benefit of this country, although in reality it protected the small states of South America from foreign aggression.

If the war should end at the present time, the prospect would be that these South American countries would feel disposed to trade with the United States in preference to any other country. Before the war, they gave a large part of their trade to Germany; but the trade mark "Made in Germany" will no longer have any attraction for them or for their people although of many nationalities. On the contrary, such a brand upon commercial products will be a handicap for many years in almost any part of the world outside of the central powers. Germany already realizes this fact and is devising deep laid plans to secure the trade of the South American countries under a species of deception. She has established a great German bank in Spain which is to have a branch in every South American country. German goods will be shipped to these countries and sold under a Spanish name and the various branches of the German bank in Spain, ostensibly Spanish, will finance the transactions. This is a characteristic scheme by which Germany hopes to hold the trade of South American countries against all opposition. She intends to use the power of Spanish influence in South America as a bait to sell her goods.

It is evident that the economic war which will surely follow the military conflict is to be conducted with all the ingenuity the several nations can devise, each competing against all the others. The United States would make but poor use of her facilities and her opportunities if she allowed herself to be outdone by any European nation in winning the trade of the South American countries. It is not too soon to begin planning to meet this competition. The United States must have a bank in each of these countries and should also have agents stationed in each to look after our commercial interests in a more effective manner than was ever before attempted.

It would appear from this phase of Hun trickery, that Germany does not yet consider herself beaten. How does she know whether she will have any merchant marine after this war is over? If the military authorities of the entente decide that Germany's navy and her merchant marine shall be divided up pro rata among the allied nations in lieu of their losses by submarines, then Germany will not have much opportunity to compete with other nations for trade in South America or anywhere else, except so far as she can conduct her export trade in foreign bottoms.

This phase of the situation must appeal strongly to the allied powers as showing what Germany might do after the war if her powers of evil were not restricted. It is true that Germany is financially bankrupt, that her man power is depleted, but the fact remains that the ravages of war have not reached German territory. Her recuperation after the war, will therefore, be very much more rapid than that of France, Belgium or even Italy. These countries especially France and Belgium, will require many years to recover from the ruthless destruction worked by Germany. After the war, it appears, that Germany means to use Sweden, Holland and Spain as agencies through which to carry out her designs in foreign trade and commerce. Whether she will be able to pursue her usual underhand intrigue, will depend largely upon the conditions of peace, and the league of nations to be formed at the close of the war for the purpose of maintaining peace and enforcing justice in all international disputes.

## BELGIAN KING AND QUEEN

No feature of the recent successes on the western battlefield has been more thrilling than the reception given to the king and queen of Belgium on their visit to Ostend after its evacuation by the Germans. They came unannounced, one evening, and the people, then rejoicing over the departure of the enemy, on learning of their presence, rushed out en masse to greet them. The king and a British military official, who accompanied the royal couple, were carried on the shoulders of the people to the government buildings and there received an immense ovation. The queen was surrounded by the women and children, all seeking an opportunity to give proof of their love and veneration for this devoted friend of the people.

Never perhaps did the king and queen of any country make greater sacrifices for their people than did King Albert and Queen Elizabeth. They could have avoided any conflict with Germany by yielding to her demands, but by doing so they would have violated all the principles of decency, honor and civility. They fought the good fight and although their country has been ravaged by the

ruthless Teutons, Belgium will emerge from the war the most glorious small nation on earth, her king and queen the most glorified of living rulers. But while the king and queen are to get high honors for their fidelity to right and patriotism, yet Cardinal Mercier is fully as deserving of honor for the manner in which he fought German authority and German outrages, defying German power to silence his protests or even to take his life. These three names will go down in history to be honored for all time for the glorious battle they have made for stricken Belgium and the cause of justice.

Yet it must be acknowledged that but for the aid of the United States in furnishing relief for the people, as well as the military power necessary to enable the entente to overcome Germany, the Belgian people might have been almost wiped out. Nothing that the United States has done in the war reflects more credit upon our benevolence and our unselfish motives, than what we have done for poor stricken Belgium while she was suffering under the cruel oppression of the ruthless Huns.

## THE "HOHENS" MUST GO

The president's reply to the recent appeal from Germany makes it quite clear that if the Hohenzollern dynasty were swept away the appeal for peace would not be open to the doubt and suspicion with which it is received. While the Kaiser or even the crown prince remains at the head of the German government, the allies will be satisfied with nothing short of unconditional surrender.

Some of the German papers have already announced that if the imperial government as represented by the Hohenzollern dynasty has to be sacrificed in order to secure peace, the German people will pay the price. It seems that the German newspapers at least are getting down to a common sense view of the situation. It would be well if the allied powers would decide that there shall be no peace with Germany while the criminals who have been responsible for the war are at the head of the government. Let it be a sine qua non of the conditions of peace that the Hohenzollerns must go. The Kaiser and his combination of autocrats and militarists have been responsible for this war and all the suffering, all the deaths and all the destruction that it has brought upon the world. Let them be banished or punished as arch criminals.

Should Germany be able to secure a compromise peace at the present time, she would thereby win the war through diplomacy, after having failed to win it by the most brutal warfare ever conducted in the history of the world. It appears, however, that the allies with which the government of the United States is associated in the war, will not brook any compromise with the present German plea for peace. They regard it as coming from the same powers that plunged the world into war in 1914, the same designing, intriguing, untrustworthy and conscienceless clique.

This is the last effort of the German militarists to save their face with the German people. To grant their appeal for the termination of the war under any settlement that would rest in part with themselves, would be a surrender to Germany rather than the reverse. That is why the German appeal for peace will not prove acceptable to the allied powers.

## ITALY COMES BACK

Once again, according to reports, Italy is in fairly good fighting condition, having recuperated wonderfully since the crushing defeat inflicted by the Austrian drive. That defeat was due almost entirely to German propaganda. Italy since then has succeeded in a remarkable degree in reversing the situation. It must be remembered that her frontier is so mountainous that progress against the enemy is well nigh impossible except at a few points and even there the mountain passes are very precipitous. Italy has plenty of fighting men but she is short of food and munitions, although she has recently started up many munition factories that are doing excellent work. In case an invasion of Austria be decided upon by General Foch, Italy will take a leading part in the work, and can be relied upon to render valiant service in any undertaking to which her forces may be assigned whether on land or sea.

## GERMAN HONOR

Germany in her peace note appealed to President Wilson to save "her honor." Who that has watched the unprincipled scheming of Germany would ever dream that such a thing as honor entered into the make-up of any of her statesmen or was to be found anywhere in her government. "German honor" must be understood as German Kultur from the German standpoint. Viewed in any other light, we can call it only the most deep-seated rascality. As a type of what "German honor" means, her treatment of Belgium will offer an illustration if it is remembered that Germany was one of the nations in honor-bound to protect the neutrality of



"SCRAPS OF PAPER"

## SEEN AND HEARD

Belgium. Her honor was also shown in the sinking of the Lusitania and in thousands of other cases.

All good Americans hope and expect that as a nation we are close to that point of decision where our business with Germany, for some days carried on by means of notes, is to be entrusted to Marshal Foch of France whom we have appointed our supreme agent in Europe and to whose direction we entrust two millions of American fighting men. Grati-fyingly enough, each day we read that Marshal Foch is getting nearer to the Kaiser and soon may be in a position to talk things over with him face to face.

Great Britain need never show a disposition to turn up her nose at Our Lady of the Snows, to the north—and, truth to tell, we don't know as Great Britain ever has shown a disposition to do this. One of the things we have in mind is, that Canada this fall will loan Great Britain \$500,000,000, making a total since the war started of \$1,250,000,000. But the service of her fighting men was the greatest contribution.

Many merchants will tell you that they do not think they need to advertise in a paper or in any other way because so many people, they notice, pass their door every day. "That's just the point," says the live ad man, "advertise and you bring some of the procession passing your door to a halt with the fair presumption that your live newspaper ad will induce them to enter the door and do some shopping."

A Lewiston boy who is a member of the 101st engineers, now on duty overseas, wrote to his wife that the battle cry of the engineers when they went into the big drive was, "Heaven, Hell or Home by Christmas." That is as fatalistic, as desperately earnest and heroic as anything German philosophy ever taught. But then, why quote German philosophy? It was taught but not heeded.

A company at Victoria, B. C., says it has captured 1000 whales this season. We might dilate at length on the number of corsets these 1000 whales would furnish bone for, the number of whale steaks they would provide, the barrels of oil furnished and other interesting data but in the press of business, suffice it to say this is not a fish story.

In the case of Denmark plucking up courage enough to remind Germany she hasn't kept to the terms of treaties executed between the two countries 50 years ago, it reminds us of David and Goliath and we might hope that the Danes have a large, pointed stone for their sling were it not for the fact that the Danes haven't done sling shot work for many years.

It didn't surprise us when we read, buried away among some dry market items, that it was expected the production of attar of roses this year in Bulgaria would be considerably below what was produced in 1917. Based on Bulgaria's record we can't conceive of anything like a sweet odor coming out of Bulgaria.

In connection with that Boston news item to the effect that James Sullivan, many years baker for the fashionable Hotel Brunswick in that city, and who left an estate of \$25,000, it is safe to assume that James knew enough to save both kinds of dough.

It looks as if that "crumbling" Bolshevik regime would outlast the Kaiser's.

If the flu kills next month's political activities it won't have been an un-mixed evil.

Reliable fishermen report that even the German eel are swimming backward these days!

What would the war poets do if "Yanks" didn't rhyme with "tanks" and "fun" with "run"?

"Smatter?" No reformer has yet blamed the flu epidemic on the low cut waists and silk stockings of the wimmin folks.

Have you noticed that the arch fiend of Berlin neglected to promise himself a Christmas dinner in Paris this year?

When peace comes are we going to punish all those palatially interned German spies by driving them out into the miseries of civil life?

When old Bill Bay State puts on his ten-cent fare schedule we know someone who will invest a few dollars in a second or (third) hand flivver.

Use of the Hammer  
A British gunner who had successfully passed a blacksmith course was home on furlough. A civilian, noticing the insignia on his sleeve, namely the hammer and tongs, asked what it meant.

"Oh," said Tommy, "I'm an army dentist."

"I see," said the civilian. "Of course the pliers are for extracting teeth. But what's the idea of the hammer?"

"Well, you see, it's like this," explained Tommy. "Some of the chaps are a bit nervous, so we use the hammer to chloroform them."

Two Sides of the Story  
With pathetic tears on her baby cheeks, little Ethel ran up to the big, stalwart policeman.

"P-p-please, sir," she sobbed, "will you come and pick a bad man up?"

"What's he been doing?" asked the man in blue gently.

"Go-booo-baa," wailed Ethel; "he's b-b-broken up my hoop with his nasty bicycle."

"Has he?" replied the bobbie angrily, as he saw her tears flow afresh.

"Where is he?"

"Oh, you'll easily catch 'im," said Ethel, drying her tears. "They've just carried 'im down the chemist's shop on a shutter!"—Argonaut.

False Pride  
We were standing on the back platform of the car the other morning, and it was crowded, and somebody dropped some money, and we all stooped down to look around.

Another's foot. For it, and the result, was Three pennies. Nobody in the crowd claimed them. And nobody wanted To own them. We've heard fellows Kick like a mule Because their favorite Smokes were raised Two cents!

There were women In the crowd too. And you know how A woman will use Of the door's worth Of time over a couple Of pennies more or Less when on a Shopping expedition! 'S a gay life.

Soldiers and Baths  
The health of the armies of the allies is said to be due to the bath-rub. No other such armies, in the matter of health, have ever been known in the history of the world. For it is a fact that disease has been all but conquered in the armies of the allies. At least the percentage of death from disease is smaller in the allied armies in the field than it has ever been in the history of any war—and it is attributed to the fact that the soldiers bathe more frequently than has heretofore been the case, or course the soldiers cannot take a

bath when they are in the trenches. They remain there for a few days at most, and return to the rear in a dirty, stained condition. But that condition doesn't last long. The boys immediately take a bath, have their clothes cleaned and show up in a few hours after leaving the trenches, fresh and sweet and clean—and in good health. And the uniforms would be surprised, too, to know how close up to the front lines the bathing facilities are provided. In other words it has happened that the soldiers did not bathe for months; they had no facilities whatever for keeping themselves clean. Wearing their clothing without change for a whole season, putting in weeks and weeks without having a chance to take a bath—that has been the portion of soldiers of the past. But it is not the case with the soldiers in the present gigantic struggle.

U. S. A. Spells Home  
Home isn't just where I used to live. It isn't the place where I lathered my face And swallowed my meat and drink. Since I have wandered across the sea, Home isn't spelled as it used to be.

Home, home. Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now the spelling is U-S-A; U-S-A spells home.

Nor is it the place you used to live Before this old war begun. Or the spot you may choose to unlose Your shoes. When the frosts and fuses are done. For home is to you as it is to me. And it isn't spelled as it used to be.

Home, home. Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now it is spelled U-S-A; U-S-A spells home.

For home, from now, is the place we live. And the place where the home folks wait. It's the home we share and it's every-where.

From the Hook to the Golden Gate. Its spelling was once H-o-m-e. But it isn't spelled as it used to be. Home, home. Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now it is spelled U-S-A; U-S-A spells home!

—EDMUND VANCE COOKE.

## THE MAN ABOUT TOWN

My congratulations today to the wife of Edward J. Reavey, a Boston fireman living at 221 E street, South Boston. Tuesday Reavey, who fought in the Spanish war by the way, enlisted in the "Treat 'em Rough" (tank) service of the United States. He considers it preliminary to his being insured a ticket which allows him to move toward and probably into Berlin, in a tank. He is a real patriot for he leaves a wife and six children in South Boston in order to do his bit toward teaching Heinie to be decent.

I understand the selling of real estate in Lowell these days, in common with the situation in many other cities, is a slow process. This is due to the fact that the banks refuse to loan money unless the security be gilt edge, and then some. The various Liberty loans cut in on the banks' business some, but it is to the credit of the banks that they float with the stream rather than trying to battle against the tide. The reason why there are so few sales of homes and other kinds of real estate, so an authority tells me, is because persons who desire to buy often have only two or three hundred dollars to pay down and the sellers do not want to accept so small a payment. With the tax rate in most of the Massachusetts cities as high as it is now, Lowell not excepted, many of the property owners, especially those who have to meet mortgage payments, would rather pay rent.

The health board of the city of Lowell may have thought it was doing something sort of fancy when it gave the Bay State Street railway a good dig under the ribs that it ought to use more care in getting ventilation for its patrons. But to my mind the health board didn't accomplish anything very fancy in this respect. If the health board sharp, who are ad-

mitedly sound in most of their theories and practices, would ride up from Reading or down to Reading in a Bay state car with the windows and vestibules wide open they would conclude that in some cases the company has gone to the other extreme.

The suggestion was made to me, accompanied by the hope that it would be printed in this column, that persons desiring to do their clocks a friendly turn ought to turn the hands forward, hour by hour, allowing the clock to strike the hours, until the clock hands got around to a point one hour earlier than summer time, which would be the new and correct time—winter time in other words.

Sometimes one has to go away from home to get the news. The Whirling Hub, that admirable column of the Boston Traveller, says it thinks Lowell folks may be interested to know that one time Davy Crockett included Lowell in the places he visited, while in Boston in 1833 and, describing it in some correspondence of his, he said that Lowell then had a population of 14,000, and appropriated \$7,500 for free schools, which gave instruction to 3,000 pupils. He also wrote that girls tending looms in the mills earned as much as \$1.75 to \$3 a week after paying for their board and that one lively girl could make about 165 yards of cloth per day. I wish I knew if Davy enjoyed any con hunting while he was in our midst at that time and if the north Middlesex coons showed the same disposition to come down out of the tree when they saw Davy that the Kentucky coons did. I think I ought

to remind the editor of the Whirling Hub column that, it isn't improbable that Lowell in 1833 had full as good a community government as it now is staggering along under.

I. M. Boothby, secretary of the Lowell fuel committee, has sent me a copy of a fuel conservation placard, of which he has ordered a supply of 10,000 to be conspicuously displayed in this city. I think it is a cracklerjack of a placard for this purpose. There is no doubt but that much good can be done if people will stop hurrying long enough to read the placard and take the lessons on fuel saving to heart. The text is signed by James I. Storrow, fuel administrator for New England. The opening paragraph of the propaganda indicates that what is to follow has the punch in it. It reads:

You should save coal because it makes easier the task of keeping warm others less fortunate than you. You must save coal because it will help win the war. This is a war of steel. The government is not getting all the steel it needs by hundreds of thousands of tons a month because our steel furnaces and mills have not coal enough to run to full capacity. Our job is not to pelt the Germans with pills or putty, but with cold steel. Every shovelful of coal saved in your home means one more whack at the Germans and the end of the war brought nearer."



## FOR BOYS' WEAR ALL WOOL

There's no doubt about GOOD clothes being the CHEAPEST in the long run; particularly when they are made as we know our BOYS' CLOTHES to be, designing and tailoring by experts.

## ALL WOOL OVERCOATS

For boys 3 years to 10, Russian and Reefer Overcoats, all new models, half belt or full belt, also the new Military and English box types. These coats are so much more comfortable than other coats for small boys and girls,

\$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and up to \$20

## ALL WOOL OVERCOATS

For boys 9 years to 18, pliable as well as durable fabrics. Perfect counterpart of the overcoats turned out by exclusive tailors for the young man's father. Popular now are Military Ulsterettes and Dress Models, . . . . . \$15, \$18, \$20, \$25

## ALL WOOL SUITS

For boys 3 years to 9, in blue, brown and mode corduroys, blue and green serges, velvets and neat Shepherd checks. From standpoint of style, service, value and assortment, these suits outrank any sold elsewhere. Middy and Junior Norfolk types, \$5, \$6, \$8, \$10 and up to \$20

## ALL WOOL KNICKER SUITS

For boys 8 years to 18. Once you know the quality of our all wool knicker suits, no other quality will satisfy and you will find the prices lower than for good quality elsewhere, \$8, \$10, \$12, \$15.50 and up to \$23

## BOYS' MACKINAWs

9 years to 17, in all the new models and attractive colorings, favorites with every boy who enjoys freedom at play, \$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and up to \$15

**PUTNAM & SON COMPANY**  
166 CENTRAL STREET



**SAVE YOURSELF FROM  
INFLUENZA**

Announcement was made in the message that every man, woman and child in the United States would be

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

On the foregoing petition the Municipal Council will give a hearing in its room, City Hall, Wednesday, November 6, 1918, at ten o'clock a. m.

By order of the Municipal Council.  
STEPHEN FLYNN, Clerk.  
Lowell, October 10, 1918.

"Under your commission to France the work has been carefully organized, facilities have been provided, and effective efforts made to so co-operate with the army as to carry out the determination of the American people, and especially of the members

The Sun prints the news of the world when it is news and only such news as is fit to print. It is a clean family newspaper.

# DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Indorse Votes for Women,  
Welcome Czecho-Slovaks,  
Would Abolish Fish Trust

WORCESTER, Oct. 23.—The democratic platform for the state convention yesterday, went on record in favor of equal suffrage, the first great political party of the state to take that step; welcomed the Czecho-Slovak peoples to the world's democracy; demanded the abolition of the fish trust; the erection of a new fish pier and the establishment of competitive markets for the sale of fish; government control of refrigerator cars and storage warehouses for the state distribution of food supplies; a greater development of the waterways of the state; thorough reform of the transportation facilities of the state and the public ownership and control of public utilities.

The platform for the state campaign which included 14 planks, was read by James H. Vahay, chairman of the committee on resolutions, and adopted without debate or dissenting vote. Other planks in the platform pledged the loyalty of Massachusetts democrats to President Wilson, favored the initiative and referendum, called for the establishment of a basic eight-hour working day and the establishment of old-age pensions and went on record against the lobby, biennial elections and party enrollment.

After the platform had been adopted Mr. Vahay said: "For the first time the republican candidates in this state go before the people without a platform. They are just men running for office. On the other hand, the democratic party presents to the people candidates who stand squarely on a well-thought-out and constructive platform."

Ex-Gov. Walsh, nominee for United States senator gave a dramatic touch to his speech when he called to the platform of the convention an 18-year-old marine, Ralph Bagley of Leominster, one of the heroes of the fight at Chateau Thierry. The boy had his arm in a sling.

"This young hero who fought and suffered for this country is a type of the American lad whom Senator Weeks would deny an education in the colleges of the United States," said the ex-governor, pointing his finger at the marine.

"Senator Weeks voted against the bill which provided that our boys should be given an education at the expense of Uncle Sam, on the ground that it saved too much of paternalism."

The marine squirmed a bit in the political limelight, but there was no doubt of the effectiveness of the illustration, since the convention jumped to its feet and cheered for some minutes.

A Frenchman who has spent 23 years in China says that most of the people of China don't know that a world war is on, and that most of those who do know don't care whether the Germans win or lose.

# Throwing Bombs!



Our boys are showing remarkable proficiency in hurling hand grenades, or bombs. From earliest infancy our boys learn well to "throw ball," and this stands them in good hand in "throwing ball" the Hun. The explosion takes place quickly, scattering pain and destruction—just like an uric-acid explosion within the body. One day a man's all "O. K."—next morning when he tries to get out of bed—Oh, such pain! Pain in the back (lumbago) or hips, shoulders, arms, legs or feet (rheumatism or gout). This rheumatism is the result of an uric-acid explosion within, probably following excessive use of meat—or beer—or over-exertion and over-heating. Swollen hands, ankles and feet are due to a dropsical condition, often caused by disordered kidneys. Naturally when the kidneys are deranged the blood is filled with poisonous uric acid, which settles in the tissues of the feet, ankles, wrists or back as uric salts; or under the eyes in bag-like formations.

It is just as necessary to keep the kidneys acting properly as to keep the bowels active to rid the body of poison.

Uric-acid poisoning and rheumatic pains can be conquered and expelled by taking a little "Anuric." This is the recent discovery of Dr. Pierce, and can be had at all good drug stores. If you want a trial package, send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

# Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Leathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes.

OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire.

WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

# TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.

61 ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.

# REGULAR HABITS NOW. CONSTIPATION - GONE

Mr. Brooks Suffered for Years—Tells How He Got Relief.

"I have tried a great many things for constipation, but the only thing that has been able to relieve me is Milk's Emulsion. I am on my second bottle and have to take very little of it now. My bowels move regularly every morning, which they have not been doing for a number of years. It seems like living again, after suffering so long. I recommended Milk's Emulsion to two of my friends and both say it is the best remedy they ever heard of." Elmer C. Brooks, 329 Washington St., Peoria, Ill.

Constipation weakens the bowel muscles. Salts and purgatives only increase this condition. Milk's Emulsion is a real corrective remedy—one that you can try, under its guaranty, without risking a cent.

Milk's Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milk's Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only solid emulsion made, and so palatable that it is eaten with a spoon like any other truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milk's Emulsion under this guaranty—Take six bottles home with you, use it according to directions and if not cured, the result of your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milk's Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by Fred Howard—Adv.

# DEVASTATION IN FRANCE

Discussed in French Parliament—Demand Chastisement of Barbarous Huns

PARIS, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—(Havas)—The question of the devastation wrought by the Germans in northern France was the topic of a discussion in parliament today.

In the senate Antonin Dubost, president, asked that victory should give all its might to chastisement of the offender and reparation for the crime.

"The enemy will be condemned to reparation for which we will take guarantees, not being able to rely upon his word," said Stephen Pichou, foreign minister. "We are near the end of sacrifices imposed by saying aggression which its authors try to escape responsibility. Their calculations have been upset by President Wilson."

Senators from the liberated regions filed a resolution asking that commis-

# ONE BROTHER DEAD AND ANOTHER INJURED

There is much grief in the family of two brave Lowell fighters, the twin brothers, Thomas F. and James



WAGONER THOMAS ROURKE

Rourke. Wagoner Thomas F. Rourke died a few days ago at Ft. Bliss, El Paso, Tex. He had been a soldier in the regular army of the United States 11 years. He last visited Lowell five years ago but he called Lowell his home and was a member of St. Patrick's parish. He was born in Lowell. The body arrived here from El Paso yesterday.

The other brother was for years a member of the national guard of Rhode Island. He has been in active service in France for over a year. He was wounded in the arm while in



PRIV. JAMES ROURKE

action in June and his relatives here heard from him by means of a letter he wrote from the hospital in July and a letter he wrote Labor day, in France and which was received here two weeks or so ago. He did not say that he was able to rejoin his battery. His sisters and brothers have hoped that he will pull through all right.

The brother, Thomas F., whose body arrived here yesterday, is survived by a brother, Andrew S., employed in the street department of the city, the brother in France and by two sisters, Mrs. Mary Kennedy of New York city and Miss Susan E. Rourke of Brooklyn. A cable was sent to the wounded brother in France telling him the brother who was serving on the Mexican border is dead.

Plans were sent to ascertain the extent of the devastation, which were described as heart-breaking. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

In the chamber of deputies a cordial reception was given to Deputies M. G. Delory and Lagache, who stayed in Lille during the German occupation. Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber, praised their courage, and rendered homage to Deputy Ghesquiere, of Lille, who died a victim of German barbarity for having defended his townpeople.

M. Delory in a speech denouncing the actions of the Germans in forcing the population of Lille to work within the zone of artillery fire, expressed the hope that victory might be the means of liberating Deputy Engela, who was imprisoned by the invaders for his denunciation of their barbarism.

A farmer family of four, living happily on a 10-acre farm near Coe-bucton, O., consists of Henry Johnson, who is 91; his brother, Silas, who is 87; his sister, Mary Anne, who is 84; and a brother-in-law, just passed 79.

# DANGER AFTER SPANISH INFLUENZA OR GRIPPE

How it Can Be Avoided and Treated. Simple Rules to Be Followed. No Occasion for Panic

No need of anyone being afraid of the after effects and slow recovery from Spanish Influenza, hard colds or Grippe, if they will use common sense and start in building up their health and strength the right way.

The main thing is to get the blood rich, red, and pure, so it can carry life-giving oxygen and strength to every part of the body. Impure blood is the cause of so many slow recoveries and set-backs.

Doctors say: "Get the blood right and the rest is easy, that nine-tenths of all sickness is due to lack of iron and phosphates; the healthy strong, vigorous man or woman's blood is always loaded with these two life-giving elements."

Physicians also claim with fresh air and nourishing food nothing equals Phosphated Iron as a blood tonic and health builder. Phosphat-

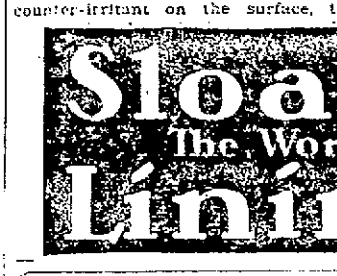
# ONE BROTHER DEAD AND PAINS AND ACHES YIELD QUICKLY TO SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Are you tormented by Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica or any of those aches that require a counter-irritant? Then let the soothing, warming application of Sloan's Liniment stop the pain by drawing the blood away from the congested part.

It is the pressure on the nerves by the blood rushing to the inflamed muscle or joint that makes you ache. So when Sloan's Liniment relieves the swollen blood vessels by setting up a counter-irritant on the surface, the

circulation is equalized, sympathetic nerves all soothed, and soreness or lameness disappears. Sloan's Liniment is probably the counter-irritant most widely used to overcome painful inflammation in cases of neuralgia, sore muscles, wrenched joints, strains, bruises, gout. Rubbing is not required. This clear, clean liquid is easily applied as it does not stain the skin.

Generous size bottles at your druggists. 30c, 60c, \$1.20.



# Letters From Lowell Soldiers

Frederick T. Brown, a former employee of The Sun composing room, is now stationed on the receiving ship at Philadelphia with the United States naval forces. In the following letter to a member of The Sun family he tells of some of his adventures while serving Uncle Sam:

Barracks 235, Receiving Ship Philadelphia, Oct. 3, 1918.

Dear — Thinking you might like to hear from one of the boys in the office, I thought I would drop a few lines to let you know where I am.

I was sent down here from the Curtis plant in Buffalo for later transfer to Base B, France. At Buffalo I received a rating as carpenter's mate, second class. This rating pays \$46.50 a month and extra for foreign service.

A party of 22 of us sailed here and upon arriving found there were a good many cases of Spanish influenza. That was more than three weeks ago. A few days after our arrival we were mustered on a foreign draft on the American line.

The day before we were to sail I was taken sick with the influenza. I had chills and a very high temperature and was put in a ward with a good many other fellows. The cases here increased so fast that there was no more room in the hospitals and the barracks had to be used. My fever went down to normal in a day and in four days I was dismissed and sent to a recreation camp for a week. In the meantime some of the fellows with whom I had come from Buffalo went down with the draft. I was glad to get over my sickness so quickly because there have been a good many deaths here.

Philly has been closed up for over a week now as far as amusements are concerned. In one town near here, with a population of 13,000 and a number of the people are sick with influenza and even the service clubs are being turned into hospitals.

Just now at the end I am waiting for another draft to send me over to France but there is talk of no more going out until the epidemic is over. Down here I have heard it said that there are Jackies in the trenches. I know that there are thousands being sent to France, but perhaps they are just having supplies and unloading ships, but there seems quite a large number for that work. There is some talk of a Siberia expedition in which sailors are doing land fighting against our enemies there and in Russia.

Well, I hope that these few lines and everything going well with you and all the folks at the office.

Your friend,

FREDERICK T. BROWN.

# Wagoner Victor C. Fay

Herbert D. Fay, of 140 Methuen street has received an interesting letter from his son, Victor C. Fay, a wagoner with Co. C, 2nd Corps Artillery Park. Wagoner Fay is now in France and had received four weeks' training at Fort Jackson before sailing overseas:

My Dear Folks:—As you see by the date, this is my birthday. My first in a foreign land and I trust my last, as this country does not appeal to me. There are now more plenty of flowers and mud over here—mud that cannot be compared with anything you have ever seen.

That much sought for "Arm and a half" of Berlin is still at large, therefore I am not on the trail. We are O. K. so far as the weather is concerned. I like to joke about the rain and mud but we are dressed for it. We are in a fashionable standing clock which is older than the hills keeps good time. It strikes the hours. The French clocks strike the half hours and the interval about one minute strikes it all over again. It would be fine to have one in a house where an ardent lover persists in staying into the wee hours of the morning.

In another room we have our table, and open fireplace and a closet for our mess kit. Oh, so I think we are fixed fine. I helped the old lady who owns the house dig potatoes and as fast as she has a fine little garden at her feet that she planted and took care of although she is 60 years old. She grows beans and potatoes. There was no corn and in fact I have not seen much over and over all. The land is very fertile and has plenty of corn.

There are fine roads all over France. I have not seen a poor road here, and although the traffic is heavy the roads show no signs of giving way under the continual strain.

Do not worry about me as I am having the best of health. I am fortunate enough to be with one of the best mechanics that I have ever seen and he uses me fine. I tell him what he wants done and never comes to O. K. the work afterwards.

Love to all,

VICTOR C. FAY.

Under date of Sept. 25th, Wagoner Fay writes again to his folks and some of the interesting extracts from his letter are as follows:

I just got a pair of hip rubber boots and I had enough extra rubber to make a rain coat and rubber blanket. Mail arrives here by spasms but we are pretty fortunate to get it as well as when you consider the amount of it there is to handle.

This is morning and I am still in bed. I had a set-to with rats last night and after heaving every available weapon I could get my hands on, I find I am shy a shoe and about half my mess-kit this morning. Rats apparently are docile creatures over here but they never can become friends of mine.

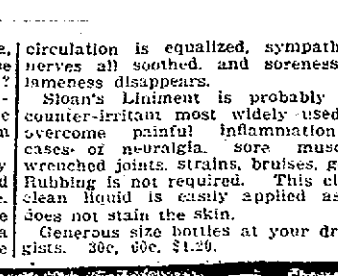
VICTOR.

# Priv. Simon Gordon

Mrs. Bennie Tapper of 65 Liberty street received a letter yesterday from her brother, Simon Gordon, who has been in the thick of the fray "over there" and while Simon's letter is a short one it is very meaty. Simon, who was a member of old Company K, enlisted at the age of 17 and that his heart beats true as a soldier is reflected in his letter to his sister. He has been in a whole lot of big scraps and his letter gives the impression that he is waxing fat on boche bread. Simon has a brother in France, Sergt. Charles Gordon, whom he has not seen in nine years. Charles Gordon is sergeant, first class, and his sister, Mrs. Tapper, also had a letter from him yesterday. He is with the medical supply department and went to France from Camp Funston, Kansas. Simon did guard duty in New Hampshire immediately after his enlistment. Then he went to Camp

# THE LOWELL SUN THURSDAY OCTOBER 24 1918

Use TOWN & COUNTRY PAINT on all exposed wood-work and renew it at frequent intervals; you will not only help to conserve the country's national resources, but you will save money yourself. REGULAR SHADES, gallon \$4.00



Use TOWN & COUNTRY PAINT on all exposed wood-work and renew it at frequent intervals; you will not only help to conserve the country's national resources, but you will save money yourself. REGULAR SHADES, gallon \$4.00

C. B. COBURN CO. Free City Motor Delivery 63 Market Street.

# News From Camp Devens

LIBERTY LOAN SHOWING

The Liberty loan people from Boston visited camp again yesterday. R. W. Bartlett, driven in an automobile by Mrs. Storrow, brought \$52,000 worth of Liberty bonds and took \$35,000 in cash. Incidentally, the Headquarters Trains and Military Police lead any organizations in camp in per capita subscription to the loan. Their total shows that each outfit averaged \$32.27 from each man.

Orders have been issued from here regarding the draftees due on Nov. 1. No liquor is to be sold to any man after he has been called for service by his local board and given either a tag or an armband, marking him as a rookie.

Until he gets his uniform on, this badge or band represents the uniform, and it is unlawful to sell such a man liquor. A watch will be kept for violations. It is also within the power of any local board to search men and take liquor from them before they start for camp.

Seventh Nurse to Die

The seventh nurse to die at this camp since it was established died yesterday. Her name is Florence M. Young and pneumonia caused her death.

The 75d Infantry held evening parade at 5:15 for the first time in the history of the regiment. The officers, including Major General McCain and Brigadier General Hodges, then participated in a social evening of dancing, reception and stunt night at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium.

Nine conscientious objectors have been given a furlough of one year and sent to the Friends' service committee, 20 South 12th street, Philadelphia, for non-combatant service. All pay and allowances are discontinued while this furlough is operative.

The board of instruction now a part of the Lawrence draft board, visited this camp yesterday and made a study of conditions here with a view to applying what they learned in their work among the draftees who will be inducted into the service later. The members who came here were Rev. James T. O'Reilly, Andrew R. Sutherland, James D. Horne and Rev. Donald H. Gerrieh.

Procedure at the Range

To start things off, the gun crews, under Sgt. Major Lovell of the British instructors, demonstrated the rapidly with which they could dismantle and reassemble such a complicated piece of machinery as a Browning machine gun. They showed themselves to be ably trained.

Then came the firing. First the gunners demonstrated what is known as "ranging fire," which is direct fire, the target being visible to the gunners. Then they started traversing fire, and bullets are sprayed back and forth, much in the same manner as one would play a garden hose.

Targets which from a distance look very much like a human being were profusely scattered along the trenches opposite the firing positions. The targets are operated by soldiers who lie concealed under ground and worked them by means of ropes and pulleys.

The "enemy" was made to disappear and reappear by Hubert G. Cox of 48 Adams street, Everett and Albert Wilhelm, a Belgian, whose home is at 22 Leroy street, Dorchester. It was their job to make the targets as hard as possible for the gunners to hit. Then came the enfilading fire, in which whole groups of the "enemy" were mowed down like the proverbial grass. The much-talked-of marksmanship of our men was startlingly evident. The "enemy" was annihilated.

Just to see what it was like, Gen. McCain and most of the officers went into a trench and had the machine guns pour streams of bullets over their heads. It sounded like a large flock of firecrackers being set off in the air.

Then Lieut. Howard K. Ditt demonstrated with a one-pound cannon, the little weapon that makes mince meat of machine-gun nests. A distant nest was bracketed and then the little spit-fire poured shells into it until it was no more.

This is German paper and envelopes that I am using. I also got one German bakery that was left in a hurry and we had all kinds of boche bread. Simon then concludes his letter with some personal items and sends kind regards to all his friends. He is a member of the Y.M.C.A. He graduated from the Lincoln school and attended the Lowell evening high school. He was employed at the Billerica car shops when he enlisted. He is with Headquarters Company, 101st U.S.A., A.E.F.

Sept. 17, 1918.

Dear Sister:—

Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive and kicking around in the best of health. I just got two letters of August 21 and 22 from you and Bessie. We are now plenty of flowers and mud over here—mud that cannot be compared with anything you have ever seen.

That much sought for "Arm and a half" of Berlin is still at large, therefore I am not on the trail. We are O. K. so far as the weather is concerned. I like to joke about the rain and mud but we are dressed for it. We are in a fashionable standing clock which is older than the hills keeps good time. It strikes the hours. The French clocks strike the half hours and the interval about one minute strikes it all over again. It would be fine to have one in a house where an ardent lover persists in staying into the wee hours of the morning.

In another room we have our table, and open fireplace and a closet for our mess kit. Oh, so I think we are fixed fine. I helped the old lady who owns the house dig potatoes and as fast as she has a fine little garden at her feet that she planted and took care of although she is 60 years old. She grows beans and potatoes. There was no corn and in fact I have not seen much over and over all. The land is very fertile and has plenty of corn.

There are fine roads all over France. I have not seen a poor road here, and although the traffic is heavy the roads show no signs of giving way under the continual strain.

Do not worry about me as I am having the best of health. I am fortunate enough to be with one of the best mechanics that I have ever seen and he uses me fine. I tell him what he wants done and never comes to O. K. the work afterwards.

Love to all,

VICTOR C. FAY.

# SAYS DEMOCRATIZATION OF GERMANY SPREADING

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 24.—The democratization of Germany is spreading through the federal states, according to a despatch to the Berlinische Tidende, from Berlin.

At a meeting of the crown council at Dresden yesterday, the question of asking socialists to join the government, was considered. The Baden government met at Karlsruhe to consider the abolition of the three-class franchise system and the introduction of the proportional franchise. Wurttemberg also is said to be considering whether that government's representatives in the federal council shall not henceforth receive instructions directed through the representative elected by the people rather than from the Wurttemberg government. The democratization of the first chamber there is also being considered.

# THE LOWELL SUN THURSDAY OCTOBER 24 1918

Use TOWN & COUNTRY PAINT on all exposed wood-work and renew it at frequent intervals; you will not only help to conserve the country's national resources, but you will save money yourself. REGULAR SHADES, gallon \$4.00



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C. B. COBURN CO. Free City Motor Delivery 63 Market Street.

# News From Camp Devens

LIBERTY LOAN SHOWING

The Liberty loan people from Boston visited camp again yesterday. R. W. Bartlett, driven in an automobile by Mrs. Storrow, brought \$52,000 worth of Liberty bonds and took \$35,000 in cash. Incidentally, the Headquarters Trains and Military Police lead any organizations in camp in per capita subscription to the loan. Their total shows that each outfit averaged \$32.27 from each man.

Orders have been issued from here regarding the draftees due on Nov. 1. No liquor is to be sold to any man after he has been called for service by his local board and given either a tag or an armband, marking him as a rookie.

Until he gets his uniform on, this badge or band represents the uniform, and it is unlawful to sell such a man liquor. A watch will be kept for violations. It is also within the power of any local board to search men and take liquor from them before they start for camp.

Seventh Nurse to Die

The seventh nurse to die at this camp since it was established died yesterday. Her name is Florence M. Young and pneumonia caused her death.

The 75d Infantry held evening parade at 5:15 for the first time in the history of the regiment. The officers, including Major General McCain and Brigadier General Hodges, then participated in a social evening of dancing, reception and stunt night at the Y.M.C.A. auditorium.

Nine conscientious objectors have been given a furlough of one year and sent to the Friends' service committee, 20 South 12th street, Philadelphia, for non-combatant service. All pay and allowances are discontinued while this furlough is operative.

The board of instruction now a part of the Lawrence draft board, visited this camp yesterday and made a study of conditions here with a view to applying what they learned in their work among the draftees who will be inducted into the service later. The members who came here were Rev. James T. O'Reilly, Andrew R. Sutherland, James D. Horne and Rev. Donald H. Gerrieh.

Procedure at the Range

To start things off, the gun crews, under Sgt. Major Lovell of the British instructors, demonstrated the rapidly with which they could dismantle and reassemble such a complicated piece of machinery as a Browning machine gun. They showed themselves to be ably trained.

Then came the firing. First the gunners demonstrated what is known as "ranging fire," which is direct fire, the target being visible to the gunners. Then they started traversing fire, and bullets are sprayed back and forth, much in the same manner as one would play a garden hose.

Targets which from a distance look very much like a human being were profusely scattered along the trenches opposite the firing positions. The targets are operated by soldiers who lie concealed under ground and worked them by means of ropes and pulleys.

The "enemy" was made to disappear and reappear by Hubert G. Cox of 48 Adams street, Everett and Albert Wilhelm, a Belgian, whose home is at 22 Leroy street, Dorchester. It was their job to make the targets as hard as possible for the gunners to hit. Then came the enfilading fire, in which whole groups of the "enemy" were mowed down like the proverbial grass. The much-talked-of marksmanship of our men was startlingly evident. The "enemy" was annihilated.

Just to see what it was like, Gen. McCain and most of the officers went into a trench and had the machine guns pour streams of bullets over their heads. It sounded like a large flock of firecrackers being set off in the air.

Then Lieut. Howard K. Ditt demonstrated with a one-pound cannon, the little weapon that makes mince meat of machine-gun nests. A distant nest was bracketed and then the little spit-fire poured shells into it until it was no more.

This is German paper and envelopes that I am using. I also got one German bakery that was left in a hurry and we had all kinds of boche bread. Simon then concludes his letter with some personal items and sends kind regards to all his friends. He is a member of the Y.M.C.A. He graduated from the Lincoln school and attended the Lowell evening high school. He was employed at the Billerica car shops when he enlisted. He is with Headquarters Company, 101st U.S.A., A.E.F.

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# SAYS DEMOCRATIZATION OF GERMANY SPREADING

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## Influenza Epidemic

Continued

Inspection of six local theatres by the board of health yesterday. A final inspection of all the theatres will be made Saturday morning. On the whole, conditions were found good in the larger houses, but there will have to be cleaning done in some of the smaller ones before they will be allowed to open, regardless of when the influenza ban is lifted.

The epidemic situation today seemed as bright as it has been for several weeks. Up to noon only 25 cases had been reported and not a single death. This latter fact is significant in that it is the first time that no deaths have been reported since the epidemic got under way.

No action on the lifting of the ban was taken today and, in fact, the matter was not even discussed at this morning's meeting. The impression would be off Monday will exist today and was strengthened by the comparatively small number of new cases reported.

Another encouraging development was the report from the isolation hospital which showed that during the 24 hours preceding 8 o'clock this morning only two new patients had been admitted, while eight had been discharged.

## Meeting in Detail

This morning's meeting of the board of health was called at 10.30 with all members present. Dr. Brunelle said that the board had made an inspection of a number of the local theatres yesterday and that Dr. Carroll had a report to make. Dr. Carroll reported as follows:

Royal theatre closed; no inspection. Jewel theatre: Three toilets in bad condition, carpet should be replaced as it is dangerous to patrons.

Nervine Square theatre: Floors well oiled and theatre in first class condition except for soiled wash bowl in ladies' toilet. Manager Walter J. Nelson, who was present at the meeting, explained that this was merely surface accumulations which had come

about while the theatre had been closed. Kelly's theatre: "Everything up to snuff." Signs forbidding spitting should be placed on stage as several places were found where there had been expectorating.

Strand theatre: In excellent condition.

Owl theatre: Quite dirty; all toilets needed cleaning.

Crown theatre: Closed; no inspection.

Opera House: Toilets should be ventilated and general clean-up needed. "No-spitting" signs should be placed on stage.

Dr. Carroll added that Commissioner Warnock of the public property department accompanied the board on its tour of inspection.

Dr. Brunelle said that another thing which was noticed was candy and gum tracked in on the floors of some of the theatres and in some instances stuck to the seats. He said that the practice of eating in theatres should be stopped.

## Continuous Performances

Dr. Carroll said some of the theatres have been in the habit of holding continuous performances from 1.30 in the afternoon until 10 o'clock or later in the evening. He was of the opinion that it would be much safer for the public to have one performance in the afternoon and then have the theatre thrown open wide so that it might be thoroughly ventilated before the evening performance.

Manager Nelson of the Merrimack Square theatre, one of the houses holding continuous performances, said that the performances were from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 10 in the evening. Dr. Carroll maintained that such performances, in his opinion, were dangerous to the public health.

Manager Nelson wanted to know how long the ban on such performances would continue, if it were put on.

"Until danger from the epidemic has entirely passed," Dr. Carroll replied, "probably a month or two."

Manager Nelson said that if continuous performances were stopped, there would result a big disappointment to many patrons who are in the custom of going to the theatre during the late afternoon and early evening hours.

Dr. Brunelle said that when the ban is lifted many of the theatres will have to get a move on and clean up and if they do not come up to the mark, they will be compelled to remain closed.

"We are looking at this question from a health standpoint, not a money standpoint," he continued. "If there is no general clean-up of the theatres will not open. Those which have not yet been inspected will not be allowed to open until they have been inspected."

Commissioner Warnock said that it seemed rather hard for the first class theatres to be condemned because of some of the others.

It was later decided that the board should make a final inspection of all the local theatres Saturday morning in company with Commissioner Warnock.

Dr. Carroll asked Manager Nelson how often his theatre was swept out and Mr. Nelson replied: "Every day."

Adjourned at 10.15 until Friday morning at 10 o'clock.

## AGRICULTURAL DRAFT ADVISERS NAMED

The department of agriculture has named the following members to act with the respective draft boards of

SALE STARTS FR. DAY  
9.30 A. M.



\$39.75 COATS

—AT—

\$25.00

\$75.00 COATS

—AT—

\$55.00

\$49.75 COATS

—AT—

\$35.00

\$85.00 COATS

—AT—

\$67.50

## Wilson Ultimatum

Continued

erents is awaited with scarcely less interest than is the effect of the note on the German people, who plainly are told that the United States cannot discuss peace with those who hitherto have been masters of Germany policy because the nations of the world do not and cannot trust them. If these military masters and monarchial autocrats must be dealt with now or in the future, the president says, the United States and the allies can demand nothing but surrender.

## Request Sent to Allies

In notifying Germany that its request has been transmitted to the allies, the president says he has suggested to them that if they are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles now accepted by the present German authorities, their military advisers and those of the United States be asked, if they deem an armistice possible from a military point of view, to submit terms of an armistice that will insure the associated governments unrestricted power to enforce peace upon the conditions accepted by Germany.

In the view of military observers here, such terms would include occupation of strategic points in Germany; demobilization of the German armies; the turning over of the German navy and the removal of the means of equipping military and naval forces.

In transmitting the matter to the allies the president says he has suggested that if they are disposed to effect peace on his terms and principles now accepted by the present German authorities, the American and allied military advisers be asked if they deem such an armistice possible from a military point of view to submit such terms as will fully protect the interests of the people involved and ensure in the associated governments the unrestricted power to enforce peace on the conditions accepted.

## Ignores German Protests

The president says he feels he cannot

To the Women and Misses of Lowell and Surrounding Towns

CHERRY & WEBB ANNOUNCE

450 BEAUTIFUL GARMENTS

In sizes ranging from 14 to 48, the balance of our order placed in the spring, together with 100 sample coats. The big coat event of the season.

Maintaining the high qualities such as Cherry & Webb show and still offer price concessions that cannot be matched elsewhere.

MANY OF THESE COATS ARE THE HARD-TO-GET SALESMAN'S SAMPLES. EXCLUSIVE COATS AT NO EXTRA PRICES.

Many of these coats are made from short lengths, one and two coats of a style. If bought in the regular way, the prices would be impossible.

## The MATERIALS

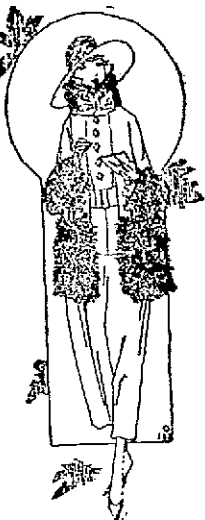
Pom Poms  
Silvertones  
Wool Velours  
Fancy Wool  
Mixtures  
Chiffon  
Broadcloths

## FEATURES OF THE VARIOUS MODELS

High class, full flaring, novelty belts, collars and cuffs; in many cases beautifully trimmed with fur. Coats for street and auto wear.

## COLORS—

BURGUNDY  
AFRICAN BROWN  
REINDEER  
TAUPE  
BISON  
PEKIN BLUE  
RUSSIAN GREEN



CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET

P. S.—DURING THIS COAT SALE, 300 SUITS SELLING TO \$45.00 at....\$25 AND \$35



## Catarrh Distorts Facial Expression

Spreads the Nose, Blurs the Eyes, Puffs the Face, Dries the Lips. How to Get Rid of Catarrh

## TRY THIS HOME TREATMENT FREE

Catarrh not only makes one feel miserable, it shows its effect in the features, and it usually grows worse. But thanks to a remarkable home treatment, there is recovery in store for every sufferer by the remarkable Gauss self home treatment, which you can try free in your own home.

An excessive secretion from the nostrils is an unsightly misery. A breath tainted with the odor of catarrh is an offense against all health and decency. A stomach filled with droppings from diseased nasal cavities may cause untold misery, and ruins the complexion. The nostrils clogged with strings ofropy mucus indicates a body literally reeking with catarrh, causing pimples, blotches and other skin eruptions.

## It Is Perfectly Wonderful the Way Gauss Treatment Drives Away Catarrh

The blood, swarming with millions of catarrh germs, entails upon the kidneys a labor that may break them down; the lungs and bronchial tubes, scourged by the destructive influence of systematic catarrh, can lead to anemia and the most serious consequences.

So why continue with all this misery? Send your name and address today for a free trial of Mr. Gauss' famous Gauss Self Home Treatment, E. Gauss, 5949 Main Street, Marshall, Mich. It will not cost you a penny to try it, and it surely will astonish you with its wonderful effect. Fill out coupon and mail it today.

FREE This coupon is good for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED CATARRH TREATMENT, sent free by mail. Simply fill in your name and address on dotted lines below, and mail to E. GAUSS, 5949 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

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R. F. D. ....

City .....

State .....

## Notice to the Public

The Hub Dry Goods Co., under the name of Lowell's Newest and Progressive Dry Goods Store, is located at 113 Gorham St., next door to the Co-operative Grocery Store. Our motto—Best merchandise at the lowest possible prices.

EDUCATOR SHOES for boys and girls .....\$2.75

LADIES' BUNGALOW APRONS, \$1.25 value, 79¢

LADIES' WINTER SHIRTS AND PANTS, 75c value, 59¢

LADIES' SILK STOCKINGS, 40 Dozen .....35¢

BOYS' CORDUROY SUITS, \$6.00 value .....\$3.59

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, \$1.00 value .....65¢

CHILDREN'S DRESSES, \$1.79 value .....\$1.25

CHILDREN'S STOCKINGS, 35c value .....25¢

MEN'S BLUE WORK SHIRTS, \$1.25 value, 75¢

MEN'S BLUE OVERALLS, Union Made .....\$1.75

We carry a full and complete line of Furnishings for Men, Women and Children. Bates Street Shirts and Shoes for the whole family. Every pair guaranteed.

HUB DRY GOODS CO.

113 GORHAM STREET

LOWELL, MASS.

We are a little out of the way, but it will pay you to walk.

## A CLEAR COMPLEXION

Ruddy Cheeks—Sparkling Eyes—Most Women Can Have

Says Dr. Edwards, a Well-Known Ohio Physician

Dr. F. M. Edwards for 17 years treated scores of women for liver and bowel ailments. During these years he gave to his patients a prescription made of a few well-known vegetable ingredients mixed with olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. You will know them by their olive color.

These tablets are wonder-workers on the liver and bowels, which cause a normal action, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter in one's system.

If you have a pale face, sallow look, dull eyes, pimples, coated tongue, headaches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out of sorts, inactive bowels, you take one of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets nightly for a time and note the pleasing results.

Thousands of women as well as men take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets—the successful substitute for calomel—now and then just to keep in the pink of condition, 10c and 25c per box. All druggists.

## BLISS NATIVE HERB TABLETS

A RUN DOWN SYSTEM is like a run down clock. Unless tuned up it is of little use. If you are run down from overwork, don't neglect your condition. Get a box of Bliss Native Herb Tablets, take one or two at bedtime, and you will note an immediate improvement. For over thirty years they have proved a wonderful aid to men, women and children in maintaining health and vigor. George Grindstaff, Boxville, Tenn., writes: "I was all run down in health, and it seemed nothing would help me. I was induced to try Bliss Native Herb Tablets. I am thankful for this wonderful remedy, because I am enjoying good health." Don't delay taking Bliss Native Herb Tablets. There is nothing to equal them for removing the cause of constipation, liver and kidney trouble, sick headache, rheumatism or disordered stomach. They stimulate the liver, purify the blood and tone up the system; also improve the appetite. Get the genuine. Look for the trade mark and money back guaranteed on every box. Price \$1.00 per box of 200 tablets. Sold by leading druggists and local agents everywhere.

He reminds the Germans that the power of the King of Prussia (the kaiser) to control the policies of the empire is unimpaired and conclude with the warning that if this power is to be dealt with the United States and the allies can demand nothing but surrender.

Full text of Pres. Wilson's reply on last page.

## SENATORS APPROVE PRESIDENT'S REPLY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The president's answer to Germany struck a popular chord here tonight. It is considered clear cut and positive without being harsh.

Leaders of Congress interpret it to mean that the president will come to no agreement with the War Lords of Germany, and that any armistice must be based on terms submitted by Gen. Foch.

Many members of the senate and house would have had the president break off conversation with the German leaders and shut the door to any peace plan short of a surrender in their faces, but the more conservative congressmen believe that he did right in holding out a promise to the German people.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, leader of the minority in the senate, says: "The president in his last sentence that if we must deal with the military masters and autocrats of Germany, we must demand 'not peace negotiations, but surrender.' With this I am in full accord, as I was with the president's statement of Sept. 27."

"In the first paragraph the president says that as the present German government, which, as all the world knows, is controlled by the kaiser and the military party, represents through its ministers 'the majority of the German people,' he feels that he cannot decline to take up with the Allied governments the question of an armistice. For the German government described in the last paragraph and that described in the last sentence are one and the same."

"My own view is a very simple one. There is no German government in existence with which I would discuss anything."

Other senatorial opinions follow: Senator Fletcher of Florida: "The president has been right from the beginning and his response to Germany will be applauded by the nation."

## PRICE OF GAS FIXED AT \$1 IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—The board of gas and electric light commissioners, with the dissent of Commissioner Lewenberg, has granted the petition of the Boston Consolidated Gas company fixing the standard price for gas to consumers under the Boston sliding scale system at \$1 per 1000 cubic feet, instead of 90 cents as heretofore.

This means, it is explained, that the company may pay higher dividends, with an attendant higher price for gas, than was the case in the past, and that there is an immediate likelihood of an increase in price to the consumer. The standard has been: 50-cent gas, 7 per cent. dividend; 55-cent gas, 6 per cent. dividend, and 60-cent gas, 5 per cent. dividend. Under the \$1 standard plan the dividend will be 7 per cent. at \$1, with an increase of 1 per cent. for each 5-cent decrease in gas or 1 per cent. for each 5-cent increase in gas above the \$1 standard. In effect, the company may now pay 2 per cent. higher dividend while charging 10 cents more for gas.

## PRIESTS TRANSFERRED BY CARDINAL O'CONNELL

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—Six priests of the Boston diocese, nearly all pastors, have been transferred by Cardinal O'Connell, the changes to go into effect at once. The appointment of a pastor to succeed the late Rev. Peter S. Quinn at St. Paul's church, Dorchester, necessitated several other changes and two transfers are brought about by the changing of Rev. Mark B. Madden from the pastorate of St. Philip's church, South End, to an out-of-town parish. Fr. Madden was, a few months ago, changed from Hough's Neck to the city, where time he has not been in the best of health.

The appointment of Rev. John J. Farrell, pastor of St. John's church, Canton, to the pastorate of St. Paul's church, Dorchester, brings into the city one of the best known priests of the diocese. For a number of years

**Franklin Machine Company**

Engineers—Founders—Machinists

Manufacturers of HARRIS-COLLINS ENGINE. Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.

Large stock always on hand. General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

## GET RID OF YOUR FAT

Thousands of others have gotten rid of theirs WITHOUT DIETING OR EXERCISING often at the rate of over a pound a day and WITHOUT PAYMENT until reduction has taken place.

I am a licensed practicing physician and personally select the treatment for each individual case, thus enabling me to choose remedies that will produce not only a loss of weight harmlessly, but which will also relieve you of all the troublesome symptoms of over-stress such as shortness of breath, palpitation, indigestion, rheumatism, gout, asthma, kidney trouble and various other afflictions which often accompany over-stress.

My treatment will relieve that depressed, tired, sleepy feeling, giving you renewed energy and vigor, a result of the loss of your superfluous fat.

You are not required to change in the slightest from your regular mode of living. There is no dieting or exercising. It is simple, easy and pleasant to take.

If you are over-stressed do not postpone but sit down right now and send for my FREE TRIAL TREATMENT and my plan whereby I am to be PAID ONLY AFTER REDUCTION HAS TAKEN PLACE if you so desire.

DR. R. NEWMAN, Licensed Physician State of New York  
286 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. Desk M-335

STORE OPEN THURSDAY and FRIDAY

SPECIAL THURSDAY ALL DAY

**Fairbairn's Market**

12-14 Merrimack Sq. Tel. 788  
On the Square Where You Get Your Car

Interested in good, fresh, wholesome, firm, FISH. We carry nothing but the best.

Haddock, Shore Cleaned, lb. 10¢  
Salmon, Fresh, Columbia River, Hard, Firm, lb. 30¢  
Herring, Large Cape, 3 lbs. 29¢  
Mackerel, Fresh, Medium Sizes, lb. 27¢  
PINKN HADDIE, Fresh Smoked, lb. 15¢  
HALIBUT, Fancy Eastern, lb. 33¢  
FLOUNDERS, Fresh, Black Backs, lb. 12-14¢  
SALMON, Blood Red, Salt, lb. 21¢  
BLUEFISH, Boston, Shred, lb. 15¢  
SEACREST SARDINES, Large Box, each 19¢

OYSTERS and CLAMS

SANITARY FISH DEPT.—COME IN TODAY

## Tells How to Stop a Bad Cough

Surprising results from this famous old home-made syrup. Easily prepared and costs little.

If you have a severe cough or chest cold accompanied with soreness, throat tickle, hoarseness, or difficult breathing, or if your child wakes up during the night with cough and you want quick help, try this reliable old home-made cough remedy. Any druggist can supply you with 25c ounces of Pinex. Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Or you can use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup. Instead of sugar syrup, if desired, this recipe makes a pint of really remarkable cough remedy. It tastes good, and in spite of its low cost, it can be depended upon to give quick and lasting relief.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. It loosens and raises the phlegm, stops throat tickle and soothes and heals the irritated membranes that line the throat and bronchial tubes with such promptness, ease and certainty that it is really astonishing.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is probably the best known means of overcoming severe coughs, throat and chest colds.

There are many worthless imitations of this mixture. To avoid disappointment, ask for "25c ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction, or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Fr. Farrell was attached to St. Paul's church, in Cambridge, where he was spiritual director of the Catholic Club of Harvard University.

He has done remarkable work in up-building the Canton parish and has been held in the highest esteem by people of all religious beliefs in that vicinity. In going to Dorchester Fr. Farrell will take up the work contemplated by the late Fr. Quinn. It is thought a new church will eventually be constructed for that rapidly growing parish.

In succession to Fr. Farrell at Canton parish Rev. Mark B. Madden of St. Philip's church in this city has been named. Fr. Madden was for years senior curate at St. Thomas church, Jamaica Plain, and was then made pastor of the parish at Hough's Neck. He had a new parish house and church erected there, the church having been dedicated during the past summer, and in appreciation of his labors he was promoted to St. Philip's church in this city. Going to the Canton parish he will have the benefit of country air in his effort to regain his health.

To St. Philip's church in the South End the cardinal has transferred Mr. Edward F. Hurley, pastor of St. Bridget's church, Lexington.

Rev. John F. Kelleher, pastor of Sacred Heart church, Groton, for a few years, has been advanced to administrator of St. Bridget's parish in Lexington, succeeding Mr. Hurley. Rev. William J. Reardon, senior curate at St. Columbkille's parish, Brighton, and

very well known there for nearly 15 years, will be the administrator of Sacred Heart parish, Groton.

Rev. Louis F. Kelleher, an assistant at St. Thomas parish, Jamaica Plain, has been assigned to the faculty of St. John's Ecclesiastical Seminary in Brighton.

## ANARCHISTS ARE GUILTY

Counsel Tried to Have Verdict Set Aside—"No Time for Soap-box Oratory"

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Five of the six Russians who have been on trial in federal court on charges of having violated the espionage act were found guilty by the jury after an hour's deliberation last night. The defendants, all avowed anarchists, tried vainly to introduce evidence designed to discredit the Russian revelations concerning German and Bolshevik duplicity in Russia.

Those convicted were Mollie Steimer, Sam Lipman, Jacob Abrams, Hyman Lachowsky, and Hyman Rosovsky. The sixth defendant, Gabriel Broder, was acquitted.

Immediately after the verdict was announced, counsel for the Russians was on his feet asking that it be set aside. Judge Clayton denied the motion, reminding the attorney that it was no time to question a decision which "occupied the attention of the whole world."

"This is no time for soap-box oratory," the judge declared. "Sit down. Your clients have been convicted. That's all."

## SAYS PRES. WILSON MUST BE SUPREME ARBITER

ROME, Wednesday, Oct. 24.—All the newspapers here carry columns of comment about President Wilson's reply to Austria. The Epoch says that "President Wilson must be the supreme arbiter between the allies and their enemies," adding that America, being entirely disinterested if an armistice should be concluded, can be considered almost outside of the conflict and thus best adapted for harmonizing "interests among the allies and for imposing conditions upon the enemy in accordance with the fundamental principles of a reorganized world."

## MINISTRY OF THE UKRAINE RESIGNS

LONDON, Oct. 24.—The British Wireless Press says the entire Ukrainian ministry has resigned.

## MORE THAN MILLION OVER OUR QUOTA

Lowell subscribed \$3,143,600 in the Fighting Fourth Liberty loan campaign which closed last Saturday, according to a final report filed last night with the state loan committee. The city's quota was \$6,882,500. There were 22,732 subscribers.

North Middlesex county subscribed a total of \$11,631,650 with an original quota of only \$9,313,600. There were 32,351 subscribers in the district.

The following tabulation shows just what the local banks did to put the loan across:

Bank	Amount
Union National	\$3,190,900
Appleton National	2,043,450
Lowell Trust	800,000
Old Lowell Bank	675,000
Middlesex Trust	495,300
Wanamit National	125,000
City Institution for Savings	600,000
Lowell Institution for Savings	400,000
Central Savings	400,000
Merrimack River Savings	187,550
Lowell Sav. Bank	175,000
Washington Savings Inst.	175,000
Mechanics Savings	150,000
Lowell Morris Plan	81,650
Boston credits due	275,250
Boston credits due	150,000
Grand totals	\$10,136,700
Deduct duplications	1,107,450
Net grand total	\$ 9,029,250
Deduct town credits	\$85,650
Net Lowell totals	\$ 8,943,600

## LEO BOUDREAU HURT IN AUTO ACCIDENT

Leo M. Boudreau, son of Mrs. M. Boudreau of Church street, North Chelmsford, is at St. John's hospital, suffering from a fracture of the right thigh bone and numerous lacerations about the face as a result of an automobile accident, which occurred last evening on the Lawrence road. It seems that Leo took out his brother's machine and with a friend named Frank J. Welch went to Lawrence for a ride. When a point was reached near Glen Forest another machine came along and in order to avoid a collision, Welch, who was at the wheel, drove the car against a telegraph pole. The automobile was badly wrecked and Boudreau was injured, while Welch escaped without a scratch. The injured man was removed to St. John's hospital by Alfred Lachance of Lawrence.

## DRIVER INJURED AND AUTO WRECKED

Karl M. Perham of Chelmsford was painfully injured and his automobile was wrecked yesterday when the auto was struck by an electric car in Chelmsford Centre. The accident occurred at a point known as the "Shut-way" near the Westlands, the auto being struck by the car while it was crossing the "Shut-way." Mr. Perham was removed to St. John's hospital by Arnold C. Perham, who was passing at the time and at the institution it was found that he was suffering from cuts about the shoulders, body, face and hands. After receiving treatment at the hospital Mr. Perham was removed to his home.

## MAJ. EMERY FREED BY THE GERMANS

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 24.—Major Henry Crosby Emery, Russian representative of the Guaranty Trust company of New York, who was made a prisoner by the Germans on the Aland Islands last March, has been released from imprisonment in Germany, and arrived in Copenhagen Tuesday night.

Major Emery was formerly a professor at Yale and a member of the tariff commission appointed by Pres-

## RED BLOODED MEN WIN OUT

They Are Always on Top In Every Walk of Life

It is a fact that red blooded men and women are at the top in every walk of life. Men and women with the driving force of red blood, rich in iron and phosphates do things, they get results.

Red blooded women are the heads of the happiest and most contented homes. They have the will and the desire to be real companions and helpmates.

Leadership and happiness is only for the men and women who are willing to keep their blood and nerves strengthened and nourished with iron and phosphates.

A prominent doctor says, "It is a crime that so many men and women lack the rich, red blood and strong steady nerve to achieve their ambitions. It is all the more so because this, watery blood is unnecessary, as rich, red blood and strong nerves are within the grasp of everyone. Phosphated Iron makes pure blood by making new blood. It gives strength, brings color to the cheeks, increases the weight and appetite, drives away the blues and those sleepless nights, steadies and renews your nervous energy, makes you feel like a live one once again."

There must be something to it. Everyone who tries it is loud in praise of Phosphated Iron and you have got to show people these days.

To insure physicians and their patients receiving the genuine Phosphated Iron it has been put up in capsules only. Do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, the Druggist, Lowell Pharmacy, and leading druggists everywhere.

dent Taft. He went to Petrograd in September, 1916, to represent the Guaranty Trust company, and was married there in July, 1917.

With Mrs. Emery and a number of other neutrals he was travelling from Russia to Sweden by way of the Aland Islands last March, when arrested by the Germans.

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

NEW MEXICO BOKE DRY

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 24.—The "bone dry" constitutional amendment, adopted by the people of New Mexico nearly a year ago, administered the knockout to the liquor industry in this state at midnight on Oct. 1.

Prohibition closed the doors of fewer than 20 saloons in Albuquerque and one brewery—the only one in New Mexico. At the same time the city had 47 saloons and then it was only an infant city of 4700 population.

## SUFFRAGISTS LOSE BANNERS AT CAPITOL

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Two militants of the National Woman's party were arrested yesterday when they attempted to picket the capitol in protest against the defeat of the suffrage amendment.

They were detained for an hour and then released. Later they again attempted to carry banners up the steps of the senate wing of the capitol, but the banners were torn from them by the police.

New banners arrived late in the day, and the pickets again took up their station. Immediately three of the banner bearers were arrested by the police and detained for a short time in the guard room of the capitol.

## CHANCE TO ENLIST WITH GAS HOUNDS

How would you like to be a "gas hound?"

A "gas hound," kind sir, is a member of the U. S. Motor Transport corps, the organization that keeps our armies supplied in France with the hundred and one things they need, from cannon powder to tooth powder. You've got to be a "regular guy" to get into this select canine circle, but there are

## Don't Suffer From Piles

Sample Package of the Famous Pyramid Pile Treatment Now Offered Free to Prove What It Will Do for You.

Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids.



Pyramid is Certainly Fine and Works Such Wonders So Quickly.

and such rectal troubles, in the privacy of your home. 60 cents a box at all druggists. Take no substitutes. A single box often is sufficient. Free sample for trial with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID PILE TREATMENT

Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment, in plain wrapper.

Name.....

Street.....

City.....State.....

## GENUINE Aspirin Tablets

Each Tablet Stamped ASPIRIN.

Boxes of 12 .....15c  
Bottles of 24 .....25c  
Bottles of 100 .....50c

QUALITY GUARANTEED

Howard The Druggist, 197 Central St.

## COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE REQUESTS EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

## Specials for Friday, Saturday, Monday

October 25, 26, 28, at

## THE LIVE STORE OSTROFF'S THE LIVE STORE

Low prices will prevail with us. Reason: Just a little off the high rent district.

## MILLINERY SWEATERS

Manufacturer's stock of ladies', misses' and children's hats. Samples, and all bought at a very low price.

One lot of Ladies' Silk Velvet Hats, all shapes and colors, \$5.00 and \$6.00 value, at \$2.89. No two hats alike.

Children's Tams from 49c up.

One lot of Misses' and Children's Velour Hats, \$5.00 and \$6.00 value for \$2.89.

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## FLANNELS

Ladies' Flannel Gowns, neatly trimmed, high and low necks, extra heavy flannel, full sizes, \$2.50 value, for \$1.50

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.00 value, 69¢

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.50 value, 98¢

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Petticoats, \$1.00 value, 69¢

Infants' White Flannelette Petticoats, 50c value for \$1.7¢

Misses' and Children's Night Robes and Pajamas, \$1.50 and \$2.00 value, for 98¢ and \$1.25

Men's Heavy Flannel Night Shirts, very good quality, \$2.50 value for \$1.50

Men's Heavy Flannel Pajamas, \$3.00 value for \$1.98

Men's Flannel Shirts, very large variety to choose from \$1.25 Up

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## UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Union Suits, very heavy jersey ribbed fleeced, \$2.50 value, for \$1.25

Men's Heavy Fleeced Lined Underwear, \$1.50 value, for 98¢

Men's Blue Chambray Shirts, old dye, \$1.50 value, for 98¢

Men's Genuine Blue Old Dye Union Made Overalls at low prices.

Other items too numerous to mention.

## MAKING UP LOST TIME IN THE SCHOOLS

As yet no definite plans for making up the time lost in the local schools during the present epidemic have been made. Richard Brabrook Walsh, chairman of the school committee, stated today. The matter is being considered by the committee and any feasible methods suggested will be given consideration.

Various plans have been decided upon in the surrounding cities and towns in regard to this matter. Some cities are in favor of eliminating the vacation periods for the remainder of the season, with the exception of Christmas. Others are considering the advisability of holding Saturday sessions, while another plan being considered is the shortening of the luncheon period in the middle of the day.

Mr. Walsh said that the teachers will not forfeit any of their salary by reason of their enforced idleness. The entire force have held themselves in readiness throughout the past month, and he therefore sees no reason for withholding their salaries for that period.

"The schools are ready to open the moment the ban is lifted," the chairman continued "and at this time I feel that something should be said in regard to the Morley school in the Highlands. The problem of accommodating the children of this section is becoming serious, for the reason that the Morley and Washington schools are both overcrowded. The normal capacities of the rooms in these schools is 40 pupils, and at present every room is averaging 50, and in some instances 60 children.

"In each of these schools it has become necessary to put two classes in the hall of the building in order to accommodate the increasing number of pupils. This would be a serious handicap in case of fire, and it seems to me that the city officials should do something to provide safe and sanitary arrangements to accommodate our

men, organizers and technical men.

The slogan of the corps is: "A commission in every tool bag if you can get it out." Owing to the demand for men there is every chance of getting a commission quickly and another appealing feature is the fact that recruits will be sent overseas almost immediately.

Here's the big story: The Motor Transport corps wants men right away to go overseas at once. A Boston office to cover this district has been opened at 715 Beacon street and a recruiting officer, J. Addison, himself a member of the corps, who expects to be in France within a few weeks, has been assigned to Lowell for duty.

He has established headquarters at 21 Sixth avenue and is ready to talk over the details of this branch of the service with anyone interested between six and nine any evening. On Monday and Saturday evenings he will be at the war work headquarters, 119 Merrimack street, during these hours.

Any man between 18 and 45 years of age, who has not yet received notification from his local draft board to report for duty, is eligible for service in the transport corps. The service is designed to appeal particularly to men with technical mechanical training, and is anxious to enlist truck drivers, motor mechanics, repair men, salvagers

undoubtedly many Lowell men who could fill the job. Once the details of the proposition are known, there will probably arise an epidemic of enlisting that will entirely put the ban on the "flu" contagion.

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## CASUALTY LIST

Many N. E. Men on Canadian Report—One From Lowell

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 24.—The following New England names appear in today's casualty list:

Killed in action: W. Dubois, Franklin, N. H.; E. Theraud, Ramford Falls, Me.; W. G. Colclough, Swampscott, Mass.; W. Moss, New Bedford, Mass.; J. Sinclair, Providence, R. I.; L. E. Grant, Portland, Me.; N. Leo, Houlton, Me.

Died: E. T. Milton, Central Falls, R. I.

Wounded: A. Nadeau, Providence, R. I.; W. O'Brien, Lowell, Mass.; M. Edwards, Lawrence, Mass.; W. Dube, Salem, Mass.; E. Boudoin, Newmarket, N. H.; E. Lakin, Lynn, Mass.; G. J. Rowe, New Bedford, Mass.; R. Morris, Pawtucket, R. I.; R. J. Lomay, Millbury, Mass.; N. Rodgers, North Abington, Mass.

Ill: W. Pinkerton, Central Falls, R. I.; W. France, Slow, Mass.

## HAIR ON FACE WHAT CAUSES IT

It has been proven by the world's greatest authorities that it stimulates and increases hair growth to merely remove it from the surface of the skin. The only common-sense way to remove hair is to attack it under the skin. DeMiracle, the original sanitary fluid, does this by absorption.

Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 50c, \$1 and \$2 sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

DeMiracle book mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, 120th St. and Park Ave., New York.

If you want quick returns, try a classified ad in The Sun, Lowell's greatest newspaper.



THOS. W. LAWSON AND CHAUFFEUR INJURED

MARLBORO, Oct. 2.—Thomas W. Lawson sustained several broken ribs and minor bruises about his body and his chauffeur, Michael B. Kelley, suffered two deep gashes in his right leg and other bruises about his body, when the limousine in which they were riding turned over twice yesterday afternoon on East Main street, Northboro, in front of the estate of Alfred H. Palmer. Both were removed to the Marlboro hospital in the automobile of A. E. Thomas of Northboro.

According to the statement of Police Officer Harry Carbery the Lawson saw auto was on its way from Worcester to Boston on the state highway.

The limousine was passing an auto when a second machine came along from the opposite direction. To avoid striking the second machine Kelley applied the brakes and fell in behind the auto he had been trying to pass.

One of the wheels of the Lawson limousine caught in the street railway tracks causing the auto to turn over twice.

Dr. William J. Dwyer of St. Mountfort street, Boston, who, passing by in his machine at the time of the accident, rendered first aid to the injured men.

The condition of Mr. Lawson was reported improved today at a hospital here where he was taken after the accident. It was expected that he would be taken to his home in Scituate today.

Michael B. Kelley, Lawson's chauffeur, who was severely cut on his right leg, passed a restless night.

LOWELL GUILD'S TRIBUTE TO MISS BARRINGTON

The trustees of the Lowell Guild desire to place on record their appreciation of the untiring and faithful service of Miss Rachel Barrington, in whose death the Lowell Guild has sustained a heavy loss which is also felt as a personal sorrow by the officers of the organization as well as by the staff of nurses.

Miss Barrington was untiring in her devotion to her work and often overtaxed her strength in her zeal in ministering to the sick and needy. She was of a wonderfully sweet disposition and put her whole heart and soul into her chosen profession and her enthusiasm and interest in the many cases that came under her care were never failing. It is seldom that an executive officer gives of herself as freely as did Miss Barrington and there are many homes in Lowell where she will long be remembered with gratitude.

Many incidents could be told of Miss Barrington's unselfish devotion to her work and under her leadership the work of the Guild had assumed such a position in the community that when the epidemic came the organization was ready to meet it and during the most strenuous week she was on duty early and late in order that all calls for aid might be promptly met; it was only when forced to give up by her physician that she took heed of her own condition. It may be truly said of her that she gave up her life to others might live.

To her bereaved family the Guild offers its sincere and heartfelt sympathy.

EDWARD B. CARNEY,  
Clark of the Board of Trustees,  
REBECCA M. BURKE,  
President Lowell Guild.

FIRE PREVENTION DAY PROCLAMATION

Mayor Perry D. Thompson today issued the following proclamation for the local observance of Fire Prevention day, which this year falls on Nov. 2, the date having been advanced from early in October because of the Fourth Liberty loan activities:

To the People of the City of Lowell:— Saturday, the second day of November next, is set apart as Fire Prevention day; on that day it is hoped that every man, woman and child of reasonable age will obtain a keen appreciation of the purpose for which this day is set apart and designated as Fire Prevention day.

By the consensus of opinion and judgment of men conversant with the extent of the destruction and ravages caused by fire in our country, it is deemed advisable to distinguish, one day in each year, as a reminder, to everybody of the dangers from fire occasioned by permitting accumulations of unnecessary debris in and about our homes.

It is hoped then that everybody on Saturday, Nov. 2, will see to it that all debris, junk, papers, rags and unnecessary inflammable accumulations shall be removed (or thrown) from their premises.

Conservation seems to be the watchword of the American people; conservation typifies at this time in our national existence the highest attribute of patriotism.

Therefore, it does seem that on the second day of November that every man, woman and child shall do his or her part in conserving the resources of our country by participating in the great clean-up that has been determined upon, this day.

Advance, then is the word, clean up your yards, cellars, attics, closets and, in fine, every place where debris, papers and debris have accumulated, and thereby participate in the lesson that is sought to be taught by Fire Prevention day.

(Signed) PERRY D. THOMPSON,  
Mayor of Lowell.

Lowell Bleachery

Men, women and boys in different departments. Good wages and steady work. This plant is rated by the government as an essential industry. Apply at U. S. Employment Bureau, 119 Merrimack st.

DEATHS

FLETCHER—Edwin J. Fletcher, 66 died yesterday at the home of his son, Robert Fletcher, on North Main st., Northboro. He was born in Lowell, but had lived in Franklin most of his life and was prominent as a musician for years. He was proprietor of a sign and carriage painting business in Franklin. He leaves a wife, seven sons and a daughter.

KIVLAN—George T. Kivlan died Tuesday evening at his home, 73 Moore street, after a long illness. He leaves a wife, two sons, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kivlan, one daughter, Mrs. J. Kivlan, and five sisters, Catherine, Eleanor, Frances, Elizabeth and Martha. He was a well known resident of the Sacred Heart parish.

HAMEL—Alexis Hamel, a well known resident of this city, died yesterday at his home, 745 Riverside st. He leaves a wife, two sons, George and Arthur Hamel, one brother, Joseph Hamel, and three sisters, Mrs. Charles Hamel and Mrs. Louis Pappas of Lynn.

HOLLISSA—Mrs. Alice Joya Bouzassa, wife of Henry Bouzassa, died Tuesday at her home, 45 Bedford st., after a long illness. She leaves a husband, one daughter, Jeanette; three sisters and two brothers.

MILLS—Mrs. Hattie E. Mills, wife of John N. Mills of this city, died Tuesday, aged 57 years. The body was removed to the rooms of Undertakers Young & Blake.

KELLEY—Robert S. Kelley died yesterday afternoon at the home of Mrs. A. J. Hood, 56 Wilder street, aged 20 years. He leaves his father and mother, Charles and Harold Kelley, and Arthur and Avon, Mass.; one sister, Alice Kelley, and three brothers, Charles, William and Arthur Kelley.

SHARKEY—John Sharkey, a well known resident of this city, died last evening at his home, 5 Washington st., after a long illness. He leaves a wife, six daughters, Mrs. Charles Gault, Mrs. Agnes Josephine, Mrs. Helena and Mrs. Robert Sharkey, and one son, Charles; two brothers, Patrick and William Sharkey.

SMITH—Sister Edith of the Sisters of Charity of St. John's hospital, died yesterday at her home, 45 Riverside st. She was Miss Teresa Smith of Tawtown, Ireland. She leaves a father and several brothers.

PLAISANCE—The many Lowell friends of Rev. Walter Plaisance, O. T. Y., will regret to learn of his death, which occurred at his home, 135 North Main st., after a few days' illness. He was a well known resident of this city and was widely in demand as a missionary. After his ordination, he spent some time at the Holy Cross novitiate in college in the same capacity. Later, he was transferred to Plattsburgh, N. Y., where he was assigned to the parish there, where undoubtedly his labors among the afflicted members of the congregation during the influenza epidemic, and his untiring efforts brought on his death. He was 41 years old. The funeral took place Tuesday at Plattsburgh.

CALDWELL—Gavin A. Caldwell, a former resident of this city, but lately with the Royal British air forces, died yesterday at the base hospital, Toronto, Ontario, Canada. He was born in Lowell last September for training in Toronto. He is survived by his wife, Mrs. Caldwell, and two children, a son and a daughter.

FLETCHER—The death of Arthur F. Fletcher, a resident of Chelmsford for the past 15 years, occurred at his home, 105 Hillside st., yesterday, aged 68 years. He had been in poor health for some time and his death was not unexpected. He was born in America, but came to this country as a young man and for many years had been employed at the Saco-Lowell mills. He was a member of the Chelmsford Iron moulder. He is survived by a brother in Chelmsford, Penn.

McMAHON—Patrick McMahon, aged 61 years, died today morning at his home, 1 Anderson court, leaving his wife, four sons, Thomas, William, Frank and Leo; four daughters, Margaret, Mary, Elizabeth and Miss Kathleen; a brother, Thomas McMahon, deceased, and a brother, Thomas McMahon, deceased, and a brother, Thomas McMahon, deceased.

McMAHON—Miss Florida Theriot, aged 13 years, died today at her home, 105 Hillside st., leaving her parents, Mr. and Mrs. O'Brien, and two sisters, Emma and Marie; and three brothers, Henry, Albert and Charles. She was a member of Notre Dame de Lourdes sodality of St. Joseph's parish.

McMAHON—Mrs. Alfred Harnois nee Gaudin, aged 3 years, died today at her home, 105 Hillside st., leaving her husband, five children, Alfred, Alice, Jeanette and Delia; her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Philias Gaudin; and three brothers, Henry, Albert and Charles. She was a member of Notre Dame de Lourdes sodality of St. Joseph's parish.

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THE LOWELL SUN THURSDAY OCTOBER 24 1918

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FUNERAL NOTICES

BAXTER—The funeral of Mrs. Catherine Baxter will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Baxter, 105 Hillside st., Northboro. The funeral mass will be at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Higgins Bros.

CHANDLER—The funeral of Margaret Chandler will take place Saturday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Chandler, 105 Hillside st., Northboro. The funeral mass will be at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Higgins Bros.

KORPAS—The funeral of Mary Korpas will take place Thursday afternoon at 2 o'clock from the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Korpas, 105 Hillside st., Northboro. The funeral mass will be at 2 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Higgins Bros.

KANE—The funeral of Bernard Kane will take place Saturday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kane, 105 Hillside st., Northboro. The funeral mass will be at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Higgins Bros.

KIVLAN—The funeral of George T. Kivlan will take place Friday morning at 9 o'clock from the home of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Kivlan, 105 Hillside st., Northboro. The funeral mass will be at 9 o'clock. Burial will be in St. Patrick's cemetery under the direction of Higgins Bros.

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## 6000 CAPTURED

Total of German Prisoners  
Taken by British in New  
Attack Begun Yesterday

Desperate Battle Fought in  
Brilliant Moonlight South  
of Valenciennes

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN  
FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 24.—(By  
the Associated Press. 4:30 a. m.)—The  
British have taken more than 6000  
prisoners and many guns in their new  
attack begun yesterday morning on  
the front below Valenciennes.

In brilliant moonlight, assisted by  
roaring hordes of night bombing air-  
planes, the British fought through the  
night and made steady gains. They  
are using steady tactics, and not at  
any time since the new battle began  
has the whole line attacked all the  
series of objectives at the same time.  
Guns are moved up in relays, so that  
there is constantly a heavy fire on the  
German front and rear. Infantry as-  
saults are launched at different times.  
First one end of the line and then an-  
other section some distance away. Is  
sent smashing into the enemy.

Ground Struck With Dead  
These tactics bewildered the Ger-  
mans. No enemy unit knows where  
an assault is coming and all are forced  
to stand in readiness under torrents  
of steel, high explosives, shrapnel and  
gas. A concentration at Preux for the  
counter attack was observed from the

air. Transports, ammunition trains  
and masses of men became mixed up  
on the roads in that vicinity. When  
the concentration was sufficiently large  
and the enemy traffic appeared to be  
in the greatest state of confusion, the  
British gunners opened up their weap-  
ons and pumped in steel as rapidly  
as possible. Within a few minutes the  
ground was strewn with dead men  
and horses, equipment, wagons, lor-  
ries and limbers.

Surrounded the Enemy  
Reports just received from one sec-  
tion of the front, tell of fierce fight-  
ing at several places. They particu-  
larly mention Pomeruill, where the  
British were held up for a time by a  
murderous fire from a heavy concen-  
tration of German machine guns. The  
place was filled with the spluttering  
weapons. The British waited for a  
time until the advance had progressed  
north and south of them. Then they  
swung around the town on both sides.  
At the rear, they found a triangular  
cleared space in which the German  
machine gunners retired to prepared  
positions. The British went around  
them and captured Pomeruill wood at  
the back of the triangle, thus sur-  
rounding the enemy.

For hours these Germans, knowing  
they had failed to stop the advance  
and realizing they were doomed, held  
out, firing continuously. At length,  
persons nearby observed they had  
ceased firing. The British had storm-  
ed the position.

Desperate Fighting  
At Escarmain also there was de-  
sperate fighting. British machine gun-  
ners from behind cover sprinkled a  
hall of bullets over the town. Then  
they advanced and found the town a  
shambles. All over the place there  
were dead Germans.

The enemy continues to shell all  
the larger towns within range, not-  
withstanding the fact that there are  
thousands of civilians in them. In  
addition to Denain, where there are  
several thousand persons, mostly wom-  
en and children, the Germans have  
been continuously shelling La Cateau,  
in which there are many more.

Looting Continues  
The enemy shows no sign of cea-  
sing his orgies of looting. Every town  
the British have captured has been  
pillaged. Usually the Huns break up  
and destroy whatever they are unable  
to carry off.

There are further signs that the  
Germans either are now carrying out  
or are on the verge of beginning a  
retreat from the Scheidt line, as the  
British north of Valenciennes push out  
in the direction of Mons and Mau-  
bourg. They are less than 15 miles  
from Mons and about 15 from Mau-  
bourg.

Many Abatisms Captured  
There was sharp fighting at Bou-  
lense before it was captured, and af-

## Text of Pres. Wilson's Note to Kaiser

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The government's  
announcement yesterday of President Wilson's  
action regarding the German peace offer was  
made in the following statement:

"The Secretary of State makes public the  
following:

"From the Secretary of State to the Charge  
d'Affaires ad interim in charge of German In-  
terests in the United States:

"Department of State, Oct. 23, 1918:

"Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the  
receipt of your note of the 23d transmitting a  
communication under date of the 20th from the  
German Government and to advise you that the  
President has instructed me to reply thereto as  
follows:

"Having received the solemn and explicit  
assurance of the German government that it un-  
reservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down  
in his address to the Congress of the United  
States on the 8th of January, 1918, and the  
principles of settlement announced in his sub-  
sequent addresses, particularly the address of  
the 26th of September, and that it desires to dis-  
cuss the details of this application, and that  
this wish and purpose emanated, not from those  
who have hitherto dictated German policy and  
conducted the present war on Germany's behalf,  
but from Ministers who speak for the majority  
of the German people and for an overwhelming ma-  
jority of the German people and having received  
also the explicit promise of the present German  
government that the humane rules of civilized  
warfare will be observed both on land and sea  
by the German armed forces, the President of  
the United States feels that he cannot refuse  
to take up with the German government with which the  
Government of the United States is associated  
the question of an armistice.

SUGGESTION TO THE ALLIES

"He deems it his duty to say again, however,  
that the only armistice he would feel justified in  
submitting for consideration would be one which  
should leave the United States and the Powers  
associated with her in a position to enforce any  
arrangements that may be entered into and to  
make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Ger-  
many impossible.

"The President has, therefore, transmitted  
his correspondence with the present German  
authorities to the governments with which the  
Government of the United States is associated  
as a belligerent, with the suggestion that, if  
these governments are disposed to effect peace  
upon the terms and principles indicated, their  
military advisers and the military advisers of  
the United States be asked to submit to the  
Governments associated against Germany the  
necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully  
protect the interests of the peoples involved and  
insure to the associated Governments the unre-  
stricted power to safeguard and enforce the de-  
tails of the peace to which the German Govern-

ment has agreed, provided they deem such an  
armistice possible from the military point of  
view.

"Should such terms of armistice be suggested,  
their acceptance by Germany will afford the best  
concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance  
of the terms and principles of peace from which  
the whole action proceeds.

KING OF PRUSSIA STILL CONTROLS

"The President would deem himself lacking  
in candor did he not point out in the frankest  
possible terms the reason why extraordinary safe-  
guards must be demanded. Significant and im-  
portant as the Constitutional changes seem to  
be which are spoken of by the German Foreign  
Secretary in his note of the twentieth of Oc-  
tober, it does not appear that the principle of a  
Government responsible to the German people  
has yet been fully worked out or that any guar-  
antees either exist or are in contemplation that  
the alterations of principle and of practice now  
partially agreed upon will be permanent.

"Moreover, it does not appear that the heart  
of the present difficulty has been reached. It may  
be that future wars have been brought under  
the control of the German people, but the present  
war has not been, and it is with the present  
war that we are dealing.

"It is evident that the German people have  
no means of commanding the acquiescence of  
the military authorities of the Empire in the  
popular will; that the power of the King of  
Prussia to control the policy of the Empire is  
unimpaired; that the determining initiative still  
remains with those who have hitherto been the  
masters of Germany.

SURRENDER, THE ONLY TERMS

"Feeling that the whole peace of the world  
depends now on plain speaking and straightfor-  
ward action, the President deems it his duty to  
say, without any attempt to soften what may  
seem harsh words, that the Nations of the world  
do not and cannot trust the word of those who  
have hitherto been the masters of German policy,  
and to point out once more that in concluding  
peace and attempting to undo the infinite in-  
juries and injustices of this war the Government  
of the United States cannot deal with any but  
veritable representatives of the German people  
who have been assured of a genuine constitu-  
tional standing as the real rulers of Germany.

"If it must deal with the military masters  
and the monarchical authorities of Germany, now,  
or if it is likely to have to deal with them later  
in regard to the international obligations of the  
German Empire, it must demand, not peace ne-  
gotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained  
by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my  
high consideration,

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING."

"Mr. Frederick Oederlin, Charge d'Affaires  
of Switzerland ad interim, in charge of German  
interests in the United States."

## CARRY ON WAR

Proclamation to German  
People to Continue War  
Awaits Reply From Wilson

German Paper Says "If the  
Kaiser Must Go, Let Him  
Go at Once"

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Emperor William  
conferred on Monday with all the mem-  
bers of the government, talking at  
length with each individual, and then  
harangued them in a body, says a des-  
patch from Zurich to the Journal. Thus  
far the German newspapers have  
printed nothing concerning the emper-  
or's speech.

The war cabinet held another meet-  
ing on Tuesday. The address of the  
chancellor to the reichstag is criticized  
sharply by a majority of the newspa-  
pers. The extracts from the speech cir-  
culated by the Wolff bureau, the semi-  
official news agency are to some ex-  
tent garbled, while other passages  
bear so little resemblance to what  
Prince Maximilian said that they ap-  
pear to have been invented.

The socialist newspapers, the Zurich  
despatch continues, are particularly  
outspoken. The Frankfurter Tages-  
post of Nuremberg, Bavaria, says the  
emperor must not think the German  
people are going to continue the war  
for months to please him. "If the em-  
peror must go," it adds, "let him go  
at once."

The correspondent reports that the  
chancellor and the Pan-Germans are  
working actively toward the formation  
of a national defense government. He  
says a proclamation to the people ex-

horting them to carry on the war to  
the utmost has been drafted with the  
help of General Ludendorff, and that  
he understands it will be published as  
soon as President Wilson's reply has  
been received. It is expected in Ber-  
lin, the correspondent adds, that the  
president will not allow himself to be  
doubted and ridiculed by the existing  
German government.

When you think of teeth—think of  
Dr. Allen.

HOPPE TO GIVE FOUR EXHIBI-  
TIONS FOR BENEFIT OF BOS-  
TON RED CROSS CHAPTER

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—Willie Hoppe, balk  
line billiard champion of the world,  
has assured officials of the Boston Met-  
ropolitan Red Cross chapter that the  
total receipts of four exhibition  
matches to be given by him in this city  
next week, would be donated to the  
Red Cross. The champion, Red Cross  
officials announced today, has agreed  
to pay all his own expenses and those  
of his manager. The first match will  
be Oct. 30 at the Boston Athletic asso-  
ciation.

INFLUENZA?  
LA GRIPPE?

Foley's Honey and Tar is just  
what every sufferer of influenza  
or la grippe needs now. It covers  
the rough inflamed throat with a  
soothing healing coating, clears  
away the mucus, stops the tickling  
and coughing, eases the tightness  
and bronchial wheezing. Day and  
night keep

FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR  
handy. It gives ease and comfort  
from the very first dose. Buy it  
Now. Burkinshaw Drug Co., 418  
Middlesex St.; Moody's, 301 Central  
St.

## Cadum Ointment

brings nights of peaceful rest to  
people who have suffered agonies  
from skin troubles. It stops the itching  
at once and is very soothing and  
healing wherever the skin is irritated  
or inflamed. Much suffering from  
skin troubles may be avoided by the  
timely use of this wonderful remedy.  
Cadum Ointment is good for eczema,  
pimples, blotches, chafings, piles, rash,  
scabs, ringworm, cuts, sores, burns,  
insect bites, etc.

C. H. Hanson & Co., Inc., Auctioneers  
61 Rock Street, Lowell, Mass. Phones 154-8748

## REAL ESTATE

TO BE SOLD AT

## PUBLIC AUCTION

ON SATURDAY, OCT. 26th, AT 3 P. M.

FOUR TWO-TENEMENT HOUSES, 21,820 FEET OF  
LAND AND LARGE BARN

BEST SALE OF THE YEAR

The property is situated on the SOUTHERLY SIDE OF WAUGH  
STREET between Wilder and Walker streets, just across from the  
Normal school. Take Broadway or Middlesex street car to Wilder  
street, one minute's walk to Waugh street.

NO. 44-46 WAUGH STREET—Two tenement, double house. Each  
tenement has bath and furnace heat, kitchen, dining room, living room,  
and four sleeping chambers. Large fireplace in dining and living  
room. Separate back and front doors.

NO. 40-42 WAUGH STREET—Two tenement double house, almost  
a duplicate of No. 44, with exception that there is furnace heat only in  
one tenement.

NO. 34 WAUGH STREET—Two and one-half story two tenement  
house. Each tenement has four sleeping rooms, bath, kitchen, dining  
room and living room.

NO. 32 WAUGH STREET—Two and one-half story two tenement  
house of six rooms each, with bath. A large barn and carriage shed is  
located directly in rear of this house.

This property is centrally located near the Lamson Co., Lowell  
Gas Light Co., Pilling Shoe Company, Daniel Gage Co., Lowell Weaving  
Co., Columbia Textile Co., and the Normal school, and the tenements  
are always rented.

NOW THEN—If you are looking for a home or if you want a good  
investment, then we earnestly request you to look this property over, and  
then attend the sale. Tenements are scarce, and there is very little  
property on the market. So here is your chance to become the owner of a  
first-class parcel of real estate that is never vacant.

TERMS OF SALE: Five hundred dollars must be deposited with  
the auctioneer as soon as the property is struck off. Arrangements can  
be made to carry a very liberal mortgage on the property, other terms  
to be announced at the sale.

Property open for inspection day of sale.  
Make all inquiries at auctioneer's office.

C. H. HANSON & CO., Inc., for owner.

## FARMERS TAKE NOTICE

If you have any Fresh Killed Chickens, Fowl or Milk-Fed  
Fatted Veal for sale bring them to the John St. Public Market  
and we will pay you full market price in cash for same. Goods  
must be A No. 1.

## JOHN STREET PUBLIC MARKET

J. P. CURLEY, Prop.

## 2,008,931 ACROSS

Sec. Baker Notifies Pres.

Wilson of Number of  
American Soldiers Overseas

Matter of Deep Gratification  
and Assurance to the  
Country, Says President

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Embarka-  
tion of 2,008,931 American soldiers to  
participate in the war overseas was  
disclosed by correspondence between  
Secretary Baker and President Wilson,  
given out at the White House last  
night at the same time that the pres-  
ident's reply to the German note was  
made public by the state department.

"I am sure that this will be a mat-  
ter of deep gratification and assurance  
to the country," said the president,  
replying to a letter from Secretary  
Baker reporting on the number of  
men who have sailed from American  
ports to Oct. 21.

The correspondence follows:

"War Department, Oct. 22, 1918.

"My Dear Mr. President:

"More than 2,000,000 American sol-  
diers have sailed from our ports in  
this country to participate in the war  
overseas. In reporting this fact to you  
I feel sure that you will be interest-  
ed in the following data showing the  
progress of our military effort.

"In my letter of July 1, 1918, I in-  
formed you that between July 8, 1917,  
and June 30, 1918, over a million men  
had either been landed in France or  
were en route thereto. Since July 1,  
1918, embarkations by months have  
been as follows:

"July ..... 206,185  
"August ..... 230,813  
"September ..... 231,415  
"October 1 to 21 ..... 131,348

"Total ..... 800,561  
"Embarked to July 1, 1918 1,019,115

"Grand total ..... 2,008,931

"In our overseas operations, I feel  
that we have good reason to be proud  
and thankful of results obtained. Our  
losses have been exceedingly small,  
considering the size of the force trans-  
ported and the due to the efficient  
protection given American convoys by  
the naval forces. We also have been

ter that a good deal of work was  
done to remove the Germans remaining in  
the town were all subdued. As the  
enemy retreated he exploded mines  
under roads and railways, but no great  
damage was done.

Many Abatisms have been captured.  
A large number of these expressed  
a desire to join the French army,  
saying they had been dragged into  
the German army against their will  
and desired more than anything else  
to fight the emperor's forces.

SAYS GERMAN PILOT WHO AT-  
TACKED SWISS BALLOON GIV-  
EN THREE MONTHS

BERNE, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—The  
Germans, once more expressing their  
regret over the attack by one of their  
airmen on a Swiss balloon at the fron-  
tier on Oct. 8, causing the death of a  
Swiss lieutenant named Rulry, have  
announced that the guilty pilot, a non-  
commissioned officer, has been sen-  
tenced to three months in prison.

FREE TO  
ASTHMA SUFFERERS

A New Home Cure That Anyone Can  
Use Without Discomfort or Loss  
of Time

We have a New Method that cures  
Asthma, and we want you to try it at  
our expense. No matter whether you  
suffer from some standing or latent de-  
velopment, whether it is present or  
occasional or chronic Asthma, you should  
send for a free trial of our method.  
No matter what your age or occupa-  
tion, if you are troubled with asthma,  
our method should relieve you promptly.

We especially want to send it to  
those apparently hopeless cases, where  
all forms of inhalants, douches, opium  
preparations, "cures," "patent smokes,"  
etc., have failed. We want to show  
everyone at our own expense, that this  
new method is designed to cure all  
difficult breathing, all wheezing and  
all those terrible paroxysms at once  
and for all time.

This free offer is too important to  
neglect a single day. Write now and  
begin the method at once. Send  
no money. Simply mail coupon below  
to us today.

FREE ASTHMA COUPON

FRONTIER ASTHMA CO., Room  
1115T, Niagara and Hudson sts.,  
Buffalo, N. Y.

Send free trial of your method to:

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To Have and To Hold  
Healthy Teeth and Gums

It takes more than a tooth brush to  
keep teeth healthy and the mouth  
comfortable and really clean.

Sixty years of service have proven  
SOZODONT will keep the teeth clean  
and wholesome, the gums firm and  
healthy, the breath sweet and the  
mouth comfortable. Have you ever  
been hungry and unable to eat? Use

SOZODONT

FOR THE TEETH

Liquid—Powder or Paste

SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE

The

Thor

ABOLISHES

Work and Worry

The Thor Electric Wash-  
ing Machine abolishes the  
work and worry of wash-  
day. Its use means cleaner  
clothes in half the time.

Your clothes will last six  
times longer, too, because  
the Thor washes without  
wear. Costs only 2c an  
hour to operate.

Tel. 821 and let us  
demonstrate the Thor in  
your home free next wash-  
day.

Sold On Easy Payments

UNITED STATES WAR  
SAVINGS CERTIFICATES  
AND THRIFT STAMPS

On Sale at the Cashier's Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC  
LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821

The Old Lowell National Bank Wants Our Lease;  
We Must Vacate as Soon as Possible—Our Large  
Stock of—

## CLOTHING

## FURNISHING GOODS and SHOES

Must be sold, including all the fixtures. Now the  
harvest time for everybody to save big money on  
purchases is at hand

—AT—

## Roy &amp; O'Heir

88 Prescott Street Facing Market Street

## DAILY BULLETIN FROM WAR WORK HEADQUARTERS

119 MERRIMACK STREET

## WANTED

RED BLOODED MEN FOR IMMEDIATE SERVICE

OVERSEAS

Motor Transport Corps (Maintenance Division). Motor Truck  
Trains. Motorecycle Companies. Repair Shop Bases. Apply at  
21 Sixth avenue between 6 and 9 p. m., or at War Work Head-  
quarters, Monday and Saturday evenings, between 7 and 9 p. m.

SUGAR CARDS

Hand in a complete report of all fruit and vegetables canned,  
dried and salted, canned fish and meat, and eggs preserved, on  
your Canning Card.

MONTHLY SUGAR CARDS must be obtained from your  
GROCER.

U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Anyone at present unemployed must apply here for Gov-  
ernment Work.

FUEL ADMINISTRATION

Cards obtainable upstairs for coal, coke, etc.

UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER

Come in and join the U. S. Club, and wear your button.

Gross proceeds from the sale of U. S. Club buttons given to the  
Belgian Soldiers' Tobacco Fund.

J. M. FARRELL.....Auctioneer

OFFICE—162 MARKET ST., LOWELL, MASS.

## Administratrix's Sale of Real Estate

At Public Auction of Part of the Late Walter H. Bagshaw Estate

WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1918, COMMENCING AT 2 P. M.

I shall sell at public auction the following described parcels of real  
estate of the late Walter H. Bagshaw, to the person that will bid the highest  
and comply with the conditions of the sale.

Lot 1 at 2:00 p. m., No. 212 and 214 Hale street, corner of Washington  
street, consists of a three story building of five tenements and a store on  
2598 89-100 square feet of land, more or less. Has a frontage of 58 7-10  
feet on Hale street and 32 33-100 feet on Washington street. This property  
is in good repair inside and out. Each tenant has five rooms, separate  
toilets, good entrances, situated on a corner so that it makes each tenement  
bright and cheerful. They have always rented to good tenants. The store  
has always been a paying proposition to the owners. This place of real  
estate has an income of \$936.00 per year. This will make you a good in-  
vestment on the money that it will sell for.

Terms of sale, \$500.00 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit at  
the time and place of sale. Other terms at sale.



Probably rain late tonight  
and Friday; rising temperature;  
easterly to southerly winds.

ESTABLISHED 1878

LOWELL, MASS. THURSDAY OCTOBER 24 1918

PRICE ONE CENT

# British Smash German Lines and Move Toward Mons and Maubeuge—Capture 6,000

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press.) Hard fighting is in progress all along the front of the British attack. The Germans are offering stubborn resistance.

(By the Associated Press.) Field Marshal Haig's Third and Fourth armies, having smashed through the outer defenses of the strategically important German line south of Valenciennes, continue successfully to hammer their way toward Maubeuge and Mons.

## 6000 Prisoners Taken

Today's attack started from the new front gained Wednesday in an advance of between three and four miles on a front of 15 miles, in which more than 6000 prisoners and many guns are reported to have been taken. The enemy is resisting stubbornly, but the British are forging ahead.

## Beaumont Captured

West of Maubeuge the British have taken the village of Beaumont, one and a half miles southwest of Le Quesnoy, the most important stronghold defending Maubeuge on the west. In the same region, they have crossed the natural barrier of the Escaut river and rapidly are placing Valenciennes in a pocket.

## Valenciennes Surrounded

Apparently, the British are not desirous of taking Valenciennes, which are important to the security of the German line northward to the Dutch border and south and east to the Meuse. Unless the enemy can hold the British attacks today, it would seem they would have to continue their retreat in Belgium and also give up ground south and east of the Oise.

## Will Force Big Retreat

The British thrust undoubtedly has badly shaken the German defenses south of Valenciennes, which are important to the security of the German line northward to the Dutch border and south and east to the Meuse. Unless the enemy can hold the British attacks today, it would seem they would have to continue their retreat in Belgium and also give up ground south and east of the Oise.

## New French Offensive

While the British are attacking north of the Sambre canal to the Scheidt, the French have begun an offensive south of the Oise. The Sambre canal has been crossed east of Grand Verly and the French have maintained their gains against strong German counter attacks. Between the Serre and the Oise and further east the French maintain their pressure and have gained ground south of Montcornet.

Infantry fighting has died down east of the Oise in the region of Vouziers. The Germans having failed in strong efforts Tuesday and Wednesday to dislodge the French from important heights positions. General Gouraud now commands the important defenses north and south of the great forest of Boult, north of the Argonne.

## Americans Hold Gains

On the front west of the Meuse the Americans maintain the important gains made Wednesday and are in a position to cause a German retirement on the center and left of the line. Wednesday's gains were mostly on the extreme right and outflank the enemy front westward toward the Argonne.

## German Flood Lowlands

Around Valenciennes, the Germans have been flooding the country by getting the banks of the Scheidt canal. It is said that the lowlands east of the canal and northeast of Valenciennes are great lakes which will probably hold up the allied advance for some time. The same condition prevails just southwest of the city.

## Fight in Valenciennes Streets

British forces are fighting in the streets of Valenciennes, having entered it from the west, but they do not seem to be making much progress against the stubborn defense.

## French and Belgians Halted

Farther north toward Ghent, the French and Belgians appear to be stopped, at least for the moment. The Scheidt river and the network of smaller waterways there provide the Germans with a valuable natural defense zone.

## Americans and British Push On

East of Le Cateau the Americans and British are still fighting their way through the German lines, but they are moving slowly. In the Oise-Serre sector, the French and Americans

## READY TO QUIT CITY HALL NEWS

Austria-Hungary Said to Be Reconciled to Idea of Unconditional Surrender

Hungary to Apply Direct to Entente Government for Terms of Armistice

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Hungary intends to apply direct to the entente governments to ascertain what terms they will grant an armistice and peace to Hungary, it is reported in political circles in Budapest, according to a Zurich despatch to the Journal.

Austria-Hungary already is reconciled to the idea of unconditional capitulation, says a Vienna despatch to the Frankfurter Zeitung because Vienna is threatened with famine, the authorities are powerless and laws are no longer enforced.

appear to be held up. From that section of the battlefield to the Argonne forest, there has been little change in the lines.

## Americans Take Briettes

East of the Argonne, American forces have worked their way farther into the enemy's trenches and have compelled the Germans to abandon Briettes, on the west bank of the Meuse and just south of Din. They

are also fighting north of Banterville and hold a strong series of heights which appear to dominate much of the ground in the center of the line.

## Furious Hun Attacks Repulsed

Near Grand Pre, the Germans evidently realizing that further progress by the Americans is dangerous have been counter attacking furiously. They have gained no ground and have lost heavily in killed and wounded.

Patrols Penetrate Hun Lines

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 24.—(By The Associated Press.)—American patrols early today penetrated deeply into the German lines in the region of Grand Pre and north of Verdun. The enemy has been using his artillery and machine guns freely along the entire front. There has been little change in the situation since last night. Aerial activity today was less than on Wednesday when conditions were almost ideal.

The bright moonlight last night enabled American aviators to bomb a large area behind the German lines. One of the American bombing squadrons dropped 3077 kilograms of bombs on the Bois de Barre and the Bois de Folie. German aviators dropped bombs on towns behind the American lines occupied only by civilians and without great military value.

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INFLUENZA IN NEW YORK

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—The health commissioner today reported 4493 new cases of influenza during the 24 hours ended at 10 a. m. This is a decrease of 257 from yesterday's record of new cases, and an increase of 163 cases over Tuesday's report. There have been 433 additional deaths from influenza.

There was a decrease in both pneumonia cases and deaths, 316 deaths being reported during the past 24 hours.

Washington has increased street car service.

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## YANKS SWEEP ON

Continued Progress by Americans North of Verdun Reported by Pershing

15 Enemy Airplanes and One Observation Balloon Shot Down by Americans

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Continued progress by the Americans on the battle front north of Verdun was reported today by General Pershing.

Enemy positions east of the Meuse were penetrated yesterday and west of the Meuse, Banterville was completely occupied and the Americans established on a ridge northwest of the village.

Fifteen enemy airplanes and one observation balloon were shot down in the course of many combats, in which three American balloons were destroyed and six planes failed to return.

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# Wilson Ultimatum No Armistice Till Germans Surrender, No Peace While Kaiser Stays

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—No armistice except under conditions of surrender. No peace with the Kaiser and his war lords, now or later.

Thus President Wilson has given in advance his own final decision in forming the new spokesmen of Germany that he has acceded to their request that he take up with the allies their plea for an armistice and peace negotiations.

## Reply on Way to Germany

The president's reply to the latest German note has gone on its way to Berlin. It was delivered to Frederick Uderlin, the Swiss charge here, last night at 10 o'clock, and soon afterward was on the cables in plain English, no time being lost to convert the president's uncompromising sentences into code. Apparently the exchanges which had been in progress between Washington and the allied capitals since the wireless version of the German communication, was picked up Monday terminated late in the afternoon, enabling the president to reply just 11 hours after the official text had been delivered.

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## Kaiser Must Go

Assurances of the present authorities at Berlin that they represent the German people, that they accept the conditions of peace he has laid down, and that they will share the ruler of land and sea will share the ruler of civilized warfare, are accepted by the president only as changing the situation sufficiently to warrant him informally submitting the questions involved to the nations with which the United States is associated in the war. In doing this, without mincing words, he tells these authorities and through them the German people, that the only acceptable guarantee of their words must be submission to terms of an armistice that will make it impossible for Germany to renew hostilities; that the Kaiser still holds the power to control the empire and that until he and his autocrats are out, surrender and not peace negotiations must be demanded.

## Next Move From Allies

While this ultimatum is sinking home in Germany, the allied governments will be preparing for the next move, which lies with them, acting in harmony with the United States. First there is to be determined, as the president asks, whether the allies are willing to effect peace on the conditions enunciated by him and accepted by Germany. If they do, the question of an armistice will be submitted to the military advisers of all the co-belligerents and when the necessary conditions to render the German military machine powerless for harm have been formulated the program will be forwarded to Berlin.

## No More Separate Dealings

One point that those in the confidence of the president emphasize is that the president and the United States government are now through with separate dealings with the German authorities. The whole situation is before the co-belligerent governments and the future announcements will be of the United States and the allied governments acting in concert.

## Sent Broadcast to World

President Wilson's reply to Germany was sent broadcast to the world from the Arlington naval radio towers last night, after the official text had been put on the cables. If not picked up directly by the great German station at Nauen, it undoubtedly was relayed from other points in Europe in time to reach Berlin this morning.

## Terms Up to War Council

Military opinion here is that President Wilson has expressed the basic idea upon which an immediate armistice can be reached. The terms to render the German military power on land and sea absolutely impotent must be worked out by the supreme war council.

It will be the mission of the military advisers to translate general principles into concrete terms of fortresses to be occupied, submarine bases to be placed under guard, munitions plants to be dismantled and strategic rail lines to be secured against German use. Since an armistice on allied terms means an end of the war, attention also must be given to demobilization of the German army. In itself a long process, since the great force could not be turned back to civil life overnight.

The machinery for formulation of the terms already exists. The military and naval boards of the supreme war council at Versailles furnish the natural avenue for the assessing of the views of the military leaders and bringing them into harmony in a definite statement of the conditions upon which fighting could come to an end.

Marshal Foch, as supreme commander, and General Fritsch, Haig, Pershing, Diaz and Gillain, the Belgian chief of staff, are ex-officio members of the army board as the admirals commanding the four great navies, British, French, American, Italian, are ex-officio members of the naval board.

The president proposes that the terms to be drawn up by these military and naval agencies shall be submitted to the respective governments associated against Germany for ratification before they are given to the German government. The supreme war council, composed of the premiers of the allies and of President Wilson,

## NOTICE

The Lithuan Social Club wishes to announce that their Cabaret and Dance was postponed until further notice. Watch the papers.

General Manager,  
J. SOUZA.

probably would pass upon the program, since it is only armistice conditions and not peace treaties which are to be considered.

As to the terms themselves, the situation on land, so far as the western front is concerned, appears simple. To make certain that the U-boat fleets are put out of action, however, by any terms except the surrender of the submarines themselves appears more difficult.

## In Accord With Allies

The president's reply, which was handed to the Swiss charge last night just 11 hours after the official text of the German note was received, now is on its way to Berlin. It undoubtedly was framed in full accord with the allied governments with whom the president has been in frequent consultation since Germany made its first proposal.

## Cannot Not Trust Hun Masters

The decision of America's co-belligerents is awaited with scarcely less interest than is the effect of the note on the German people, who plainly are told that the United States cannot discuss peace with those who hitherto have been masters of Germany policy because the nations of the world do not and cannot trust them. If these military masters and monarchical autocrats must be dealt with now or in the future, the president says, the

United States and the allies can demand nothing but surrender.

Full text of Pres. Wilson's reply on last page.

SENATORS APPROVE PRESIDENT'S REPLY

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The president's answer to Germany struck a popular chord here tonight. It is considered clear cut and positive without being harsh.

Leaders of Congress interpret it to mean that the president will come to no agreement with the War Lords of Germany, and that any armistice must be based on terms submitted by Gen. Foch.

Many members of the senate and house would have had the president break off conversation with the German leaders and shut the door to any peace plan short of a surrender in their faces, but the more conservative congressmen believe that he did right in holding out a promise to the German people.

Senator Lodge of Massachusetts, leader of the minority in the senate, says: "The president says in his last sentence that if we must deal with the military masters and autocrats of Germany, we must demand 'not peace negotiations, but surrender.' With this I am in full accord, as I was with the president's statement of Sept. 27.

INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC ON TO MOBILIZE RUSSIAN'S WANE HERE FOR A NEW ARMY

VLADIVOSTOK, Oct. 22.—(By the Associated Press.) General Ivanoff, war minister of the Omsk government, has arrived from that city to confer with the allies in an attempt to systematize the mobilization of Russians here for the new army. He will also attempt, through a united command, to bring harmony about among the military leaders of eastern Siberia, many of whom are now acting independently.

THRASHED, WORKED TO DEATH OR SLAIN

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—Liberated British prisoners passing through Sofia on their way to Saloniki, speak gratefully of the work done by the American consul at Sofia in their behalf, according to a despatch to the Mail. They said that although the British and French prisoners endured much hardship, the Serbians were regularly beaten by their Bulgarian captors and often shot without excuse.

One British prisoner said, according to the despatch: "The poor devils were thrashed, worked to death or slain in a way that no civilized country would allow a dog to be treated."

Some members of the British prisoner party are said to have been pitifully pale and thin, but one said: "There are men in far worse condition than we coming."

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

Dr. Thomas F. Carroll, of the board of health suggested at this morning's meeting of that body that local theatres which have been in the habit of running continuous performances to be instructed to hold only two performances daily, one in the afternoon and another in the evening and that during the interim the houses be thoroughly aired and ventilated. He suggested that this continue until all danger from contagion through influenza has passed, probably a month or two. No definite action was taken by the board and the matter was left open for further discussion.

Dr. Carroll also gave a report of an influenza epidemic in France.

INJURED IN FRANCE

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Miss Elizabeth Shelley, daughter of Charles S. Shelley, vice president of the Boston Elevated railway, was injured by the explosion of a hand grenade near the French front Saturday. The explosion caused the instant death of Mademoiselle De Vallette, head of the American section of the press department of the foreign office, who had picked up the grenade.

Miss Shelley, whose name was incorrectly given in first reports as Miss Thornton, was not injured seriously.

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

Dr. Allen.

## REPLY FROM AUSTRIA

Will Negotiate With Czechoslovaks in Austria, But Not Those in Paris

ZURICH, Oct. 23.—Austria's reply to President Wilson which soon will be sent, will declare that Austria is not disposed to enter into negotiations with the Czechoslovaks in Paris, but only with those in Austria, according to the Vienna correspondent of the Frankfort Gazette, who is usually well informed.

The note will say further that the reconstruction of the Austrian state cannot be effected so rapidly that an armistice must be dependent upon it and now that Emperor Charles' manifesto has opened the way to reform, the government sees no obstacle to an armistice.

## NEW ENGLAND NAMES ON THE CASUALTY LIST

This list of names does not contain the name of any Lowell boy or boys whose homes are in this vicinity:

**Killed in Action**  
Pr. S. Kiykunas, 23 Hinchman st., Worcester, Mass.  
Pr. J. A. Massey, 186 Central st., Manchester, N. H.  
Pr. T. R. Bugler, 61 Main st., Peabody, Mass.

**Died of Wounds**  
Cor. W. P. Monahan, 47 Norfolk st., Canton, Mass.  
Pr. U. C. Morison, 187 Andover st., Lawrence, Mass.

**Died of Accident and Other Causes**  
Pr. J. T. Burns, 3 Wilby pl., Wakefield, Mass.  
Pr. G. R. Engleton, Spencer, Mass.  
Pr. H. Leper, 77 Leach st., Salem, Mass.  
Pr. F. R. Wilcox, 2 Lakeside drive, Wausakun, Framingham, Mass.

**Wounded Severely in Action**  
Cor. H. Wilbur, 25 Laurel st., Whitman, Mass.  
Pr. J. B. Hicknell, Augusta State hospital, Augusta, Me.  
Pr. T. Ward, 22 Forrest st., Roxbury, Mass.

**Wounded in Action (Degree Undetermined)**  
Lt. G. E. Collins, 13 Water st., Hyde Park, Mass.  
Pr. C. A. Ryan, 270 South Main st., Putnam, Conn.  
Pr. H. B. Barton, 10 Virginia st., Dorchester, Mass.  
Pr. M. C. Bouzane, 5 Hazel Park st., Boston, Mass.  
Pr. H. N. Kane, 85 Chestnut st., Hartford, Conn.  
Pr. W. A. Wilson, 97 St. Stephen st., Boston, Mass.

**Wounded Slightly**  
Cor. J. H. Bertone, R.F.D. 1, Westport, Conn.  
Pr. J. W. Barrett, 100 Clark st., New Bedford, Mass.  
Pr. G. L. Brown, 45 Powhattan st., Providence, R. I.  
Pr. J. D. Deane, Naugatuck, Conn.  
Pr. A. Hensault, 35 West Main st., Webster, Mass.

**Missing in Action**  
Pr. V. Pantano, 24 Barrell st., Roxbury, Mass.  
Pr. A. J. Riga, 50 Brown st., Hartford, Conn.

## Released for This Afternoon

**Killed in Action**  
Pr. A. L. Johnson, Bowland, Conn.

**Died of Wounds**  
Pr. F. W. Coffey, Arlington, Mass.  
Pr. S. Smith, 611 Second av., West Haven, Conn.

**Died of Disease**  
Capt. R. Simonds, Providence, R. I.  
Ser. H. L. Taylor, 151 Bedford st., Abington, Mass.

**Wounded Severely in Action**  
Lt. C. W. Howard, 16 Lincoln st., Lynn, Mass.  
Pr. F. N. Boudreau, 97 Fayette st., Lowell, Mass.  
Pr. P. J. J. Taylor, 4 Brookfield st., South Lawrence, Mass.  
Pr. A. Kendis, 125 Pacific st., Stamford, Conn.  
Pr. F. B. McMahon, 6 Duffey st., Norwalk, Conn.  
Pr. R. Spector, 379 Columbus av., New Haven, Conn.  
Pr. M. Whitestone, 137 West st., Gardner, Mass.  
Pr. E. Wilke, 321 Hill st., Waterbury, Conn.  
Pr. D. F. Woods, 13 Vernon st., Pawtucket, R. I.  
Pr. W. J. Wucka, 111 Pine st., Gardner, Mass.

**Wounded in Action (Degree Undetermined)**  
Ser. C. Neely, New London, Me.  
Cor. P. A. Brooks, Bradford, Vt.  
Pr. F. C. Connell, South Lawrence, Mass.  
Pr. C. Ellis, Jr., 179 McGowan av., Fall River, Mass.  
Pr. F. Lamore, 31 Heaton st., Pawtucket, R. I.  
Pr. J. P. Mooney, Main st., Midway, Mass.

**Wounded Slightly in Action**  
Ser. G. K. McKenzie, Snowway Park, Concord, Conn.  
Wag. J. L. Conley, 56 Jefferson av., Danbury, Conn.  
Wag. F. E. Metcalf, 2 Farnum Hill, Bethel, Conn.  
Ser. L. O. Leblanc, Danielson, Conn.

**Missing in Action**  
Ser. G. H. McGrath, 212 Beacon st., Boston, Mass.  
Pr. J. J. Hernan, 24 Tuttle st., Dorchester, Mass.  
Pr. M. Karasak, 9 Main st., Hartford, Conn.  
Pr. W. E. Nelson, Huntington, Mass.  
Pr. E. D. Smith, 10 Wait st., Roxbury, Mass.

**FACTORY FUEL COMMITTEE**  
Engineers, firemen and master mechanics are invited to attend the regular meeting of the Lowell factory fuel committee, which will be held this evening at the board of trade rooms, 117 Merrimack street. The committee will be prepared to answer any and all questions pertaining to the conservation of fuel and its members will be pleased to meet the engineers, firemen and master mechanics of the various local plants.

## MIGHT HAVE BEEN WORSE

A Ford motor truck owned by the Robertson Co., of this city, was badly damaged yesterday when the steering gear of the car broke, while the auto was being driven over the Chemsford street bridge. The car skidded across the street, over the sidewalk and struck the fence, but inasmuch as the power had been shut off the machine stopped against the fence. The radiator of the car was smashed and the forward axle sprung. No one was injured.

## HELP WANTED

Pitts Auto Supply

## JERSEY DRESSES

40 dresses taken from our regular stock in all sizes and shades. \$29.50, \$35.00 and \$37.50 values **\$25.00** at

*The Bon Marche*  
GAIL GOODS CO.

## JERSEY DRESSES

We are showing a big assortment of the best quality Schuber jersey, made in the latest styles. Priced \$25.00, \$29.50, \$35.00, \$39.50 and \$45.00.

# Fashionable New York Styles

## COATS and SUITS

The finest assortment of styles and beautiful materials direct from New York's fashion centre. Fine materials are getting almost impossible to obtain and prices are advancing on the better qualities—BUY NOW.



## COATS

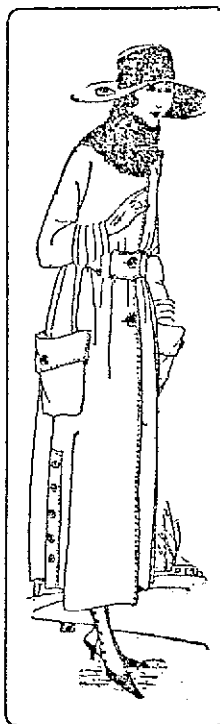
Crystal Cord, Crystal Bolivia, Eucora, Bolivia, Duvit de Lane, Silvertone, Normandy, Bolivia, Duotone and Velour de Nord.

—PRICED—

**\$25 \$35 \$45**  
**\$55 \$65 \$75**  
**up to \$125**

## SPECIAL IN COATS

One Hundred Fine Tailored Full Lined Fur Trimmed Coats for Women and Misses, all shades, all sizes; regular value \$39.50, \$42.50, \$45.00, \$49.50. Special.....**\$35.00**



## SUITS

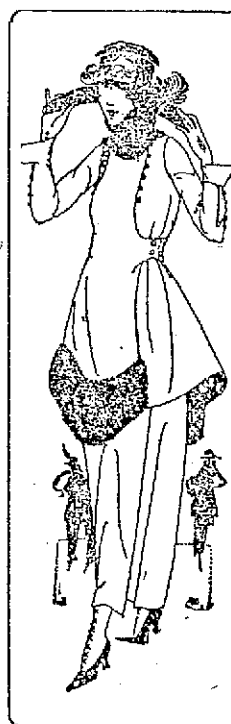
Duvit de Lane, Duotone, Chama-zine, Bolivia, Silvertone and Velour.

—PRICED—

**29.50 39.50 49.50**  
**\$55 \$65 \$75**  
**up to \$145**

## SPECIAL IN SUITS

70 Suits marked at special prices for Friday and Saturday—Silvertone, Velour and Oxford: \$39.50 to \$60.00 values. Special.....**\$29.50, \$39.50, \$49.50**



## Buy Your Fur Coat Now

Special showing of Raccoon Coats. We have a good assortment. Priced

**\$159.50, \$189.50, \$195, \$210**

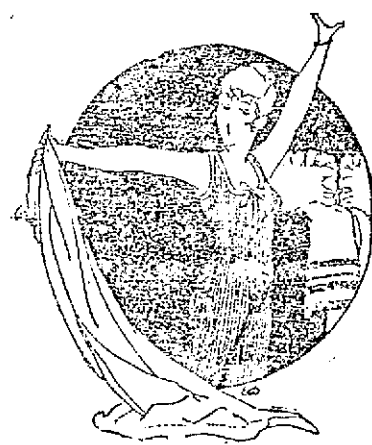
We cannot duplicate these qualities at any price, and the prices on inferior coats have advanced 1-3 and are still going higher.



## Newest Styles in Millinery

With prices based on the intrinsic value of the hat itself and not with the idea how much it will bring.

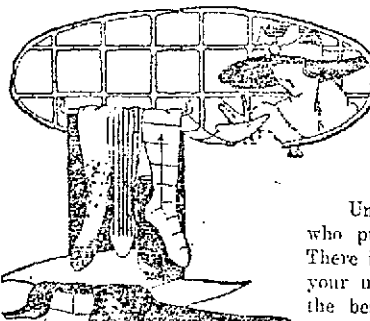
The newest styles are being shown, including models that have achieved the very height of popularity. The variety of fashions assures every woman a becoming hat.



## Men's, Women's and Children's Hosiery and Underwear

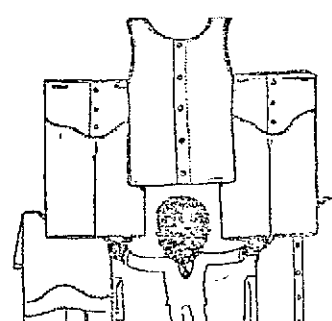
## HOSIERY

Hosiery with a reputation for quality and wear. Made by dependable manufacturers with years of experience, enabling them to produce the best qualities for the least money. Over \$26,000 worth to select from.



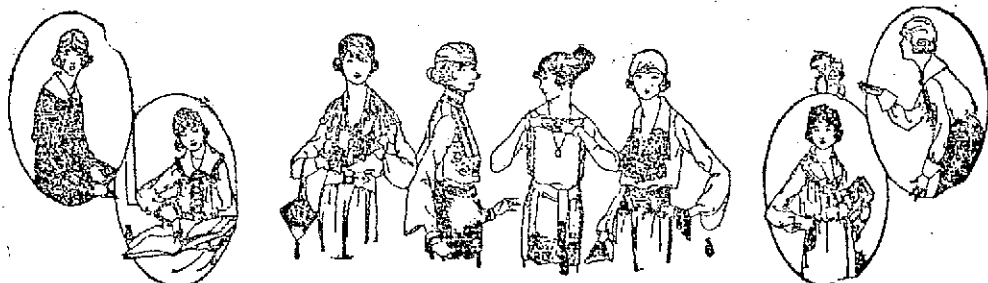
## Knit Underwear

Underwear made by competent manufacturers who put fit, quality and wear into every garment. There is nothing poorer than poor underwear. Buy your underwear here and you will be sure and get the best qualities your money can obtain. Over \$22,000 worth to select from.



## WAISTS FOR FASHIONABLE WOMEN

IF IT IS NEW YOU WILL FIND IT HERE IN OUR IMMENSE STOCKS



## NEW GEORGETTE, NEW CREPE DE CHINE, NEW LINGERIE

We give the fullest measure of value, styles ranging from simple to dressy, carefully made of fine materials. Priced,

**\$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98, \$5.98, \$7.98, \$9.98, \$12.98 to \$25.00**

## Coats for Little Tots

A big assortment of beautiful little styles. The finest materials made, and better quality, and better made and better styles than you will find in most stores. Priced,

**\$4.98, \$6.98, \$9.98, \$14.98, \$16.98, \$17.98, \$19.98, \$22.50, \$25.00 to \$39.50.**

## GIRLS' COATS

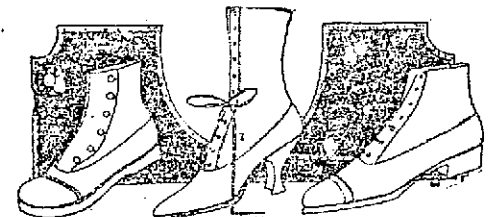
\* Your last chance to get one of these bargains. Silk Velour Coats, 10, 12, 14 years. \$12.00 Coats.....**\$7.98**

HELP  
WIN THE  
WAR  
BUY  
THRIFT  
AND  
WAR  
SAVING  
STAMPS

Booth on Street Floor

## Footwear for the Family

Queen Quality Shoes for Women | Regal Shoes for Men | Dependable Shoes for Children

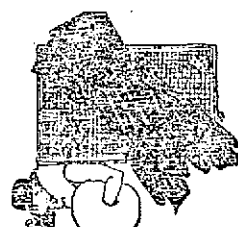


Smart, well made, comfortable shoes of a quality not to be found today at our prices. Shoes that are correct in every detail and their wearers appreciate them.

WE SELL  
NOTHING  
BUT  
FIRST  
QUALITY  
MERCHANDISE  
NO SECONDS  
NO JOB LOTS  
NO DAMAGED  
GOODS

## Visit Our Newly Enlarged GLOVE SECTION

Most people know our gloves are of the finest grades, made of selected leathers and cut so they are smooth, snug and fit perfectly.



REYNIER, Trufonne, Baeon, Elite, Keyser, are among our stock of over \$30,000 worth of the latest and most wanted gloves for women and misses. SEE WINDOW DISPLAY

## SPECIAL SATEEN PETTICOATS

20 dozen, all shades. \$1.50 value. Special, **\$1.50**

LARGEST STOCK OF VICTOR, EDISON AND COLUMBIA MACHINES AND RECORDS IN LOWELL.

## BIG SHOWING OF PETTICOATS

The largest assortment of Heatherbloom and Sateen Petticoats we have ever shown and all at the old prices.

**\$1.50, \$1.98, \$2.98, \$3.98, \$4.98 to \$7.98**

Talking Machine Headquarters—The Only Store in Lowell Selling All Three—VICTROLAS—EDISONS—GRAFONOLAS

## HEATHERBLOOM TOP PETTICOATS

With silk flounce, regular and extra sizes. \$3.99 values. Special.....**\$2.98**

9 comfortable demonstration rooms for your comfort and convenience. Foot of Stairs at Main Entrance



## GERMAN COLONIES TO BE KEPT, SAYS BALFOUR

LONDON, Oct. 24.—(via Montreal).—In no circumstances is it consistent with the safety, security and unity of the British empire that Germany's colonies should be returned to her, declared A. J. Balfour, the British foreign secretary, in a speech at the luncheon of the Australian and New Zealand club yesterday.

Mr. Balfour said it is absolutely essential that the communications of the British empire remain safe. He asked if the German colonies were returned, what security is there that their original possessors will not use them as bases for piratical warfare.

The doctrine that the colonies should not be returned, Mr. Balfour claimed, is not selfish and imperialistic. It is one in which the interests of the world are almost as much concerned as the interests of the empire.

If the empire is to remain united it is absolutely necessary that communication between the various parts should not be at the mercy of unscrupulous power.

## ALLIES TO PUT CURB ON GERMAN SEA POWER

LONDON, Oct. 24.—Reuters Limited learns that the allied governments, as a result of mutual communications, are perfectly acquainted with and agreed upon the terms under which it will be possible to enter into negotiations for an armistice.

It should be observed that naval questions should never have been dealt with in any negotiations between the United States and Germany, and they are of first importance from the allies' viewpoint.

"The idea of the freedom of the seas as understood by Germany," says the Reuters dispatch, is not a matter that any allied government can accept at all. It would appear that the conditions precedent to an armistice must include the question of sea power, as well as land power, but hitherto Germany has always limited her remarks to land power.

"America, Great Britain, France and Italy owe so much to sea power in carrying on the war and in national development that they cannot omit con-

sideration of sea power from the discussions concerning the armistice. "The president never assumed that his conditions would be limited to the evacuation of occupied territories," as the Germans always argued. He put a number of questions to Germany after receiving the first note as a preliminary to placing the matter before the allies."

## COAL MINERS PLEDGE SUPPORT TO PERSHING

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., Oct. 24.—Assurance that the coal miners of the country will do their utmost to bring up sufficient coal to meet the needs of the armies in Europe in the way of munitions, food and other supplies, were contained in a message cabled by Frank J. Hayes, president of the United Mine Workers of America, to Gen. Pershing in France yesterday.

The message was in response to one from Gen. Pershing to the federal fuel administration a few days ago, setting forth the necessity of a maximum output of coal. President Hayes' message reads:

"In this crucial hour, the coal miners of America realize their responsibility and will continue to do their full duty."

"While your indomitable soldiers and their brave allies under Marshal Foch are fighting civilization's battle and winning at the point of their victorious bayonets the peace for which we stand—the lasting peace that your triumphant armies will dictate—the miners of America with depleted numbers are breaking production records. They will stand, steadfast and true, until their comrades in the field, under you, have achieved complete victory. This we pledge you."

## NEWS OF THE DAY IN THE POLICE COURT

Frank J. Welch, the young man who figured in an automobile accident near Glen Forest on the Lawrence road last evening, was arraigned before Judge Enright at this morning's session of the police court on a charge of drunkenness. Welch's race was badly scratched as a result of the accident. He entered a plea of guilty, but after Deputy Supt. Downey had told the story of the accident supplementing his story with the statement that the Lawrence police would call for the defendant to charge him with operating an automobile without a license and while under the influence of liquor, Welch's case was continued until tomorrow morning.

**Defendant Discharged**  
Melvin P. Boyd, charged with assault and battery upon John Goggin, the result of an automobile accident, which occurred in Gorham street some time ago and in the course of which the complainant was injured, was called on continuance this morning, and through his counsel he entered a plea of not guilty. Sergt. Edgar Hawley of the Students' Training corps at the Lowell Textile school, who was a witness of the accident, testified that on October 5 Boyd was driving his machine through Gorham street cityward. He said at that time the Goggin boy was standing in the centre of the street near an electric car and just as the Boyd machine came near him he ran right into the path of the auto. He said the boy was struck and run over by the auto, and he stated that in his opinion the accident "could not be avoided by the chauffeur. At this point the case was dismissed.

**A Direct Sentence**  
Emma Marchand and Anna Labarge, who yesterday were complained of for drunkenness, were this morning arraigned on complaints charging them with being lewd and wanton in their speech and behavior. The Marchand woman admitted her guilt, but her companion entered a plea of not guilty. After hearing the evidence the court found both guilty and ordered the Labarge woman committed to the common jail for a term of three months, while the case of the Marchand woman was continued until tomorrow so that her case may be more thoroughly investigated.

**Cases of Drunkenness**  
William King, a sailor, who yesterday was brought in on a complaint of drunkenness, was this morning turned over to the naval authorities.

Cases of drunkenness were disposed

## ONLY MEDICINE MADE FROM FRUIT

Extraordinary Success which "Fruit-a-lives" Has Achieved

One reason why "Fruit-a-lives" is so extraordinarily successful in giving relief to those suffering with Constipation, Torpid Liver, Indigestion, Chronic Headaches, Neuralgia, Kidney and Bladder Troubles, Rheumatism, Pain in the Back, Eczema and other Skin Affections, is, because it is the only medicine in the world made from fruit juices.

These "Fruit Liver Tablets" are composed of the medicinal principles found in apples, oranges, figs and prunes, together with the nerve tonics and antiseptics.

50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size 25c. At dealers or from FRUIT-A-LIVES Limited, OGDENSBURG, N. Y.

of as follows: Jeremiah Mahoney, \$10 fine; John P. Williams, suspended sentence of three months in jail with the understanding that he will leave the city at once; John Baras, case continued until tomorrow morning.

**Withdraws His Appeal**

Arthur Pontbriand, who yesterday was sentenced to three months in jail after being found guilty of assault and battery upon two little girls, and who appealed, asked the court's permission to withdraw his appeal this morning and his request was granted. The court then ordered the sentence changed from three to two months.

## MARRIAGE INTENTIONS

The following marriage intentions have been filed at the office of the city clerk recently:

Arthur J. Lavergne, 325 Lakeview avenue, 31, soldier; Sarah P. Clement, 514 School, 24, Shawhosier.

Melvin P. Sweet, 1629 Gorham, 20, shoemaker; Olive F. Southwick, 455 Central, 25, United States Cartridge Co. George L. Bowley, 115 Bridge, 37, chauffeur; Alberta M. Watte, Boston, 23, waitress.

Antonio T. Branco, 28 Keene, 23, laborer; Amelia P. Marques, 31 Tyler, 20, operative.

Albert Paradis, 25 Kirk, 20, operative; Louise Letourneau, 106 Worthen, 24, hosier.

Charles E. Fisher, 10 Runnels place, 21, United States navy; Helen C. McDermott, 82 Fulton, 19, at home.

Wilfred E. Reilly, 946 Central, 25, signalman; Mae E. Bodkin, 16 Adams avenue, 24, at home.

Vasilios Ratos, 9 Hanover, 23, United States Cartridge Co.; Erving Klemm, 9 Hanover, 23, operative.

John P. Hogan, 127 West Sixth, 27, dresser tender; Margaret Quinn, 1 West Burdette avenue, 25, spooler.

Edouard Mirault, 240 East Merrimack, 37, weaver; Cora Caron, 236 E. Merrimack, 38, housework.

Roy H. Bartlett, 220 Beacon, 21, seaman, U.S.N.; Florence M. Weinbeck, 192 Wentworth avenue, 21, inspector, munitions.

## COURSE OF AMERICAN LITERATURE AND CIVILIZATION IN UNIVERSITY OF PARIS

PARIS, Oct. 16.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—A course in American literature and civilization has just been instituted at Sorbonne (the university of Paris) by the French minister of public instruction. Its purpose is to promote in the sphere of intellectual interests the same close and cordial relations between France and the United States that are now binding the two republics together on other fields. It is hoped to transform this course into a regular professorship and equip it with funds for a library as well as to institute research travels in America.

Professor Charles Cestre, head of the English department at Bordeaux, has been appointed director of the course. When a student at the Sorbonne, he was the first French student to go to America to take advantage of the English department in a great American university. He graduated from Harvard in 1897, and became an instructor there in 1898. He has written many books and magazine articles and has lectured much in France on American universities and institutions. He was an exchange professor at Harvard in 1917-18, and afterwards travelled through the states as official lecturer of L'Alliance Française.

## OBSERVANCE OF FOUNDERS' DAY AT MOUNT HOLYOKE COLLEGE CANCELLED

SOUTH HADLEY, Oct. 24.—Plans for the observance of Founders' Day at Mount Holyoke college have been cancelled because of the influenza situation. In announcing this decision today, President Mary E. Woolley stated that although conditions at the institution were normal, the fact that the epidemic was still at its height in New York and other parts of the country, made it inadvisable to observe the anniversary this year.

## 12 FOUNDATION STONES OF HEBREW UNIVERSITY IN JERUSALEM LAID

PALESTINE, Oct. 5.—(Correspondence of The Associated Press.)—The foundation stones of the Hebrew university at Jerusalem, recently laid in the presence of General Allenby and representatives of the French and Italian detachments, are 12 in number, one for each of the 12 tribes of Israel.

The site of the university is on the summit of the Mount of Olives, facing Jerusalem on the one side and the hills of Moab on the other.

## BAN LIFTED AT PORTLAND

PORTLAND, Me., Oct. 24.—The ban placed on public gatherings three weeks ago because of the influenza epidemic, was removed today by the board of health. This takes effect in churches on Sunday and in schools, theatres and other public places on Monday.

If you want to reach the people who spend their money in Lowell advertise in The Sun. Lowell's greatest newspaper.

## STORE CLOSED FRIDAY AT 6.30 P. M.

ON ACCOUNT OF THIS EARLY CLOSING, OUR USUAL FRIDAY NIGHT SPECIALS WILL BE ON SALE ALL DAY FRIDAY

# Who Sells the Best Clothing in the City At the Lowest Prices?

An important question when men are buying Suits and Overcoats for Fall and Winter.

Some 10 or more men's clothing stores will be making their claims in the newspapers tomorrow.

Most of them will be saying as loudly as type can shout—

## Best Clothing Lowest Prices

It is confusing. They cannot all be right—yet it stands to reason that in some of these stores you are going to get better clothing and better service at the same or lower cost than in others.

What is a man to do?

Well, for one thing, he should use his good judgment and choose at this time a store which he himself has tried and found trustworthy. Or (if he has not tried any store in this city) choose a store his friends know to be reliable.

In these times of stress, a good name is invaluable to both a store and its customers.

The Merrimack Clothing Store has an enviable reputation for service, for honesty, for integrity, built up by many years of earnestly striving to be of utmost service to the people. On every hand you hear—

"IF YOU WANT TO BE SURE OF IT,

BUY IT AT THE

## MERRIMACK

We invite you to come and inspect our tremendous stock of strictly all wool hand-tailored Men's Suits and Overcoats, made by A. Shuman & Co., at prices as low as you are asked to pay for cotton and shoddy goods elsewhere.

PLENTY OF NEW FALL SUITS AND OVERCOATS AT

**\$25.00**

Others at \$30, \$35 and \$40.

Buy your Fall Suit or Overcoat at the Merrimack and insure yourself against fake clothing.

# Merrimack Clothing Co.

ACROSS FROM CITY HALL

CLOSED FRIDAY AT 6.30 P. M.

## SPECIALS ALL DAY FRIDAY

From 8.30 A. M. to 6.30 P. M. Only

Men's \$30.00 Suits.....\$26.50

Men's Last Season's Suits, values up to \$25 .....\$12.75

Men's \$35 Overcoats.....\$31.50

Men's \$4.00 Worsted Pants.....\$3.25

Men's \$5.00 Blue Serge Pants.....\$4.25

Men's \$3.00 Soft Hats.....\$2.65

Men's \$1.50 Caps.....\$1.20

Men's \$2.00 Umbrellas.....\$1.65

Men's \$1.50 Neg. Shirts \$1.20 3 for \$3.50

Men's \$1.00 Neckwear.....79c

Men's 25c Collars (slightly soiled).....5c

Men's Silk and Lisle Stockings, value up to \$1.00.....35c, 3 Pairs \$1.00

Men's All Wool and Cassimere Stockings, values up to 65c, 35c, 3 Pairs \$1

Men's 35c Value Cotton Stockings.....25c

Men's 25c Value Cotton Stockings.....19c

Men's \$4.00 Wool Union Suits.....\$3.25

Men's \$2.00 Winter Union Suits.....\$1.65

Men's \$2.00 Odd Wool Undershirts, \$1.39

Men's \$1.50 Wool Process Shirts or Drawers .....\$1.20

Men's \$3.00 Gray Flannel Shirts, \$2.25

Men's \$1.50 Black or Blue Working Shirts .....\$1.19

Men's \$1.50 Flannel Night Shirts, \$1.20

Ladies' \$50 Winter Coats.....\$42.50

Ladies' \$45 Winter Suits.....\$39.50

Ladies' \$12.50 Skirts.....\$9.75

Ladies' \$6.95 All Wool Skirts.....\$4.95

Ladies' \$18.50 Satin and Serge Dresses .....\$14.75

Ladies' \$5.95 Silk Waists.....\$4.39

Ladies' \$7.50 Bath Robes (slightly soiled) .....\$2.98

Ladies' \$1.98 Petitcoats.....\$1.49

Ladies' 98c Waists.....79c

Boys' \$15 Suits.....\$12.75

Boys' \$12 Suits.....\$9.75

Boys' \$6.00 Wool Sweaters.....\$4.95

Boys' \$1.50 Odd Knicker Pants.....95c

Boys' 50c Shirts or Drawers, 29c, 4 pieces \$1.00

Boys' \$1.00 Odd Hats.....29c

Boys' 89c Shirts or Waists.....69c

Boys' 50c Neckwear.....35c

Boys' 35c Stockings.....29c

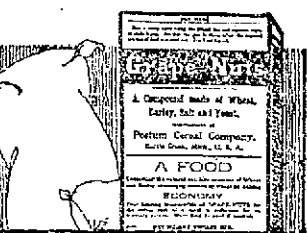
## LADIES READ THIS

Friday We Will Put On Sale About

**50 SAMPLE FUR NECK PIECES**

And About 25 Muffs at About Half Price

If you have any thought of a fur piece for this winter it will pay you well to be here Friday. They are Black and Taupe Foxes, Black Wolves and Nutria.



## Saving Sugar and Wheat

is comfortably done when one uses

## Grape-Nuts

This cereal food is composed partly of barley and contains its own sugar made from its own grains.

A truly wonderful Food, ready to eat.

"There's a Reason"

BUY THRIFT STAMPS



SAVE PEACH STONES

## Four Particularly Good Values

THAT WERE CROWDED OUT OF THE BASEMENT SECTION OF OUR BIG ADVERTISEMENT ON PAGE FIVE.

\$7.50 Kilt Coney Muffs .....\$4.98

Many splendid models in All Wool Serge and Panama Dresses, \$18.50 and \$22.50 ....\$12.98

Women's Flannel Night Gowns, trimmed with silk embroidery, full sizes, \$2.25 value .....\$1.69

Children's Cut Plush Coats, sizes 2 to 6, pretty shades and styles, \$7.50 values .....\$4.98

## The Observant Lady

I was walking in the North common district a short time ago, when I met Letter Carrier No. 35 who has been carrying mail in this section of the city for many years. In the course of our conversation he brought up the subject of the old Bartlett school and commented on the recent decision at city hall to tear down the old school house. He said he was a graduate of the school and went on to enumerate the many prominent citizens of Lowell who graduated from it. He spoke of the "old days" with reverence mingled with happiness and his eyes brightened not a little as he recalled the happy hours spent there, included in the various names of Lowell business men and politicians, was that of a leading druggist. When broached on the subject of the old school house this man also showed his enthusiasm regarding the old school days, and expressed the intention of looking up some pictures of pupils taken many years ago.

The drug stores have been such busy centers during the past few weeks that one ought not to expect business men in these days when the grip has made so many demands on them to spend a great deal of valuable time in connection with certain favorite topics, but it does not signify that they are less interested in the events which will live in their memory as long as they live.

Saturday is a busy day in the fall season for the shoe dealers. Sales are made thick and fast and need not to say every customer expects fairly prompt attention, and in order to make this possible it is often necessary to augment the staff of shoe salesmen. The other day I purchased new footwear in a local store from a woman clerk. After making inquiry as to her presence, I learned that she was the wife of the manager of the store and during his illness she was endeavoring to assist the men in the rush hours. Many of the styles were not familiar to her, but she was not one to be easily discouraged and after a brief question put to one of the older salesmen she would lose no time in finding what she wanted and you could safely bet that she could find it. There have been numerous instances of co-operation during the past few weeks, due to inability on the part of certain members of the household to assume their duties and many times a father has been known to cook the meals and attend to the sundry tasks connected with the daily routine of the housewife in families where illness prevailed.

On the down town street it is not an uncommon sight to see small newsboys, many as young as eight and ten years of age, gathering the remains of cigarettes which have been cast away in the debris of the street. I realize that youngsters acquire this habit from watching the example of older boys and this state of affairs is nothing new, but the sad feature of it is that at the present time they are able to collect a large quantity of cigarettes that have been used but very little. Despite the fact that the price has ad-

vanced about 30 per cent. during the past year or so, the average young man is earning such large wages that he does not consider it an extravagant act to throw away his "smokes" after indulging in his favorite pastime for only a few "draws." When I learned yesterday that the police department would take drastic steps to stop the gambling carried on in Lowell, the question rose in my mind as to whether the small boys who are simply supplied with nicotine by the careless, unthinking young men, would even be capable at maturity of throwing the dice and necessitating the attention of the police department as well as the citizens of the city.

I have been wondering lately why the automobiles still persist in passing a street car before the motorman has started his car. I find that the law which forbids this, still holds good and punishment may be meted out to offenders. When the street car stops, the automobile driver is expected to wait until the motorman starts the car, and unless the automobile is at a distance of eight feet away, it should not start ahead. Needless to say, the ordinary street is not so spacious as to warrant an automobile going this distance, running parallel with the street car. People who are lax in abiding by this law endanger the lives of many passengers, especially old people who cannot step around quickly and dodge machines. The police are not wholly to blame in this matter for it is next to impossible for them to watch every electric car and every automobile. The conductors can assist in guarding against danger from neglect in this way by reporting to the police the license number of the automobile and they will file a complaint and swear out a warrant against the infractor.

## STATUS OF AMERICAN INVESTMENT IN MEXICO

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The status of American investment in Mexico is an object of concern to the United States. Future relations, not only with Mexico, but with the whole of Latin America, may be affected by the outcome of the dispute over the possession of land and mineral rights in the Tampico oil district, says a review of the oil situation just issued by the department of commerce.

The government, as well as oil interests, is watching carefully the progress of suits instituted in the Mexican courts by the American, British, French and Dutch oil companies, for relief from the program of the Carranza government, arising from a provision of the Mexican constitution of 1917 which attempts to vest in the nation only the right to minerals and oils under the soil of the republic. "In its bearing on our future commercial relations with Latin America," declares the review by the department

of commerce, "the status of our investments in Mexico involves far-reaching possibilities. If all our foreign investments were to be transferred from the state of property, duly acquired with guarantees of permanence (such as occur in the Mexican mining laws of 1884, 1893 and 1899) to the state of temporary concessions, requiring renewal from time to time by contract, in the wording of which we have no share, we should face an unprecedented situation. Our commercial relations, not only with Mexico but

with all of Latin America depends upon mutual confidence. The liberal supplies which the United States has granted to Mexico, together with Ambassador Fletcher's note of April 2, constitute our side of the present case. A signal factor, however, will be the decision of the Mexican courts upon the suits now in progress."

The note April 2 referred to was handed to the Mexican government after all oil companies operating in the Tampico fields had been ordered to file manifests of property under penalty of confiscation and it had been decreed that new taxes called "rentals" and "royalties" should be imposed. It declared that "the United States cannot acquiesce in any procedure ostensibly or nominally in the form of taxation or the exercise of eminent domain, but really resulting in confiscation and arbitrary deprivation of vested rights." At the same time the British, French and Dutch governments notified the Carranza government that in the event confiscatory measures were put into effect they "would be obliged to protest their own interests." This resulted in a modification of the decree of confiscation.

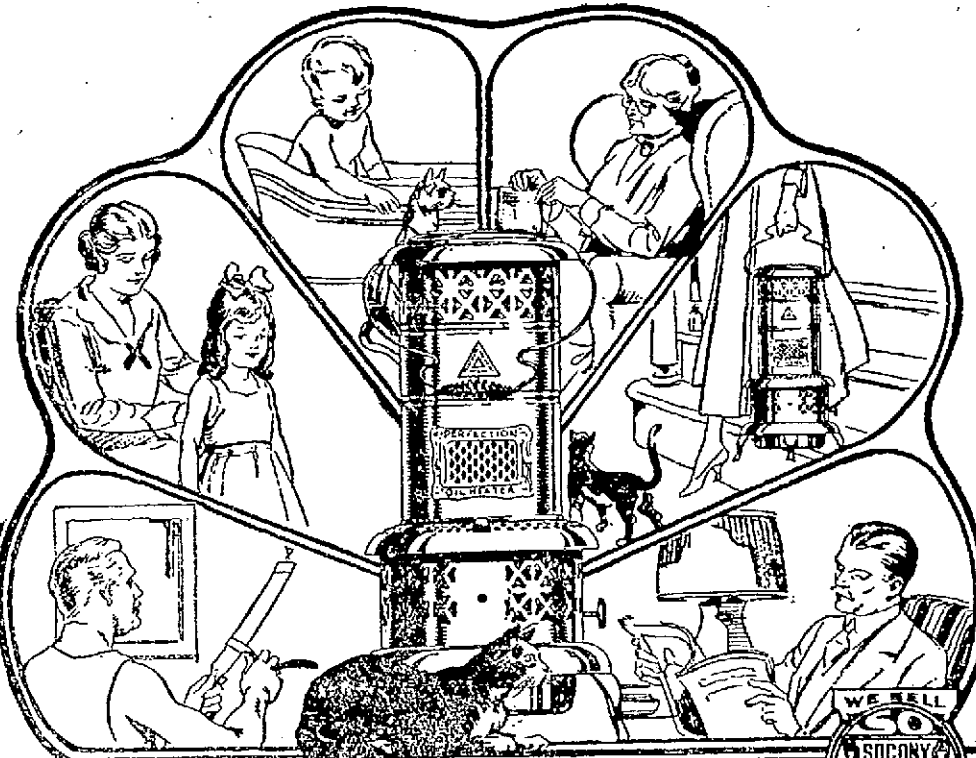
Article 27 of the new Mexican constitution is the center of the dispute. Three decrees have been issued under its provisions, imposing conditions on the oil companies which the regard as confiscation. The constitutional article provides that ownership of all petroleum is vested in the nation; that only Mexicans by right of birth or naturalization have the right to acquire the ownership in lands, waters or mineral fuels in the Republic, but that the government may grant the same right to foreigners, if they agree to be considered and treated as Mexicans and waive all right of protection from their home governments, forfeiture of their property being the penalty for such an appeal.

It has openly been charged that the Mexican government was unduly influenced by German agents who hoped through the decree to cut off the supplies of fuel oil needed to keep the allied navies and merchant fleets at sea as the vesting of sole rights to this fuel in a neutral government would make the Tampico production national contraband and prevent its sale by Mexico or producers operating under contracts with Mexico, to the allied governments.

Inasmuch as Mexico ranks third among the oil-producing nations of the world and Russia, which stood second no longer is furnishing any appreciable quantity, the Tampico production was vitally necessary to the nations at war; and the American, British, French and Dutch companies, acting under advice of their governments, refused to file the demand manifests and applied to the Mexican courts for relief.

Not one of the American companies operating in Mexico, says the department of commerce report, ever has obtained a concession of land from the Mexican government, their contracts of purchase or lease having in every case been made with private owners who held titles extending back often, for more than 250 years.

The demands of the war for fuel are continually increasing, according to the review. Petroleum stocks in the United States were reduced by 8,034,635 barrels during the first six months of 1918. With heavy increases in shipping, many of the new ships being oil burners, a further demand may be expected. At least 2,500,000 barrels of Mexican oil per month has been used in the past in connection with the military and domestic needs of the United States and estimates of the present need place the requirements as high as 1,000,000 barrels a month. In ad-



## Comfort in Every Room

From getting-up time till bedtime, Perfection Oil Heaters radiate generous, inexpensive, wholesome warmth. Both before and after the steam is turned on, emergencies make a Perfection Oil Heater a necessity.

Carry a Perfection Oil Heater from room to room, and say goodbye to chill.

Fill it with one gallon of **So-Co-Ny Oil**, and enjoy 8 hours of cosy comfort. No smoke nor smell, no trouble to fill, light and keep clean.

Sold by hardware and general stores.

STANDARD OIL COMPANY OF NEW YORK

**PERFECTION OIL HEATERS** Look for the Triangle Trade Mark

## VILLAGES RUINED

Wilful Devastation of Towns That Were Never Within Range of Artillery

Fleeing Huns Ignore Pleas of People to Spare Home and Put Torch to Every House

WITH THE FRENCH ARMY IN CHIAMPAGNE, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—(By the Associated Press).—Detachments of engineers from General Gouraud's army, in exploring the region from which the Germans have been driven in this sector, have discovered in many villages, evidences of the method by which the destruction of dwellings, churches and other public buildings was organized.

The region along the Retourne bounds with indications of wilful devastation of villages that were never within range of artillery, but were found razed to the ground. In others where houses were still erect, they were mined for slow destruction while purely military installations such as barracks built by the Germans for their own occupancy, were left intact.

Torch Put to Every House Orders for the burning of Juville, a large village in the valley of the Retourne, arrived on the day of evacuation. The Germans had built comfortable quarters, with casinos, officers' clubs, moving picture theatres, hotels and rest houses, for the soldiers in the village. The people pleaded with the officers to spare their homes, but the torch was put to every house. The village was one vast brazier when the torch was put to it.

In addition, the navies of the allies, especially the British, require fuel oil, mostly obtained from Mexico, to keep them on the high seas.

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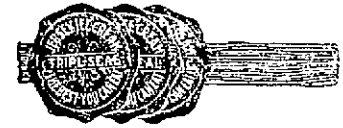
## When Convalescing

JERSEY ICE CREAM, because of its purity and nutritive food value will be found a splendid sick room delicacy.

## JERSEY TRIPL-SEAL BRICKS

Come to your dealer 100% pure. Three hygienic wrappings make contamination by germs impossible. Jersey Ice Cream is clarified and pasteurized before freezing, eliminating all chance of infection. And the materials used in making it are of the highest standard of purity and richness.

For your table and your sick room, use Jersey Ice Cream and be sure to ask for the Tripl-Seal Bricks.



The following dealers have it:

## LOWELL

James J. Brown, 391 Broadway.  
P. N. Brunelle Pharmacy, 33 East Merrimack St.  
J. H. Coyle 298 Fayette St.  
J. P. Cooney, 6 Davis Sq.  
Dows' Drug Store, Bridge St.  
Dows' Drug Store, Merrimack St.  
W. H. Noonan, 305 Bridge St.

Opera House Pharmacy, Central St.  
Pawtucket Pharmacy, 726 Moody St.  
D. B. Smith Co., 46 Stevens St.  
A. Thomasson, 557 Central St.  
R. F. Webster, 401 Bridge St.  
H. Willis, Chelmsford St.  
Walter Jackson, 810 Central St.

## JERSEY ICE CREAM

French entered St. Mont St. Remy shared the same fate.

Find Mines Under Buildings Chatel, Alincourt, Bignicourt and Ville-sur-Retoulse were partially saved because the French troops pressed the Germans there so closely that the sappers left behind to do the work were surprised. Some of these men fled before they could set off the mines which had been prepared. Others were captured. It has been necessary for French sappers and miners to explore the cellar of every house remaining intact in this region. Under most of them, mines have been found. Mouths of wells were so mined that explosions would fill them with rock and earth. At Aussonce, mines were discovered labelled to indicate the class of destruction for which they were prepared. These mines were provided with glass tubes containing a corrosive liquid to eat away the wire connection with the mines and cause explosions within a lapse of time indicated on each tube. Some were marked for one hour, others for two, 12 and 24 hours. Some were marked for as high as 72 hours.

Preparations for the destruction of these villages went on in the presence of the people and in spite of their supplications. At Neuville, where a village implored that his home might be spared an officer replied: "I know it is an ignoble task, but such are our orders."

## IT'S NOT YOUR HEART; IT'S YOUR KIDNEYS

Kidney disease is no respecter of persons. It attacks all classes, regardless of age, sex or conditions. A majority of the ill-afflicted people today can be traced back to the kidney trouble.

The kidneys are the most important organs of the body. They are the filters, the purifiers of your blood. If the poison which are swept from the tissues by the blood are not eliminated through the kidneys, disease of one form or another will claim you as a victim.

Kidney disease is usually indicated by weariness, sleeplessness, nervousness, despondency, backache, stomach trouble, difficulty when urinating, pain in joints and lower abdomen, gall stones, gravel, rheumatism, sciatic and lumbago.

All these derangements are nature's signals to warn you that the kidneys need help. You should use GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules immediately. The soothing, healing oil stimulates the kidneys, relieves inflammation and destroys the germs which have caused it. Do not wait until tomorrow. Go to your druggist today and insist on his supplying you with a box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. In twenty-four hours you should feel health and vigor returning and will bless the day you first heard of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil.

## CHANGE OF TIME

Our store will open at 8 o'clock week day mornings and at 8:30 Sundays.

Closed every Wednesday at 12:30 p. m.

HOWARD The Druggist 197 Central St.

## REPLY TO AUSTRIA'S NOTE

Caused Panic in Financial Circles—Humiliating for Dual Monarchy

BASEL, Oct. 24.—President Wilson's reply to Austria's note, has had an overwhelming effect in Vienna, according to a despatch to the Frankfort Zeitung. Not only was there a violent panic in financial circles, but the note was considered in political quarters as being extremely humiliating for the dual monarchy.

## Save the Babies

INFANT MORTALITY is something frightful. We can hardly realize that of all the children born in civilized countries, twenty-two per cent., or nearly one-quarter, die before they reach one year; thirty-seven per cent., or more than one-third, before they are five, and one-half before they are fifteen!

We do not hesitate to say that a timely use of Castoria would save many of these precious lives. Neither do we hesitate to say that many of these infantile deaths are occasioned by the use of narcotic preparations. Drops, tinctures and soothing syrups sold for children's complaints contain more or less opium or morphine. They are, in considerable quantities, deadly poisons. In any quantity, they stupify, retard circulation and lead to congestions, sickness, death. There can be no danger in the use of Castoria if it bears the signature of Chas. H. Fletcher as it contains no opiates or narcotics of any kind.

## Letters from Prominent Physicians addressed to Chas. H. Fletcher.

Dr. A. F. Peeler, of St. Louis, Mo., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in many cases and have always found it an efficient and speedy remedy."

Dr. Frederick D. Rogers, of Chicago, Ill., says: "I have found Fletcher's Castoria very useful in the treatment of children's complaints."

Dr. William C. Bloomer, of Cleveland, Ohio, says: "In my practice I am glad to recommend your Castoria, knowing it is perfectly harmless and always satisfactory."

Dr. E. Down, of Philadelphia, Pa., says: "I have prescribed your Castoria in my practice for many years with great satisfaction to myself and benefit to my patients."

Dr. Gustave A. Eisengraeber, of St. Paul, Minn., says: "I have used your Castoria repeatedly in my practice with good results, and can recommend it as an excellent, mild and harmless remedy for children."

Dr. J. B. Elliott, of New York City, says: "Having during the past six years prescribed your Castoria for infantile stomach disorders, I most heartily commend its use. The formula contains nothing deleterious to the most delicate of children."

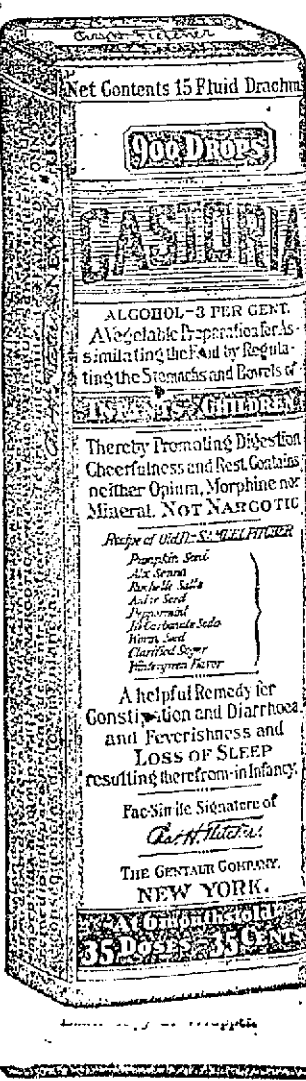
Dr. C. G. Sprague, of Omaha, Neb., says: "Your Castoria is an ideal medicine for children, and I frequently prescribe it. While I do not advocate the indiscriminate use of proprietary medicines, yet Castoria is an exception for conditions which arise in the care of children."

Dr. J. A. Parker, of Kansas City, Mo., says: "Your Castoria holds the esteem of the medical profession in a manner held by no other proprietary preparation. It is a sure and reliable medicine for infants and children. In fact, it is the universal household remedy for infantile ailments."

Dr. H. F. Merrill, of Augusta, Me., says: "Castoria is one of the very finest and most remarkable remedies for infants and children. In my opinion your Castoria has saved thousands from an early grave. I can furnish hundreds of testimonials from this locality as to its efficiency and merits."

**GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS Bears the Signature of**

**Chas. H. Fletcher.**  
In Use For Over 30 Years  
The Kind You Have Always Bought  
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.



## Moody Bridge Garage

UNDER NEW MANAGEMENT.

**AMOS P. BEST, Prop.**

I wish to announce that I have taken this garage and intend to conduct it with a view to fair dealing to all.

The manager of the work-shop is one of the best money could secure, while the shop itself is the best equipped in the city for light or heavy work.

If you want your car overhauled, let us estimate! Prices right and work guaranteed.

The garage has been enlarged to accommodate 100 or more cars, and there are still some spaces to let at reasonable rates.

We carry a full stock of oils and gasoline.

FREE AIR.

TEL. 2053.



COMMISSIONS FOR TWO  
LOWELL MEN

Capt. C. Frank Dupree, commander of Co. C of the local state guard, and Dr. John F. Krasnye of 29 Bridge street, have received commissions as first lieutenants in the ordnance department and medical corps, respectively.

Capt. Dupree is a veteran military man, having been connected with Co. K of the old Sixth regiment as far back as 1896. He made his way to the office of second lieutenant of the unit and later became a member of the mounted scout section of the Sixth regiment. Upon the organization of the state guard he became second lieutenant in Co. C and later was promoted to first lieutenant. He was afterward transferred to Co. C and given a captain's commission.

Lieut. Dupree is affiliated with the Appleton Mfg. Co. as mill engineer. He will report for duty at Washington next Monday.

Dr. Krasnye only recently entered the local medical fraternity but had built up a substantial practice and was fast gaining an excellent reputation in his chosen profession. His office is in Keith's Theatre building.

LABOR SHORTAGE AT THE  
WATERTOWN ARSENAL

A shortage of labor is seriously affecting the work at the large Government Arsenal at Watertown. Considerable machinery is lying idle because of a lack of operators to run it while shipments of guns and projectiles to the American forces in France are being held up as a result. At the present time the Arsenal is operating only 75 per cent. of its capacity.

Military men who are conversant with the true situation of affairs in Europe do not look for an immediate ending of the war. The Germans are making a masterly retreat they point out and are experiencing but small losses in men and materials in comparison to the immensity of their movement. There is no sign yet of a rout and it is probable that they will be able to retire to well fortified lines by the time the bad weather makes offensive warfare on a large scale impossible.

Internal conditions in Germany may change the complexion of the situation but this is only a guess. Meanwhile the United States government is continuing its program of preparation for a campaign in 1919 and in 1920.

Today the demand from the other side is for guns and ammunition. Men can be procured through the workings of the draft, but it is material with which to fight that the military leaders are now asking. If Germany is to be thoroughly beaten it will be because the allies have a preponderance of material. The sooner the material can be put on the fighting line, the sooner will the war be over.

The people at home must supply this fighting material and it is in the hands of those stay-at-homes that the shortening of the war and lessening of the American losses rest.

Men in non-essential industries are not doing their share in bringing victory to the allies. To these men the government appeals. In this vicinity there are hundreds of mechanics who are doing work considered non-essential. Later they will be confronted with the "work or fight" order, but until this order is enforced the workers have an opportunity to choose their own employment.

The Watertown arsenal offers steady work at war-time pay; good conditions; clean homes in which to live, and everything that an American can expect. There is immediate need of approximately 1500 toolmakers, machinists, helpers and operators. The positions are open to American citizens and to friendly aliens who have taken out their first papers.

Further information can be obtained at the arsenal or at the local office of the United States Employment Service.

BIG DECREASE IN SHIP  
LOSSES LAST MONTH

LONDON, Oct. 21.—The amount of merchant shipping sunk by enemy action, excluding marine risk, during September, was lower than any month since August, 1916. It was considerably below the record of June, the previous lowest month of this year, and also below the monthly average in 1916, according to the announcement issued by the admiralty last night. Losses to British shipping due to enemy action and marine risk during the month was 151,593 gross tons, compared with 176,434 in August and 209,212 in September of last year. The losses for the quarter embracing July, August and September of the present year were 510,551 gross tons, compared with 952,933 for the corresponding quarter of last year.

During Sept. 7, 515,061 tons of shipping entered and cleared from United Kingdom ports.

WITH THE FIREMEN  
The members of the fire department responded to five telephone and still alarms yesterday afternoon, but all the fires were of a minor nature. There was an ash barrel fire in Cherry street, a slight auto fire on the Hale street railroad bridge, a grass fire in West-Sixth street, a bed fire in High street and a dump fire in the rear of the Lowell Textile school.

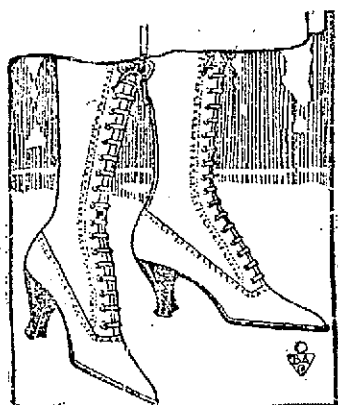
USE OF SACCHARINE IN FOODS  
STILL REGARDED AS AN  
ADULTERATION

WASHINGTON, Oct. 21.—Use of saccharine in foods is still regarded as an adulteration under the goods and drugs act by the Department of Agriculture. The department announced today that requests of various interests for reversal or at least reconsideration of an old ruling on this subject had been denied. It is held that saccharine as a substitute for sugar reduced the food value and that persistent use of it is likely to impair digestion.

## 3 of the BEST SALES in our HISTORY

## SCHEDULED for FRIDAY and SATURDAY

One of the chief war time missions of Chalifoux's, this fall and winter, is to enable its customers to dress warmly and well without biting their lips in vexation at the prices. Prices are low—LOW. We cannot emphasize too strongly. But of far more importance is QUALITY. And when you can get quality at low prices, your thoughts must flash the signal for instant action.



## GOOD SHOES ARE VITAL TO GOOD HEALTH

**Sale** WOMEN'S UP TO \$10 SAMPLES 500 PAIRS OF **Shoes**

Sizes 3 to 5, all Goodyear welts. Kid and calf skin; black, brown, mahogany, gray and combination colors. High lace models, cloth or leather tops, military and Cuban heels. **\$4.98**

**Men's \$1.50 SHAWMUT RUBBERS in All Styles and Sizes.....\$1.15**

Buy rubbers before the storm—not during or after. Don't give your shoes and feet a chance to get wet. It will damage your shoes more than the price of the rubbers and may lead to sickness, expense and loss of time. A pair of rubbers may save the day. Act at once.

**Sale** MEN'S \$6 TO \$8 AMERICAN GENTLEMEN **Shoes**

Made by the Hamilton Brown Shoe Co. which knows how to make only good shoes. Gun metal, brown English last or vice kid. Great Basement Shoe Store, Friday and Saturday. Don't miss this sale. **\$4.98**



## 260 Women's LUXURIOUS WARM COATS OF THE LATEST FASHION

Worth \$25.00 to \$55.00, to be sold in our great Basement Store **\$13.98** AND **\$19.98** Friday and Saturday at two prices.....

## WONDERFUL SALT'S PLUSH COATS ARE \$19.98

Can any woman doubt their value (up to \$55.00)? Read all about this value in the next two columns.

**\$13.98** **Lot Includes** **VALUES** **\$13.98**

All wool velours, Lormiers chevrons, burella cloth, oxfords, tibets. Black, navy and practically every correct fall and winter shade.

**\$19.98** **Lot Includes** **VALUES** **UP TO \$55.00** **19.98**

Salt's plushes, Buffin seals, other silk plushes from the best American manufacturers. All blacks, trimmed with fur collars and cuffs. Skunk, cone and black dyed squirrel.

## Examples of Imperfections

One has a slight irregularity in the nap in an inconspicuous place. Does not show. Not noticeable unless your attention is called to it.

Another has a short thread. Only an expert would detect it. We will point out these imperfections to you. We want every customer to know exactly what she is getting.

THIS IS THE FIRST SALE OF SUCH MAGNITUDE EVER ANNOUNCED BY OUR GREAT BASEMENT STORE FOR WOMEN AND CHILDREN.

## FRIDAY AND SATURDAY

Will Be **COAT DAYS** At The



To put off buying these warm coats for children and girls up to 14 years is to run risks. And we've marked prices low enough to remove every excuse for delay.

Infants' White Chinchilla Coats, pretty new models, **\$5.98 to \$9.98**

White Corduroy Coats, lined and interlined, all new models.....**\$3.98 to \$6.98**

Infants' Cashmere Capes, heavy sateen lining, hood silk lined, daintily embroidered.....**\$5.98**

Elderdown Capes, warm and comfy looking.....**\$3.98**

Children's Heavy Velour Coats, smartly trimmed with plush, fully lined, colors are plum, oxford, brown and navy, sizes 6 to 14 years, **\$14.98**

Children's Coats, fancy velours and plush, fully lined, large collars, fancy pockets, distinctive styles.....**\$14.98**

Winter Coats, made of excellent corduroy in the newest and smartest models, some are fur trimmed, new pockets, buttons and buckles, lined and interlined, sizes from 2 to 6 years....**\$4.98**

Children's Broadcloth Coats, high waist line, full flared skirt, daintily smocked, colors are navy and green, **\$12.50**

More and more mothers are consulting our GRADUATE NURSE in regard to the care of children. This service is for those who hesitate as well as for those who are quick to see the advisability of a consultation and have taken advantage.

In Our Neckwear Dept.  
You Will Find

Large Draped War Bride Veils, chiffon and crepe borders, all colors.....**\$1.00 to \$3.00**

Crepe de Chine and Satin Fringe Trimmed Collars.....**\$1.00 to \$2.50**

Pique Collar and Cuff Sets.....**.50¢**

## Best Reasons in the World for these Furniture Values

Our Furniture Store must be condensed into a very small space during the holiday shopping season. Toys, Dolls and Games will have the entire main building section. Furniture stocks, until this October sale began, were the largest in our history. A further reduction is absolutely imperative. Time is short. Prices are low. Buy these specials. Look for others. Attractive terms on the Morris Plan.

## FOLDING COT BEDS

Hardwood frame with close woven spring. Easily folded, so as to put away when not in use. Very strong construction.....**\$3.25**

## SEWING OR CUTTING TABLE

Folding style, made of white maple, nicely furnished, has yard measure stamped on top.....**\$1.19**

## FURNITURE POLISH

A very fine polish, easily applied and will clean and polish the very finest of woodwork. Large bottle, with direction for use.....**19¢**

## DINING TABLES

All solid oak table, with 45 inch quartered oak plank top and heavy pedestal base, all beautifully polished.....**\$19.98**

## BUFFETS

Large, full size buffet, colonial style, with large deep drawers and cupboards, and large bevel plate mirror. Beautiful figured quartered oak and nicely polished.....**\$29.50**

## DINING CHAIRS

Solid quartered oak chairs, nicely furnished and polished, with comfortable back and slip seat, upholstered in genuine leather, each.....**\$3.50**

## WHITE ENAMELED CRIBS

All iron crib, strongly made, with high ends, high sides and National spring bottom.....**\$10.49**

## LULLABY CRIBS

Strongly made and nicely white enameled. Have rubber tired wheels. Just the thing for baby.....**\$3.59**

## NATIONAL SPRINGS

All iron frame spring, nicely bronzed. Guaranteed for good service: all sizes.....**\$6.38**

## MATTRESSES

All soft top and bottom mattresses, covered in good grade ticking: all sizes.....**\$6.98**

More Mothers Bring In Their Little Boys to Our

Boys' Clothing Store  
IN THE BASEMENT

We have the largest stock in our history and prices are very much lower than they would be had we not bought until now.

Boys' Overcoats, 3 to 10.....**\$8.00**

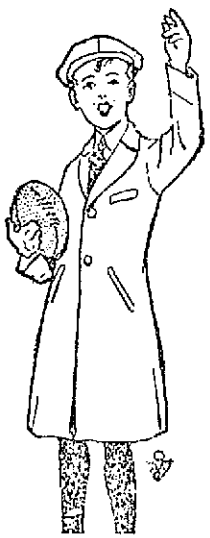
Other styles.....**\$6.50 to \$12.50**

Boys' Overcoats, 10 to 18.....**\$10.00**

Others to.....**\$18.00**

Every Coat Good and Warm.

Boys' Mackknaws.....**\$8.00**

EVERY MAN  
AND YOUNG MAN

In Lowell wants the kind of Overcoats we sell at

**\$10 to \$48**

The point is, we have the coat you want if you elect to come to Chalifoux's.

\$10 buys a good coat, made for last season before the great advance in materials.

\$48 buys the finest product of Adler-Rochester, preferred by many men who can afford custom made.

Prices gradually advance from \$10 to \$48. Every man may find his price.

Every man may find his size—medium, stout, short, tall or slender.

Every man may find his style, his material, his color.



CHESTERFIELDS	KERSHYS	BLUES, BROWNS,
ULSTERS	MELTONS	GREENS, GRAYS
ULSTERETTES	TWEEDS	TWO TONES
FORM FITTED COATS	CHEVIOTS	MIXTURES
BOX COATS	VICUNAS	OVERPLAIDS

MEN'S BLACK TOP COATS, all wool, unfinished worsted, **\$20.00**

ADLER-ROCHESTER CLOTHES may still be had for **\$25.00** Others to.....**\$48.00**

KNITTED TOP COATS, in brown and green mixtures, are **\$25.00**

A PAIR OF PANTS make your old suit last longer, **\$3.00 to \$9.50**

## MEN! BOYS!

THIS IS

Fall Underwear  
Weather

Why will men and boys persist in waiting for cold weather before purchasing warm underwear? There's absolutely nothing to be gained by delays and much may be lost.

Your health, your earning capacity, the welfare of those dependent upon you—all depend largely on how you dress.

This is underwear weather. Take warning.

Men's All Wool Shirts and Drawers in natural color..... <b>\$3.50</b>	Men's Heavy Wool Union Suits in natural gray..... <b>\$3.50</b>
Men's Wool Shirts and Drawers in gray..... <b>\$3.00</b>	Men's Medium Weight Wool Union Suits, close croch..... <b>\$3.50</b>
Men's Natural Wool Shirts and Drawers..... <b>\$2.00</b>	Men's Extra Heavy Wool Union Suits in gray..... <b>\$5.00</b>
Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Shirts and Drawers..... <b>\$1.50</b>	Men's Heavy Jersey Ribbed Shirts and Drawers, in ecru and oxford gray..... <b>\$1.50</b>
Men's Heavy Fleece Lined Union Suits..... <b>\$2.00</b>	



# THE LOWELL SUN

JOHN H. HARRINGTON, Proprietor

SUN BUILDING, MERRIMACK SQUARE, LOWELL, MASS.

Member of the Associated Press

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## GERMANY PLANS TRADE WAR

As a result of the war the South American republics have all fallen in line with the United States and almost entirely in full sympathy with its policies. Before the war several of them regarded the United States with suspicion and felt that the Monroe doctrine was maintained chiefly for the benefit of this country, although in reality it protected the small states of South America from foreign aggression.

If the war should end at the present time, the prospect would be that these South American countries would feel disposed to trade with the United States in preference to any other country. Before the war, they gave a large part of their trade to Germany; but the trade mark "Made in Germany" will no longer have any attraction for them or for their people although of many nationalities. On the contrary, such a brand upon commercial products will be a handicap for many years in almost any part of the world outside of the central powers. Germany already realizes this fact and is devising deep laid plans to secure the trade of the South American countries under a species of deception. She has established a great German bank in Spain which is to have a branch in every South American country. German goods will be shipped to these countries and sold under a Spanish name and the various branches of the German bank in Spain, ostensibly Spanish, will finance the transactions. This is a characteristic scheme by which Germany hopes to hold the trade of South American countries against all opposition. She intends to use the power of Spanish influence in South America as a bait to sell her goods.

It is evident that the economic war which will surely follow the military conflict is to be conducted with all the ingenuity the several nations can devise, each competing against all the others. The United States would make but poor use of her facilities and her opportunities if she allowed herself to be outdone by any European nation in winning the trade of the South American countries. It is not too soon to begin planning to meet this competition. The United States must have a bank in each of these countries and should also have agents stationed in each to look after our commercial interests in a more effective manner than was ever before attempted.

It would appear from this phase of Hun trickery, that Germany does not yet consider herself beaten. How does she know whether she will have any merchant marine after this war is over? If the military authorities of the entente decide that Germany's navy and her merchant marine shall be divided up pro rata among the allied nations in lieu of their losses by submarines, then Germany will not have much opportunity to compete with other nations for trade in South America or anywhere else, except so far as she can conduct her export trade in foreign bottoms.

This phase of the situation must appeal strongly to the allied powers as showing what Germany might do after the war if her powers of evil were not restricted. It is true that Germany is financially bankrupt, that her man power is depleted, but the fact remains that the ravages of war have not reached German territory. Her recuperation after the war, will therefore, be very much more rapid than that of France, Belgium or even Italy. These countries especially France and Belgium, will require many years to recover from the ruthless destruction worked by Germany. After the war, it appears, that Germany means to use Sweden, Holland and Spain as agencies through which to carry out her designs in foreign trade and commerce. Whether she will be able to pursue her usual underhand intrigue, will depend largely upon the conditions of peace, and the league of nations to be formed at the close of the war for the purpose of maintaining peace and enforcing justice in all international disputes.

## BELGIAN KING AND QUEEN

No feature of the recent successes on the western battlefield has been more thrilling than the reception given to the king and queen of Belgium on their visit to Ostend after its evacuation by the Germans. They came unannounced, one evening, and the people, then rejoicing over the departure of the enemy, on learning of their presence, rushed out en masse to greet them. The king and a British military official, who accompanied the royal couple, were carried on the shoulders of the people to the government buildings and there received an immense ovation. The queen was surrounded by the women and children, all seeking an opportunity to give proof of their love and veneration for this devoted friend of the people.

Never perhaps did the king and queen of any country make greater sacrifices for their people than did King Albert and Queen Elizabeth. They could have avoided any conflict with Germany by yielding to her demands, but by doing so they would have violated all the principles of decency, honor and chivalry. They fought the good fight and although their country has been ravaged by the

ruthless Teutons, Belgium will emerge from the war the most glorious small nation on earth, her king and queen the most glorified of living rulers.

But while the king and queen are to get high honors for their fidelity to right and patriotism, yet Cardinal Mercier is fully as deserving of honor for the manner in which he fought German authority and German outrages, defying German power to silence his protests or even to take his life. These three names will go down in history to be honored for all time for the glorious battle they have made for stricken Belgium and the cause of justice.

Yet it must be acknowledged that but for the aid of the United States in furnishing relief for the people, as well as the military power necessary to enable the entente to overcome Germany, the Belgian people might have been almost wiped out. Nothing that the United States has done in the war reflects more credit upon our benevolence and our unselfish motives, than what we have done for poor stricken Belgium while she was suffering under the cruel oppression of the ruthless Huns.

## THE "HOHENS" MUST GO

The president's reply to the recent appeal from Germany makes it quite clear that if the Hohenzollern dynasty were swept away the appeal for peace would not be open to the doubt and suspicion with which it is received. While the kaiser or even the crown prince remains at the head of the German government, the allies will be satisfied with nothing short of unconditional surrender.

Some of the German papers have already announced that if the imperial government as represented by the Hohenzollern dynasty has to be sacrificed in order to secure peace, the German people will pay the price. It seems that the German newspapers at least are getting down to a common sense view of the situation. It would be well if the allied powers would decide that there shall be no peace with Germany while the criminals who have been responsible for the war are at the head of the government. Let it be a sine qua non of the conditions of peace that the Hohenzollerns must go. The kaiser and his combination of autocrats and millionaires have been responsible for this war and all the suffering, all the deaths and all the destruction that it has brought upon the world. Let them be banished or punished as arch criminals.

Should Germany be able to secure a compromise peace at the present time, she would thereby win the war through diplomacy, after having failed to win it by the most brutal warfare ever conducted in the history of the world. It appears, however, that the allies with which the government of the United States is associated in the war, will not brook any compromise with the present German plea for peace. They regard it as coming from the same powers that plunged the world into war in 1914, the same designing, intriguing, untrustworthy and conscienceless clique.

This is the last effort of the German militarists to save their face with the German people. To grant their appeal for the termination of the war under any settlement that would rest in part with themselves, would be a surrender to Germany rather than the reverse. That is why the German appeal for peace will not prove acceptable to the allied powers.

## ITALY COMES BACK

Once again, according to reports, Italy is in fairly good fighting condition, having recuperated wonderfully since the crushing defeat inflicted by the Austrian drive. That defeat was due almost entirely to German propaganda. Italy since then has succeeded in a remarkable degree in reversing the situation. It must be remembered that her frontier is so mountainous that progress against the enemy is well nigh impossible except at a few points and even there the mountain passes are very precipitous. Italy has plenty of fighting men but she is short of food and munitions, although she has recently started up many munition factories that are doing excellent work. In case an invasion of Austria be decided upon by General Foch, Italy will take a leading part in the work, and can be relied upon to render valiant service in any undertaking to which her forces may be assigned whether on land or sea.

## GERMAN HONOR

Germany in her peace note appealed to President Wilson to save "her honor." Who that has watched the principled scheming of Germany would ever dream that such a thing as honor entered into the make-up of any of her statesmen or was to be found anywhere in her government. "German honor" must be understood as German Kultur from the German standpoint. Viewed in any other light, we can call it only the most deep-dyed racecraft. As a type of what "German honor" means, her treatment of Belgium will offer an illustration if it is remembered that Germany was one of the nations in honor bound to protect the neutrality of



"SCRAPS OF PAPER"

Belgium. Her honor was also shown in the sinking of the Lusitania and in thousands of other cases.

All good Americans hope and expect that as a nation we are close to that point of decision where our business with Germany, for some days carried on by means of notes, is to be entrusted to Marshal Foch of France whom we have appointed our supreme agent in Europe and to whose direction we entrust two millions of American fighting men. Grati-fyingly enough, each day we read that Marshal Foch is getting nearer to the kaiser and soon may be in a position to talk things over with Bill face to face.

Great Britain need never show a disposition to turn up her nose at Our Lady of the Snows, to the north—and, truth to tell, we don't know as Great Britain ever has shown a disposition to do this. One of the things we have in mind is, that Canada this fall will loan Great Britain \$500,000,000, making a total since the war started of \$1,250,000,000. But the service of her fighting men was the greatest contribution.

Many merchants will tell you that they do not think they need to advertise in a paper or in any other way because so many people, they notice, pass their door every day. "That's just the point," says the live ad man, "advertise and you bring some of the procession passing your door to a halt with the fair presumption that your live newspaper ad will induce them to enter the door and do some shopping."

A Lewiston boy who is a member of the 101st engineers, now on duty overseas, wrote to his wife that the battle cry of the engineers when they went into the big drive was, "Heaven, Hell or Home by Christmas." That is as fatalistic, as desperately earnest and heroic as anything German philosophy ever taught. But then, why quote German philosophy? It was taught but not heeded.

A company at Victoria, B. C., says it has captured 1000 whales this season. We might dilate at length on the number of corsets those 1000 whales would furnish bone for, the number of whale steaks they would provide, the barrels of oil furnished and other interesting data but in the press of business, suffice it to say this is not a fish story.

In the case of Denmark plucking up courage enough to remind Germany she hasn't kept to the terms of treaties executed between the two countries 50 years ago, it reminds us of David and Goliath and we might hope that the Danes have a large, pointed stone for their sling were it not for the fact that the Danes haven't done sling shot work for many years.

It didn't surprise us when we read, buried away among some dry market items, that it was expected the production of attar of roses this year in Bulgaria would be considerably below what was produced in 1917. Based on Bulgaria's record we can't conceive of anything like a sweet odor coming out of Bulgaria.

In connection with that Boston news item to the effect that James Sullivan, many years baker for the fashionable Hotel Brunswick in that city, and who left an estate of \$35,000, it is safe to assume that James knew enough to save both kinds of "dough."

## SEEN AND HEARD

It looks as if that "crumbling" Bolshevik regime would outlast the kaiser's.

If the flu kills next month's political activities it won't have been an unmixed evil.

Reliable fishermen report that even the German carp are swimming backward these days!

What would the war poets do if "tanks" didn't rhyme with "tanks" and "Hun" with "run"?

"Smaller? No reformer has yet blamed the flu epidemic on the low cut waists and silk stockings of the wimmin folks.

Have you noticed that the arch fiend of Berlin neglected to promise himself a Christmas dinner in Paris this year?

When peace comes are we going to punish all those palatially interned German spies by driving them out into the miseries of civil life?

When old Bill Bay State puts on his ten-cent fare schedule we know someone who will invest a few dollars in a second or (third) hand flivver.

Use of the Hammer  
A British gunner who had successfully passed a blacksmith course was home on furlough. A civilian, noticing the insignia on his sleeve, namely the hammer and tongs, asked what it meant.

"Oh," said Tommy, "I'm an army dentist."

"I see," said the civilian. "Of course the pliers are for extracting teeth. But what's the idea of the hammer?"

"Well, you see it's like this," explained Tommy. "Some of the chaps are a bit nervous, so we use the hammer to chloroform them."

Two Sides of the Story  
With pathetic tears on her baby cheeks, little Ethel ran up to the big, stalwart policeman.

"P-p-please, sir," she sobbed, "will you come and lock a bad man up?"

"What's he been doing?" asked the man in blue gaiters.

"Oo-boo-boo," wailed Ethel; "he's b-b-broken up my hoop wif 'is nasty bicycle."

"Has he?" replied the bobbie angrily, as he saw her tears flow afresh.

"Where is he?"

"Oh, you'll easily catch 'im," said Ethel, drying her tears. "They've just carried 'im into that chemist's shop on a shutter!"—Argonaut.

False Fruit  
We were standing on the back platform of the car the other morning, and it was crowded, and somebody dropped some money.

And we all stooped down to look around one another's feet for it, and the result was three pennies.

Nobody in the crowd claimed them. Not even the conductor.

Three honest pennies. And nobody wanted to own them.

We've heard 'em kick like a mule because their favorite smokes were raised two cents!

There were women in the crowd too—and you know how a woman will use up a dollar's worth of time over a couple of pennies more or less when on a shopping expedition! "S' a gay life."

bath when they are in the trenches. They remain there for a few days at most, and return to the rear in a dirty, stained condition. But that condition doesn't last long. The boys immediately take a bath, have their clothes cleaned and show up in a few hours after leaving the trenches, fresh and sweet and clean—and in good health. And the uniforms would be surprised, too, to know how close up to the front lines the bathing facilities are provided. In other wars it has happened that the soldiers did not bathe for months; they had no facilities whatever for keeping themselves clean. Wearing their clothing without change for a whole season, putting in weeks and weeks without having a chance to take a bath—that has been the portion of soldiers of the past. But it is not the case with the soldiers in the present gigantic struggle.

U. S. A. Spells Home  
Home isn't just where I used to live, it isn't the place where I lathered my face.

And swallowed my meat and drink. Since I have wandered across the sea, Home isn't spelled as it used to be: Home, home.

Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now the spelling is U-S-A; U-S-A spells home.

Nor is it the place you used to live. Before this old war begun, Or the spot you may choose to unlose your shoes.

When the fricas and fuss are done. For home is to you as it is to me. And it isn't spelled as it used to be. Home, home.

Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now the spelling is U-S-A; U-S-A spells home.

For home, from now, is the place we live. And the place where the home folks wait. It's the home we share and it's every-where.

From the Hook to the Golden Gate, Its spelling was once h-o-m-e, But it isn't spelled as it used to be. Home, home.

Over the far-off foam! H-o-m-e once was the way. But now it is spelled U-S-A; U-S-A spells home!

—EDMUND VANCE COOKE.

THE MAN ABOUT TOWN  
My congratulations today to the wife of Edward J. Reavey, a Boston fireman living at 221 E street, South Boston. Tuesday Reavey, who fought in the Spanish war by the way, enlisted in the "Treat 'em Rough" (tank) service of the United States. He considers it preliminary to his being issued a ticket which allows him to move toward and probably into Berlin, in a tank. He is a real patriot for he leaves a wife and six children in South Boston in order to do his bit toward teaching Helms to be decent.

I understand the selling of real estate in Lowell these days, in common with the situation in many other cities, is a slow process. This is due to the fact that the banks refuse to loan money unless the security be gilt edge, and then some. The various Liberty loans cut in on the banks' business some, but it is to the credit of the banks that they float with the stream rather than trying to battle against the tide. The reason why there are so few sales of homes and other kinds of real estate, so an authority tells me, is because persons who desire to buy often have only two or three hundred dollars to pay down and the sellers do not want to accept so small a payment. With the tax rate in most of the Massachusetts cities as high as it is now, Lowell not excepted, many of the property owners, especially those who have to meet mortgage payments, would rather pay rent.

The health board of the city of Lowell may have thought it was doing something sort of fancy when it gave the Bay State Street railway a good dig under the ribs that it ought to use more care in getting ventilation for its patrons. But to my mind the health board didn't accomplish anything very fancy in this respect. If the health board sharps, who are ad-

mittenly sound in most of their theories and practices, would ride up from Reading or down to Reading in a Bay State car with the windows and vestibules wide open they would conclude that in some cases the company has gone to the other extreme.

The suggestion was made to me, accompanied by the hope that it would be printed in this column, that persons desiring to do their clocks a friendly turn ought to turn the hands forward, hour by hour, allowing the clock to strike the hours, until the clock hands got around to a point one hour earlier than summer time, which would be the new and correct time—winter time in other words.

Sometimes one has to go away from home to get the news. The Whirling Hub, that admirable column of the Boston Traveller, says it thinks Lowell folks may be interested to know that one time Davy Crockett included Lowell in the places he visited, while in Boston in 1833 and, describing it in some correspondence of his, he said that Lowell then had a population of 14,000, and appropriated \$7,500 for free schools, which gave instruction to 3,000 pupils. He also wrote that girls tending looms in the mills earned as much as \$1.75 to \$3 a week after paying for their board and that one lively girl could make about 165 yards of cloth per day. I wish I knew if Davy enjoyed any coon hunting while he was in our midst at that time and if the north Middlesex coons showed the same disposition to come down out of the tree when they saw Davy that the Kentucky coons did. I think I ought

to remind the editor of the Whirling Hub column that it isn't improbable that Lowell in 1833 had full as good a community government as it now is staggering along under.

I. M. Boothby, secretary of the Lowell fuel committee, has sent me a copy of a fuel conservation placard, of which he has ordered a supply of 10,000 to be conspicuously displayed in this city. I think it is a crackjack of a placard for this purpose. There is no doubt but that much good can be done if people will stop hurrying long enough to read the placard and take the lessons on fuel saving to heart. The text is signed by James J. Storow, fuel administrator for New England. The opening paragraph of the propaganda indicates that what is to follow has the punch in it. It reads:

"You should save coal because it makes easier the task of keeping warm others less fortunate than you. You must save coal, because it will help win the war. This is a war of steel. The government is not getting all the steel it needs by hundreds of thousands of tons a month because our steel furnaces and mills have not coal enough to run to full capacity. Our job is not to pelt the Germans with pills or putty, but with cold steel. Every shovelful of coal saved in your home means one more whack at the Germans and the end of the war brought nearer."

**Gray Hair**  
USE  
**Hay's Health**  
A preparation for restoring natural color to gray or faded hair, for removing dandruff and as a hairdresser. Is not a dye, does not stain, and is sold at all dealers, ready to use. Fells Hay Co., Newark, N. J.



## FOR BOYS' WEAR ALL WOOL

There's no doubt about GOOD clothes being the CHEAPEST in the long run; particularly when they are made as we know our BOYS' CLOTHES to be, designing and tailoring by experts.

## ALL WOOL OVERCOATS

For boys 3 years to 10, Russian and Reefer Overcoats, all new models, half belt or full belt, also the new Military and English box types. These coats are so much more comfortable than other coats for small boys and girls,

**\$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and up to \$20**

## ALL WOOL OVERCOATS

For boys 9 years to 18, pliable as well as durable fabrics. Perfect counterpart of the overcoats turned out by exclusive tailors for the young man's father. Popular now are Military Ulsterettes and Dress Models, .....

**\$15, \$18, \$20, \$25**

## ALL WOOL SUITS

For boys 3 years to 9, in blue, brown and mode corduroys, blue and green serges, velvets and neat Shepherd checks. From standpoint of style, service, value and assortment, these suits outrank any sold elsewhere. Middy and Junior Norfolk types,

**\$5, \$6, \$8, \$10 and up to \$20**

## ALL WOOL KNICKER SUITS

For boys 8 years to 18. Once you know the quality of our all wool knicker suits, no other quality will satisfy and you will find the prices lower than for good quality elsewhere, **\$8, \$10, \$12, \$15.50 and up to \$23**

## BOYS' MACKINAW

9 years to 17, in all the new models and attractive colorings, favorites with every boy who enjoys freedom at play,

**\$5, \$8, \$10, \$12 and up to \$15**

**PUTNAM & SON COMPANY**  
166 CENTRAL STREET



## TURN GUNS ON STRIKERS

German Boy Scouts Being Armed With Machine Guns to Quell Strike Riots

WITH THE AMERICAN ARMY NORTHWEST OF VERDUN, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press)—Boy Scouts in Hamburg and other German cities are being armed with machine guns and are used frequently in quelling strike outbreaks, according to information reaching the war intelligence department.

## LONDON COMMENT ON SPEECH BY PRINCE MAX

LONDON, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—Commenting upon the address of Prince Maximilian in the Reichstag on Tuesday, the Star says:

"Didactic interjections by the chancellor will not impress President Wilson as being a real contribution to the democratization of Germany. There is no word in the speech about the restoration to France of Alsace-Lorraine, which was one of President Wilson's 14 points."

"The Pall Mall Gazette says that the speech shows clearly that the chancellor is not ready to accept the only terms which can end the war, and concludes that the German armies must be far more completely beaten before our reward can come securely into view."

## GAVE LIFE TO SAVE 200 INFLUENZA VICTIMS

A PACIFIC PORT, Oct. 24.—Lieut. Commander J. J. Hadwen, senior surgeon of a British war vessel, died

## NOT A PARTICLE OF DANDRUFF OR A FALLING HAIR

Save your hair! Double its beauty in just a few moments.

"Danderine" makes hair thick, glossy, wavy and beautiful.

Within ten minutes after an application of Danderine, you can not find a single trace of dandruff or falling hair and your scalp will not itch, but what will please you most will be after a few weeks' use, when you see new hair, fine and downy at first—yes—but really new hair—growing all over the scalp.

Danderine is to the hair what fresh showers of rain and sunshine are to vegetation. It goes right to the roots, invigorates and strengthens them, its exhilarating, stimulating and life-producing properties cause the hair to grow long, strong and beautiful.

A little Danderine immediately doubles the beauty of your hair. No difference how dull, faded, brittle and scraggy, just moisten a cloth with Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. The effect is amazing—your hair will be light, fluffy and wavy, and have an appearance of abundance; an incomparable lustre, softness and luxuriance.

Get a small bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any drug store or toilet counter for a few cents and prove that your hair is as pretty and soft as any—that it has been neglected or injured by careless treatment—that's all—you surely can have beautiful hair and lots of it if you will just try a little Danderine.

## HIRAM C. BROWN

UNDERTAKER

—AND—

EMBALMER

Mass. and N. H. Licenses

Telephone 4394

14 LORING STREET

## NOTICE OF HEARING

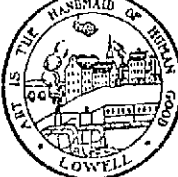
City of Lowell, Mass.

September 19, 1918.


To the Municipal Council: The undersigned respectfully petitions your Honorable Board that so much of Chapter 22, A public way in said Lowell as lies northerly of the northerly line of Middlesex Street may be discontinued.

FREEMAN & SUFFOLK MILLS.

By F. E. Dunbar, its Attorney.




On the foregoing petition the Municipal Council will give a hearing at its room, City Hall, Wednesday, November 6, 1918, at ten o'clock a. m. By order of the Municipal Council. STEPHEN FLYNN, Clerk. Lowell, October 16, 1918.



## DENTISTS

TEL. 5155

16 Runnels Bldg., Merrimack Square, LOWELL, MASS.



Dr. Blanchard

Dr. Massey

## SAVE YOURSELF FROM INFLUENZA

If you are "run down" or out of condition, if sluggish bowels have allowed poisonous impurities to accumulate in your system, you are certain to suffer severely with the grip. Dr. True's Elixir, the famous household remedy of 67 years' reputation, will ward off the grip entirely or make an attack light and easily thrown off. Why? Because Dr. True's Elixir is a vegetable tonic that puts the system in good condition, prevents and relieves constipation, stimulates the appetite and strengthens the digestive powers. It can do no harm because it contains no mineral drugs. All purely vegetable. A tonic—not a stimulant. No reaction. Ask your druggist for it, or write Dr. J. F. True & Co., Auburn, Me.—Adv.

here last night the victim of his zeal in caring for men suffering from influenza. The vessel arrived here Tuesday with more than 200 of its crew ill. Lieut. Commander Hadwen had worked day and night to bring back the men to health, with such success that none of them died. The overwork told on him so that he contracted pneumonia after being taken to a hospital.

## PROMOTION IN FRANCE FOR LOWELL BOY

The many friends of Joseph A. McCann of this city will be pleased to learn of his promotion to sergeant with the motor truck corps in France. Sergt. McCann enlisted in Co. C of the old Sixth regiment on April 16, 1917.



SERG'T. JOSEPH A. MCCANN

He went to New Hampshire for guard duty with his unit, but later received an injury which necessitated his discharge on Sept. 12.

Undaunted, the Lowell man made a successful effort to overcome his injury, and eventually recovered fully. He re-enlisted in the national service, this time joining the quartermaster corps. He went to Camp Johnston, Fla., for training and after spending five months there sailed overseas.

Before leaving Lowell Sergt. McCann was rated as one of the best automobile men in the city. He has two brothers in the service "over there." George J. of the 101st Supply company and Francis J. of the 29th company, 20th Engineers.

## SUN BREVITIES

A daughter was born to Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Hughes Oct. 20, at New London, Conn. Mrs. Hughes was Miss Margaret Hughes formerly of this city.

Dr. Ralph W. Parker has been appointed civilian surgeon for the Students' Army Training corps at the Lowell Textile School, and he has already started the work of examining the embryo soldiers. He says that they are an unusually healthy lot of young men.

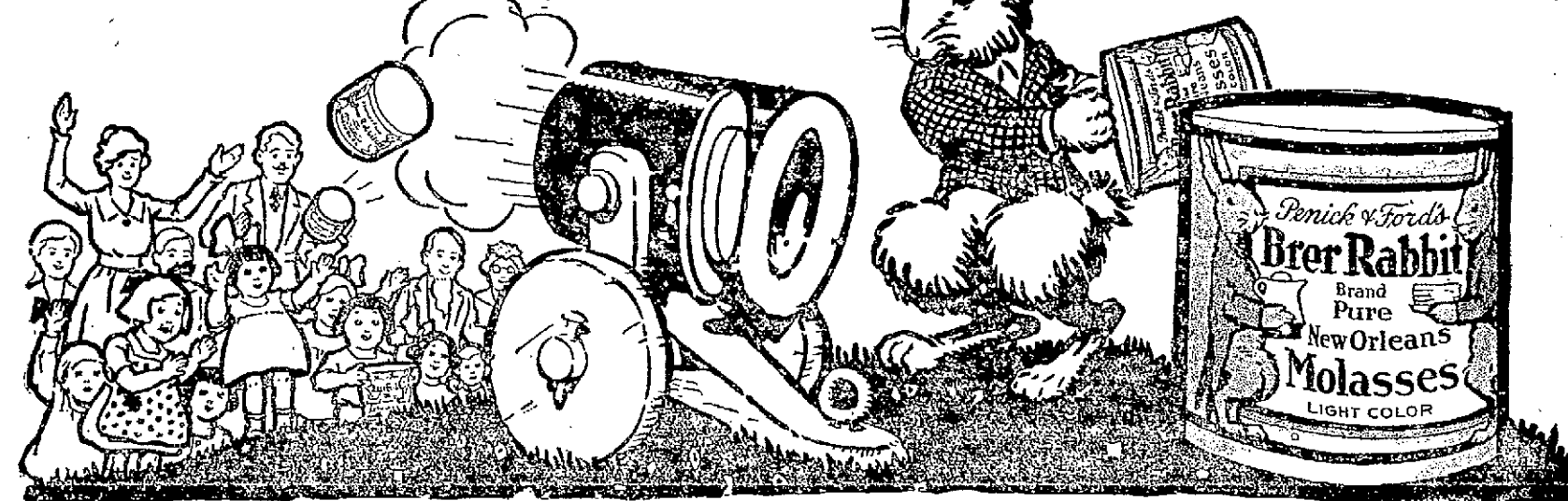
Amos P. Best, for many years identified with automobile activities, has taken over the management of the Moody Bridge garage and will specialize in storage of cars. The garage has been remodeled and made fireproof throughout; also the steam heating plant has been entirely remodeled, insuring perfect conditions for the purpose desired. The two floors of the garage give ample accommodations for over 100 cars with every access to going and coming. The repair shop will remain as before.

A miscellaneous shower was tendered Miss Alice Bodkin Tuesday evening at the home of Miss Alicia Reilly of Central street. Miss Bodkin is soon to become the bride of Mr. Wilfred Reilly. She was the recipient of many beautiful gifts. A very pleasant musical program had been arranged by a party of her friends. Refreshments were served, and when the party broke up at a late hour, all expressed best wishes for the future happiness of the bride-to-be. Those in charge of the affair were the Misses Alicia Reilly, Anna Bodkin and Mae Gildea.

Mr. Richard Coughlin, a former employee of the Saco-Lowell Machine shops, was given a surprise last Thursday by his fellow workers, who presented him with a travelling bag, a \$5 gold piece and a box of cigars, as farewell tokens upon his leaving to join the navy. He is the third son of Mr. and Mrs. Cornelius Coughlin to enter the service, there being two other brothers with the American Expeditionary Forces in France. On Monday evening a gathering of friends at his home presented him with a sailor's kit. He received a signal ring from his mother.

A social gathering was held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. D. E. McCue, Potter Terrace, Tuesday evening, in honor of their son, Arthur McCue, now in the naval service but who has been home for a few days recovering from an attack of influenza. There were piano selections by Miss L. Healey, James Fowley and D. E. McCue, Jr.

# Brer Rabbit Saves Thousands From Sugar Worries



THE man who could develop a real "substitute" for sugar would make a mint of money in a day. But it can't be done.

Many people call *Brer Rabbit* a "substitute" for sugar. It is not.

*Brer Rabbit* real New Orleans Molasses is practically sugar itself. It is made from sugar cane—like

sugar—and contains a large amount of real sugar.

Sugar only sweetens—it has no flavor. *Brer Rabbit* not only sweetens but flavors.

In all kinds of cooking and baking; for stewing prunes, dried apples, peaches and other dried fruits; for baking apples, follow the example of thousands of housewives and forget your sugar worries—use *Brer Rabbit* Molasses.

*Brer Rabbit* is absolutely pure and wholesome; rich and delicious;

health-giving and economical. And there is lots of it at all good grocers.

## There Are Two Kinds of Brer Rabbit Molasses

Both are Absolutely Pure New Orleans Molasses

GOLD LABEL *Brer Rabbit* is mild in flavor, light in color, and is delicious for table use—as a spread for pancakes, waffles, biscuits, etc.

It is especially fine for cooking, baking and candy making.

GREEN LABEL *Brer Rabbit* Molasses is darker in color, slightly stronger in flavor, and is splendid for cooking, baking and candy making. It

costs less than the Gold Label.

**FREE** Write us today for *Brer Rabbit* Cook Book of Southern Goodies. All made without sugar. Penick & Ford, Ltd., New Orleans.

# Brer Rabbit real New Orleans Molasses

Songs were sung by the Misses M. Goodnough, H. Healey, A. M. McCready, Mr. D. McCue, Jr., James Fowley, A. McCue and H. Goodnough. A buffet lunch was served and games enjoyed by all. The young sailor is very popular and his many friends will be glad to hear that he will be able to report for duty at New York within a few days.

TELEPHONE FIRE ALARM  
A telephone alarm was sent in at 12:55 o'clock this afternoon for a slight fire under the chaffboard on the building occupied by the bowling alleys in East Merrimack street. The damage was slight.

## City Hall News

Continued

Supt. Hugh J. Molloy said this afternoon that he was of the opinion that the convention would probably not be held at all this year.

Infant Mortality  
Lowell was third among the large cities of the country in her percentage of infant mortality for the week Oct. 13, according to a report received at the board of health office today. This city's rate was 11.3. Cambridge was in the lead with 16 and Milwaukee

second with 13.3. Fall River was fourth with 10.5. Seattle had the lowest rate, 1.5. The average was 5.9.

Work Progressing  
One of the new 72-inch boilers re-

cently delivered at city hall by the Scannell Boiler Works has already been

set in position and today the second heater was being installed in the basement of the municipal building.

Permits Issued  
George M. Harrigan has been issued a permit at the office of lands and buildings department at city hall to erect a garage in Marlborough street at an estimated cost of \$1200. The International Steel & Ordnance Co. has been granted a permit to erect a storehouse in Middlesex street at an estimated cost of \$1000.

Weekly Payroll  
This week's payroll amounts to \$23,558.09.

Adv.

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**D.D.D.**  
The Liquid Wash for Skin Disease  
We have witnessed such remarkable results with this clothing wash of oils that we offer you a bottle on the guarantee that unless it does the same for you, it costs you not a cent. 50c, 1.00 and \$1.00.  
BOWEN, THE DRUGGIST

**TUS SANO**  
Relieves coughs, colds, hoarseness, is pleasant to take and acts promptly. Persons suffering from these ailments have reduced power to resist disease, and are in a condition that invites Spanish influenza, the grip, pneumonia and many other serious diseases. Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by C. I. Hood Co., Lowell, Mass.—Adv.



## DEMOCRATIC PLATFORM

Indorse Votes for Women,  
Welcome Czecho-Slovaks,  
Would Abolish Fish Trust

WORCESTER, Oct. 24.—The democratic platform, through the state convention yesterday, went on record in favor of equal suffrage, the first great political party of the state to take that step; welcomed the Czecho-Slovak peoples to the world's democracy; demanded the abolition of the fish trust; the erection of a new fish pier and the establishment of competitive markets for the sale of fish; government control of refrigerator cars and storage warehouses for the state distribution of food supplies; a greater development of the waterways of the state; thorough reform of the transportation facilities of the state and the public ownership and control of public utilities.

The platform for the state campaign which included 14 planks, was read by James H. Vahay, chairman of the committee on resolutions, and adopted without debate or dissenting vote. Other planks in the platform pledged the loyalty of Massachusetts democrats to President Wilson, favored the initiative and referendum, called for the establishment of a basic eight-hour working day and the establishment of old-age pensions and went on record as against the lobby, biennial elections and party enrollment.

After the platform had been adopted Mr. Vahay said: "For the first time the republican candidates in this state go before the people without a platform. They are just men running for office. On the other hand, the democratic party presents to the people candidates who stand squarely on a well-thought-out and constructive platform."

Ex-Gov. Walsh, nominee for United States senator gave a dramatic touch to his speech when he called to the platform of the convention an 18-year-old marine, Ralph Bagley of Leonist, one of the heroes of the fight at Chateau Thierry. The boy had his arm in a sling.

"This young hero who fought and suffered for this country is a type of the American lad whom Senator Weeks would deny an education in the colleges of the United States," said the ex-governor, pointing his finger at the marine. "Senator Weeks voted against the bill which provided that our boys should be given an education at the expense of Uncle Sam, on the ground that it savored too much of paternalism."

The marine squirmed a bit in the political limelight, but there was no doubt of the effectiveness of the illustration, since the convention jumped to its feet and cheered for some minutes.

A Frenchman who has spent 23 years in China says that most of the people of China don't know that world war is on, and that most of those who do know don't care whether the Germans win or lose.

## REGULAR HABITS NOW. CONSTIPATION GONE

Mr. Brooks Suffered for Years—  
Tells How He Got Relief.

"I have tried a great many things for constipation, but the only thing that has been able to relieve me is Milk's Emulsion. I am on only my second bottle and have to take very little of it now. My bowels move regularly every morning, which they have not been doing for a number of years. It seems like living again, after suffering so long. I recommended Milk's Emulsion to two of my friends and both say it is the best remedy they ever heard of."

Elmer C. Brooks, 329 Washington st., Peoria, Ill.

Constipation weakens the bowel muscles. Salts and purgatives only increase this condition. Milk's Emulsion is a real corrective remedy—one that you can try, under its guaranty, without risking a cent.

Milk's Emulsion is a pleasant, nutritive food and a corrective medicine. It restores healthy, natural bowel action, doing away with all need of pills and physics. It promotes appetite and quickly puts the digestive organs in shape to assimilate food. As a builder of flesh and strength, Milk's Emulsion is strongly recommended to run-down, nervous people, and it has produced amazing results in many cases of tuberculosis of the lungs. Chronic stomach trouble and constipation are promptly relieved—usually in one day.

This is the only milk emulsion made, so satisfactorily that it is eaten with a spoon like ice cream. A truly wonderful medicine for weak, sickly children.

No matter how severe your case, you are urged to try Milk's Emulsion under this guaranty—Take six bottles (one with you, use it according to directions and it not satisfied with the results, your money will be promptly refunded. Price 60c and \$1.20 per bottle. The Milk's Emulsion Co., Terre Haute, Ind. Sold and guaranteed by Fred Howard—Adv.

DEVASTATION IN FRANCE  
Discussed in French Parliament—Demand Chastisement of Barbarous Huns

PARIS, Wednesday, Oct. 23.—(Havas)—The question of the devastation wrought by the Germans in northern France was the topic of a discussion in parliament today.

In the senate Antonin Dubost, president, asked that victory should give all its might to chastisement of the offender and reparation for the crime.

"The enemy will be condemned to retributions for which we will take guarantees, not being able to rely upon his word," said Stephen Pichon, foreign minister. "We are near the end of sacrifices imposed by savage aggression for which its authors try to escape responsibility. Their calculations have been upset by President Wilson."

Senators from the liberated regions filed a resolution asking that commis-

## ONE BROTHER DEAD AND ANOTHER INJURED

There is much grief in the family of two brave Lowell fighters, the twin brothers, Thomas F. and James



WAGONER THOMAS ROURKE

Rourke. Wagoner Thomas F. Rourke died a few days ago at Ft. Bliss, El Paso, Tex. He had been a soldier in the regular army of the United States 11 years. He last visited Lowell five years ago but he called Lowell his home and was a member of St. Patrick's parish. He was born in Lowell. The body arrived here from El Paso yesterday.

The other brother was for years a member of the national guard of Rhode Island. He has been in active service in France for over a year. He was wounded in the arm while in



PRIV. JAMES ROURKE

action in June and his relatives here heard from him by means of a letter he wrote from the hospital in July and a letter he wrote Labor day, in France and which was received here two weeks or so ago. He did not say that he was able to rejoin his battery. His sisters and brothers have hoped that he will pull through all right.

The brother, Thomas F., whose body arrived here yesterday, is survived by a brother, Andrew S., employed in the street department of the city, the brother in France and by two sisters, Mrs. Mary Kennedy of New York city and Miss Susan B. Rourke of Brooklyn. A cable was sent to the wounded brother in France telling him the brother who was serving on the Mexican border is dead.

Deaths were sent to ascertain the extent of the devastations, which were described as heart-breaking. The resolution was unanimously adopted.

In the chamber of deputies a cordial reception was given to Deputies M. G. Delory and Racheboom, who stayed in Lille during the German occupation. Paul Deschanel, president of the chamber, praised their courage, and rendered homage to Deputy Ghesquiere, of Lille, who died a victim of German barbarity for having defended his townpeople.

M. Delory in a speech denouncing the actions of the Germans in forcing the population of Lille to work within the zone of artillery fire, expressed the hope that victory might be the means of liberating Deputy Ghesquiere, who was imprisoned by the invaders for his denunciation of their barbarism.

A farmer family of four, living happily on a 10-acre farm near Cochocton, O., consists of Henry Johnson, who is 91; his brother, Elias, who is 87; his sister, Mary Anne, who is 84; and a brother-in-law, just passed 79.

## DANGER AFTER SPANISH INFLUENZA OR GRIPPE

How it Can Be Avoided and Treated. Simple Rules to Be Followed. No Occasion for Panic

No need of anyone being afraid of the after effects and slow recovery from Spanish influenza, hard colds or Grippe, if they will use common sense and start in building up their health and strength the right way. The main thing is to get the blood rich, red, and pure, so it can carry life-giving oxygen and strength to every part of the body. Impure blood is the cause of so many slow recoveries and set-backs.

Doctors say: "Get the blood right and the rest is easy. That nine-tenths of all sickness is due to lack of iron and phosphates; the healthy strong, vigorous man or woman's blood is always loaded with these two life-giving elements."

Physicians also claim with fresh air and nourishing food nothing equals Phosphated Iron as a blood tonic and health builder. Phosphat-

## QUICKLY TO SLOAN'S LINIMENT

Are you tormented by Neuralgia, Lumbago, Sciatica or any of those aches that require a counter-irritant? Then let the soothing, warming application of Sloan's Liniment stop the pain by drawing the blood away from the congested part.

It is the pressure on the nerves by the blood rushing to the inflamed muscle or joint that makes you ache. So when Sloan's Liniment relieves the swollen blood vessels by setting up a counter-irritant on the surface, the

circulation is equalized, sympathetic nerves all soothed, and soreness or lameness disappears.

Sloan's Liniment is probably the counter-irritant most widely used to overcome painful inflammation in cases of neuralgia, sore muscles, wrenched joints, strains, bruises, gout, rheumatism, etc.

Generous size bottles at your drug-gists. 30c, 60c, \$1.20.



## Letters From Lowell Soldiers

Frederick T. Brown, a former employee of The Sun composing room, is now stationed on the receiving ship at Philadelphia with the United States naval forces. In the following letter to a member of The Sun family he tells of some of his adventures while serving Uncle Sam:

Barracks 235, Philadelphia, Oct. 23, 1918. Dear — Thinking you might like to hear from one of the boys in the office, I thought I would drop a few lines to let you know what I am doing. I was sent down here from the Curtis plant in Buffalo for later transfer to the 1st Marine Division. At Buffalo I received a rating as carpenter's mate second class. This rating pays \$46.50 a month and extra for foreign service. A party of six of us was sent here and upon arriving found there were a good many cases of Spanish influenza. That was more than three weeks ago. A few days after our arrival we were mustered on a foreign draft on the American line.

The day before we were to sail I was taken sick with the influenza. I had chills and a very high temperature and was put in a ward with a good many other fellows. The cases had increased so fast that there was no room in the hospitals and the barracks had to be used. My fever went down to normal in a day and in four days was dismissed and sent to a recreation camp for a week. In the meantime some of the fellows with whom I had come from Buffalo were sent out with the draft. I was glad to get over my sickness so quickly because there have been a good many deaths here.

Philly has been closed up for over a week now as far as amusements are concerned. In one town near here, with a population of 12,000 one-fourth of the people are sick with the influenza and even the service clubs are being turned into hospitals.

Just now at the yard I am waiting for another draft to send me to France but there is talk of no more going out until the epidemic is over. Down here I have heard it said that there are jackies in the trenches and even the service clubs are being turned into hospitals.

My Dear Folks—As you see by the date, this is my birthday, my first in a foreign land and I trust my last, as this country does not appeal to my taste at all. There are plenty of show-ups and mud over here—mud that cannot be compared with anything you have ever seen.

That much sought for "Arm and a half barrel of Berlin" is still at large, therefore I am here on the trail. We are O. K. so do not worry about me. I like to joke about the rain and mud but we are dressed for it. We are in a house and have good beds. A large fashioned standing clock which is older than the hills keeps good time. It strikes the hours. The French clocks let you know the time in terms of about one minute strikes it all over again. It would be fine to have one in a house where an ardent lover persisted in staying into the wee hours of the morning.

In another room we have our table, and open fireplace and a closet for our mess kit, etc. so I think we are fixed fine. I helped the old lady who owns the house dig potatoes and as fast as they were dug she helped her get them. She has a fine little garden all her own that she planted and took care of although she is 60 years old. She grows lettuce, onions, tomatoes, cabbage, beans and potatoes. There was no corn and in fact I have not seen much corn here at all. The land is very fertile and has plenty of corn.

There are five roads all over France. I have not seen a poor road here, and although the traffic is heavy the roads show no signs of giving way under the continual strain.

Do not worry about me as I am having the pleasant time and the work is interesting. I am fortunate enough to

be with one of the best mechanics that I have ever seen and he uses me fine. He tells me what he wants done and never comes to O. K. the work afterwards.

Love to all,  
VICTOR C. FAY.

Under date of Sept. 25th, Wagoner Fay writes again to his folks and some of the interesting extracts from his letter are as follows:

I just got a pair of hip rubber boots and I had enough extra rubber to make a rain coat and rubber blanket. Mail arrives here by spasms but we are pretty fortunate to get it as well as we do when you consider the amount of it there is to handle.

This is morning and I am still in bed. I had a set-to with rats last night and after having every available weapon I could get my hands on, I found I am shy a shoe and about half my mess-kit this morning. Rats apparently are docile creatures over here but they never can become friends of mine.

Priv. Simon Gordon

Mrs. Benjie Tapper of 65 Liberty street received a letter yesterday from her brother, Simon Gordon, who has been in the thick of the fray "over there" and while Simon's letter is a short one it is very merry. Simon, who was a member of old Company K, enlisted at the age of 17 and that his heart beats true as a soldier is reflected in his letter to his sister. He has been in a whole lot of scrap and his letter gives the impression that he is waxing fat on boche bread. Simon has a brother in France, Sgt. Charles Gordon, whom he has not seen in nine years. Charles Gordon is sergeant, first class, and his sister, Mrs. Tapper, also has a letter from him yesterday. He is with the medical supply department and went to France from Camp Funston, Kansas. Simon did guard duty in New Hampshire immediately after his enlistment. Then he went to Camp



PRIV. SIMON GORDON

Devens, thence to Framingham and then to France. In his letter to his sister Simon said he had not heard recently from his brother Charles but that he expected to meet him soon. His letter to his sister reads, in part, as follows:

Sept. 17, 1918. Dear Sister—Just a few lines to let you know I am still alive and kicking around in the best of health. I just got two letters of August 21 and 22 from you and I am now back of the lines after our last drive against Metz. Of course you read all about it in the papers. Well, the boys simply walked right through those Austrians, capturing many thousands. We also got many of their cannon which may be sent to the states. We got all kinds of animals and auto trucks and we also got lots of food. We had some good feeds on the captured German stuff.

This is German paper and envelopes that I am using. We also got one German bakery that was left in a hurry and we had all kinds of boche bread. Simon then concludes his letter with some personal news and sends kind regards to all his friends. He is a member of the Y.M.C.A. He graduated from the Lincoln school and attended the Lowell evening high school. He was employed at the Billerica car shops when he enlisted. He is with Headquarters Company, 101st U.S.A., A.E.F.

## SAYS DEMOCRATIZATION OF GERMANY SPREADING

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 24.—The democratization of Germany is spreading through the federal states, according to a despatch to the Berlinische Tidende, from Berlin.

At a meeting of the crown council at Dresden yesterday, the question of asking socialists to join the government, was considered. The Baden government met at Karlsruhe to consider the abolition of the three-class franchise system and the introduction of the proportional franchise. Wurttemberg also is said to be considering whether that government's representatives in the federal council shall not henceforth receive instructions direct from the people rather than from the Wurttemberg government. The democratization of the first chamber there is also being considered.



The U. S. government is spending millions annually to conserve the lumber resources of the country.

Every property owner can help this work by saving the lumber in his own buildings.

Good Paint, renewed at proper intervals, preserves lumber indefinitely.

Use TOWN & COUNTRY PAINT on all exposed wood-work and renew it at frequent intervals; you will not only help to conserve the country's national resources, but you will save money yourself. REGULAR SHADES, gallon \$4.00

C. B. COBURN CO. Free City Motor Delivery 63 Market Street.

## News From Camp Devens

BIG DEMONSTRATION OF MACHINE GUN WORK NEAR THE HARBOR STATION

CAMP DEVENS, Oct. 24.—The machine-gun range, out near Harvard station, was an unhealthy place for visitors yesterday morning, unless they were with the Staff Officers' school, which witnessed the most elaborate demonstration of the work of the machine gun that has yet been staged at this camp.

For two hours the rattle and snap of heavy Browning guns was about all that could be heard and during the demonstration thousands and thousands of steel-jacketed bullets whined their way through the air and peppered targets that represented the enemy until they were almost unrecognizable.

Maj. Hudson of the British army had charge of the demonstration. There were two gun crews and two guns from each Machine Gun Battalion used and one gun and one crew from each Machine Gun company attached to the infantry regiments; in all 10 guns.

Maj. Gen. McCain, Brig. Gen. John N. Hodges and Brig. Gen. Woodward, with all the other staff and field officers who are attending the school, were present. It was of interest to note, too, that there were among these officers, veterans of America's part in the world war from the time the first volunteer regiment made a name for itself in France up to the episode at Fere-Tardenois, in which the Americans also figured; so that many of the officers didn't see anything that they haven't already seen on the battlefields of France.

Procedure at the Range

To start things off, the gun crews, under Sergt. Major Lovell of the British instructors, demonstrated the rapidity with which they could dismantle and reassemble such a complicated piece of machinery as a Browning machine gun. They showed themselves to be ably trained.

Then came the firing. First the gunners demonstrated what is known as "ranging fire," which is direct fire, the target being visible to the gunners. Then they started traversing fire, and bullets are sprayed back and forth, much in the same manner as one would play a garden hose.

Targets which from a distance look very much like a human being were profusely scattered along the trenches opposite the firing positions. The targets are operated by soldiers who lie concealed under ground and "worked them by means of ropes and pulleys."

The "enemy" was made to disappear and reappear by Hubert G. Cox of 46 Adams street, Everett and Albert Wilhelm, a Belgian, whose home is at 22 Leroy street, Dorchester. It was their job to make the targets as hard as possible for the gunners to hit. Then came the enfilading fire, in which whole groups of the "enemy" were mowed down like the proverbial grass. The much-talked-of marksmanship of the men was startlingly evident. The "enemy" was annihilated.

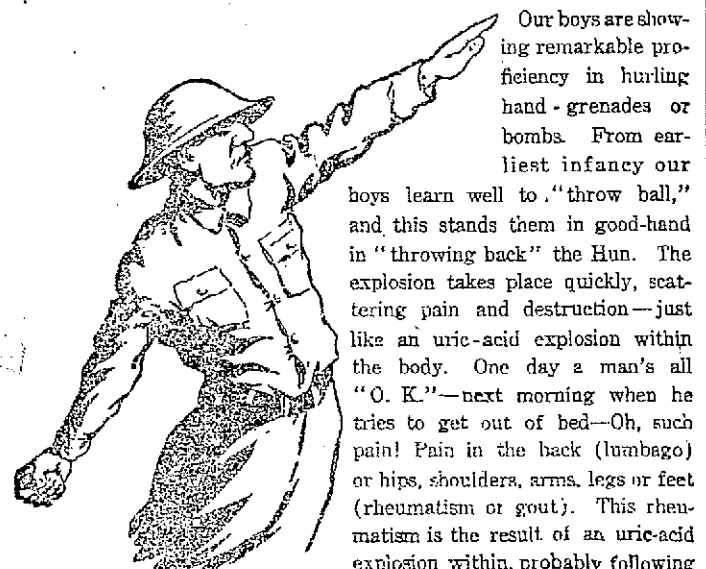
Just to see what it was like, Gen. McCain and most of the officers went into a trench and had the machine guns pour streams of bullets over their heads. It sounded like a large flock of firecrackers being set off in the air. Then Lieut. Howard K. Diltz demonstrated with a one-pound cannon, the little weapon that makes mince meat of machine-gun nests. A distant nest was bracketed and then the little spitfire poured shells into it until it was no more.

## Watch Your Little One Smile

Cascarets clean the clogged-up places, Bring joy to cross little faces. Sell for a dime—"work" every time.

MOTHERS! You can always bring back the jolly smile of health with Candy Cascarets. When a child's tongue is white or if breath is feverish and stomach sour, remember a Cascaret to rid the liver and bowels of bile, nasty fermentations and constipation poison, is all that is needed. Children love this pleasant candy cathartic which never gripes, never injures. Cascarets never disappoint the worried mother. Give Cascarets to children aged one year old and upwards. Each 10 cent box contains full directions.

## Throwing Bombs!



Our boys are showing remarkable proficiency in hurling hand-grenades or bombs. From earliest infancy our boys learn well to "throw ball," and this stands them in good-hand in "throwing ball" the Hun. The explosion takes place quickly, scattering pain and destruction—just like an uric-acid explosion within the body. One day a man's all "O. K."—next morning when he tries to get out of bed—Oh, such pain! Pain in the back (lumbago) or hips, shoulders, arms, legs or feet (rheumatism or gout). This rheumatism is the result of an uric-acid explosion within, probably following excessive use of meat—or beer—or over-exertion and over-heating. Swollen hands, ankles and feet are due to a dropsical condition, often caused by disordered kidneys. Naturally when the kidneys are deranged the blood is filled with poisonous uric acid, which settles in the tissues of the feet, ankles, wrists or back as uric salts; or under the eyes in bag-like formations.

It is just as necessary to keep the kidneys acting properly as to keep the bowels active to rid the body of poison.

Uric-acid poisoning and rheumatic pains can be conquered and expelled by taking a little "Anuric." This is the recent discovery of Dr. Pierce, and can be had at all good drug stores. If you want a trial package, send 10 cents to Dr. Pierce's Invalids' Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y.

## Blanket Your Horses

The first cold weather is the most severe. We have a mammoth stock to select from. We make a specialty of Extra Large Street Blankets. Leathered and lined.

We Have AUTOMOBILE and CARRIAGE ROBES in good variety. We Have DOUBLE and SINGLE HARNESSSES for All Purposes. OUR STOCK IS VERY COMPLETE

All fresh goods purchased since our big fire.

WE ARE LOWELL AGENTS FOR KELLY-SPRINGFIELD

TIRES and TUBES

Come any time; you will find us at home.

C. H. HANSON & CO. Inc.

61 ROCK STREET, LOWELL, MASS.



# STOCK MARKET

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Uncertainty regarding local money conditions, factored the uneven course of prices at the opening today. Speculative issues were most affected, some of the oils losing one to three points, while others, such as the Standard Oil of New Jersey, advanced one to two points. United States Steel and other industrial and equipment issues, however, were steady. Southern Pacific, Marine preferred and Studebaker made substantial gains before the end of the first half hour. With such specialties as Wilson-Pack, International Paper, Industrial Alcohol and American Sugar.

Assurances that no drastic measures would be adopted by the money committee infused further strength to the market. Trading ran mainly to speculative issues, however, with a pronounced reduction of activity. Advances of 7 to 10 points were made by Mexican Petroleum and Pan-American Petroleum common and preferred, and 2 to 4 points by Distillers and Industrial Alcohol. American Tobacco was conspicuous among high grade specialties for its six point decline. Prices eased materially at noon, when rails became heavy. United States Steel yielded below yesterday's final quotation and Baldwin Locomotive reacted almost three points.

**New York Clearings**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Exchanges \$710,676,925; balances, \$84,407,525.

**Cotton Futures**  
NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Cotton futures opened steady, October, 30.47; December, 29.25; January, 28.80; March, 28.14.

**Time loans, strong 60 days, 90 days and six months, 6 bid.**  
Call money strong, high 6, low 6, ruling rate, 6; closing bid 5 1/2; last loan, 6.

**Bank acceptances 4 1/2.**  
Final prices on liberty bonds today were: 3 1/2's 43.25; second 4's 43.75; 4 1/2's 44.25; first convertible 4's 44.75; second 4's 45.25; first convertible 4's 45.75.

## Catarrh Distorts Facial Expression

Spreads the Nose, Blurs the Eyes, Puffs the Face, Dries the Lips. How to Get Rid of Catarrh

**TRY THIS HOME TREATMENT FREE**  
Catarrh not only makes one feel miserable, it shows this effect in the features, and it usually grows worse. But thanks to a remarkable home treatment, there is recovery in store for every sufferer by the remarkable Gauss self home treatment, which you can try free in your own home.



It is Perfectly Wonderful the Way Gauss Treatment Removes Catarrh

An excessive secretion from the nostrils is an unsightly misery. A breath tainted with the odor of catarrh is an offense against all health and decency. A stomach filled with droppings from diseased nasal cavities may cause a loss of sleep, and ruins the complexion. The blood clogged with strings ofropy mucus indicates a body literally reeking with catarrh, causing pimples, blotches and other skin eruptions.

The blood, swarming with millions of catarrh germs, entails upon the kidneys a labor that may break them down; the lungs and bronchial tubes scourged with the destructive influence of systematic catarrh, can lead to pneumonia and the most serious consequences.

So why continue with all this misery? Send your name and address today for a free trial of the Gauss famous treatment. Mail it to C. E. Gauss, 5919 Main street, Marshall, Mich. It will not cost you a penny to try it, and it surely will astonish you with its wonderful effect. Fill out coupon and mail it today.

**FREE**

This coupon is good for a package of GAUSS' COMBINED CATARRH TREATMENT, sent free by mail. Stamp off in your name and address on dotted lines below, and mail to C. E. GAUSS, 5919 Main St., Marshall, Mich.

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**For Constipation**  
**Carter's Little Liver Pills**  
**will set you right over night.**  
**Purely Vegetable**  
**Small Pill, Small Dose, Small Price**

**Carter's Iron Pills**  
**Will restore color to the faces of those who lack iron in the blood, as most pale-faced people do.**

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**SALE STARTS FRIDAY**  
**9.30 A. M.**



**\$39.75 COATS**

—AT—

**\$25.00**

**\$75.00 COATS**

—AT—

**\$55.00**

**\$49.75 COATS**

—AT—

**\$35.00**

**\$85.00 COATS**

—AT—

**\$67.50**

**CHERRY & WEBB ANNOUNCE**

# 450 BEAUTIFUL GARMENTS

In sizes ranging from 14 to 48, the balance of our order placed in the spring, together with 100 sample coats. The big coat event of the season.

Maintaining the high qualities such as Cherry & Webb show and still offer price concessions that cannot be matched elsewhere.

MANY OF THESE COATS ARE THE HARD-TO-GET SALESMAN'S SAMPLES. EXCLUSIVE COATS AT NO EXTRA PRICES.

Many of these coats are made from short lengths, one and two coats of a style. If bought in the regular way, the prices would be impossible.

**The MATERIALS**  
**Pom Poms**  
**Silvertones**  
**Wool Velours**  
**Fancy Wool**  
**Mixtures**  
**Chiffon**  
**Broadcloths**

**FEATURES OF THE VARIOUS MODELS**  
High class, full flaring, novelty belts, collars and cuffs; in many cases beautifully trimmed with fur. Coats for street and auto wear.

**COLORS—**  
**BURGUNDY**  
**AFRICAN BROWN**  
**REINDEER**  
**TAUPE**  
**BISON**  
**PEKIN BLUE**  
**RUSSIAN GREEN**

# CHERRY & WEBB

12-18 JOHN STREET

**P. S.—DURING THIS COAT SALE, 300 SUITS SELLING TO \$45.00 at....\$25 AND \$35**

## LOST \$1,000 LIBERTY BOND

John Beavals, residing at 17 Kirk street, reported to the police this afternoon that he lost a \$1,000 Liberty bond. Beavals stated that the bond is of the third issue and bears the number 125279. He claims the bond was left in a bureau drawer in his room, the door to which was unlocked.

## DOG WAS KILLED

A valuable dog owned by Mrs. Nellie Roberts of 26 Brown street, was struck by an automobile at the corner of East Merrimack and Brown streets this morning. Agent Gilmore of the Humane society was called and he, in turn, summoned Dr. Sherman, who, after examining the animal, found that it was suffering from a broken back and broken neck. A bullet from the revolver of Mr. Gilmore ended the dog's misery.

## BIDDING FOR CARS

The local Bay State employees are bidding today for cars on the winter schedule. This has been caused by the fact that the sprinkling cars are being taken off Nov. 1, and the employees in this line usually being the oldest in point of service, it necessitates a general bid for cars in order to give the sprinklers their proper place on the list.

## HORSE AND CART GO OVER EMBANKMENT

A horse and cart owned by the board of health went over an embankment and into Black brook in the rear of the elder mill of Boyle Bros. in Pawtucket street yesterday and but for the prompt action of a young man, who witnessed the accident, it is very probable that the horse would have drowned. It took considerable time, several men and a derrick to pull the rig from the water. The horse was not injured and the cart was not damaged.

## Cured His RUPTURE

I was badly ruptured while lifting a trunk several years ago. Doctors said my only hope of cure was an operation. Trusses did me no good. Finally I got hold of something that quickly and completely cured me. Years have passed and the rupture has never returned, although I am doing hard work as a carpenter. There was no operation, no last time, no trouble, no expense, nothing to sell, but will give full information about how you may find a complete cure without operation. If you write to me, Eugene M. Pullen, Carpenter, 117 E. Marcellus avenue, Manchester, N. J. Better cut this notice and show it to any others who are troubled with a rupture and at least stop the misery of rupture and the worry and danger of an operation. —Adv.

## INFLUENZA EPIDEMIC

Inspection of six local theatres by the board of health yesterday. A final inspection of all the theatres will be made Saturday morning. On the whole, conditions were found good in the larger houses, but there will have to be well oiled and theatre in first class condition except for soiled wash bowl in ladies' toilet. Manager Walter J. Nelson, who was present at the meeting, explained that this was merely surface accumulations which had come about while the theatre had been closed.

## KEITH'S THEATRE

"Everything up to snuff." Signs forbidding spitting should be placed on stage as several places were found where there had been expectorating.

## STRAND THEATRE

In excellent condition. Owl theatre: Quite dirty; all toilets needed cleaning.

## CROWN THEATRE

Closed; no inspection. Opera house: Toilets should be ventilated and general clean-up needed; "No-spitting" signs should be placed on stage.

## DR. CARROLL ADDED THAT COMMISSIONER WARNOCK OF THE PUBLIC PROPERTY DEPARTMENT ACCOMPANIED THE BOARD ON ITS TOUR OF INSPECTION.

Dr. Brunnelle said that another thing which was noticed was empty and uncleaned in the floors of some of the theatres and in some instances stuck to the seats. He said that the practice of eating in theatres should be stopped.

## CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCES

Dr. Carroll said some of the theatres have been in the habit of holding continuous performances from 1:30 in the afternoon until 10 o'clock or later in the evening. He was of the opinion that it would be much safer for the public to have one performance in the afternoon and then have the theatre thrown open wide so that it might be thoroughly ventilated before the evening performance.

## MANAGER NELSON OF THE MERRIMACK SQUARE THEATRE, ONE OF THE HOUSES HOLDING CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCES, SAID THAT THE PERFORMANCES WERE FROM 2 O'CLOCK IN THE AFTERNOON UNTIL 10 IN THE EVENING.

Dr. Carroll maintained that such performances, in his opinion, were dangerous to the public health.

Manager Nelson wanted to know how

## LONG THE BAN ON SUCH PERFORMANCES WOULD CONTINUE, IF IT WERE PUT ON.

"Until danger from the epidemic has entirely passed," Dr. Carroll replied. "Probably a month or two."

## MANAGER NELSON SAID THAT IF CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCES WERE STOPPED, THERE WOULD BE A BIG DISAPPOINTMENT TO MANY PATRONS WHO ARE IN THE CUSTOM OF GOING TO THE THEATRE DURING THE LATE AFTERNOON AND EARLY EVENING HOURS.

Dr. Brunnelle said that when the ban is lifted many of the theatres will have to get a move on and clean up and if they do not come up to the mark, they will be compelled to remain closed.

## "WE ARE LOOKING AT THIS QUESTION FROM A HEALTH STANDPOINT, NOT A MONEY STANDPOINT," HE CONTINUED.

"If there is no general clean-up of the theatres will not open. Those which have not yet been inspected will not be allowed to open until they have been inspected."

## COMMISSIONER WARNOCK SAID THAT IT SEEMED RATHER HARD FOR THE FIRST CLASS THEATRES TO BE CONDEMNED BECAUSE OF SOME OF THE OTHERS.

It was later decided that the board should make a final inspection of all the local theatres Saturday morning in company with Commissioner Warnock.

## DR. CARROLL ASKED MANAGER NELSON HOW OFTEN HIS THEATRE WAS SWEEPED OUT.

Mr. Nelson replied: "Every day." It was later decided that the board should make a final inspection of all the local theatres Saturday morning in company with Commissioner Warnock.

## A CLEAR COMPLEXION

Ruddy Cheeks—Sparkling Eyes—Most Women Can Have

Says Dr. Edwards, a Well-Known Ohio Physician

Dr. F. M. Edwards for 17 years treated scores of women for liver and bowel ailments. During these years he gave to his patients a prescription made of a few well-known vegetable ingredients mixed with olive oil, naming them Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets. You will know them by their olive color.

These tablets are wonder-works on the liver and bowels, which cause a normal action, carrying off the waste and poisonous matter in one's system.

If you have a pale face, sallow look, dull eyes, pimples, coated tongue, headaches, a listless, no-good feeling, all out of sorts, inactive bowels, you take one of Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets nightly for a time and note the pleasing results.

## PRICE OF GAS FIXED AT \$1 IN BOSTON

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—The board of gas and electric light commissioners, with the dissent of Commissioner Lewenberg, has granted the petition of the Boston Consolidated Gas company fixing the standard price for gas to consumers under the Boston sliding scale system at \$1 per 1000 cubic feet, instead of 90 cents as heretofore.

This means, it is explained, that the company may pay higher dividends, with an attendant higher price for gas, than was the case in the past, and not that there is an immediate likelihood of an increase in price to the consumer. The standard has been: 90-cent gas, 7 per cent. dividend; 95-cent gas, 6 per cent. dividend, and 85-cent gas, 8 per cent. dividend. Under the \$1 standard plan the dividend will be 7 per cent. at \$1, with an increase of 1 per cent. for each 5-cent decrease in gas or 1 per cent. for each 5-cent increase in gas above the \$1 standard. In effect, the company may now pay 2 per cent. higher dividend while charging 10 cents more for gas.

## PRIESTS TRANSFERRED BY CARDINAL O'CONNELL

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—Six priests of the Boston diocese, nearly all pastors, have been transferred by Cardinal O'Connell, the appointment to go into effect at once. The changes of a pastor to succeed the late Rev. Peter S. Quinn at St. Paul's church, Dorchester, necessitated several other changes and two transfers are brought about by the changing of Rev. Mark E. Madden from the pastorate of St. Philip's church, South End, to an out-of-town parish. Mr. Madden was, a few months ago, changed from Hough's Neck to the city, which time he has not been in the best of health.

The appointment of Rev. John J. Farrell, pastor of St. John's church, Canton, to the pastorate of St. Paul's church, Dorchester, brings into the city one of the best known priests of the diocese. For a number of years

**Franklin Machine Company**  
Engineers—Founders—Machinists

Manufacturers of HARRIS-CORLISS ENGINES, Engine Repairs, Shafting, Hangers, Pulleys, Bearings, Couplings, Clutches.  
Large stock always on hand.  
General Mill Repairs. Special machinery of all kinds.

## GET RID OF YOUR FAT

Thousands of others have gotten rid of theirs WITHOUT DIETING OR EXERCISING often at the rate of over a pound a day and WITHOUT PAYMENT until reduction has taken place.



I am a licensed practicing physician and personally select the treatment for each individual case, thus enabling me to choose remedies that will produce not only a loss of weight harmoniously, but which will also relieve you of all the troublesome symptoms of over-stress such as shortness of breath, palpitation, indigestion, rheumatism, gout, asthma, kidney trouble and various other afflictions which often accompany over-stress.

My treatment will relieve that depressed, tired, sleepy feeling, giving you renewed energy and vigor, a result of the loss of your superfluous fat.

You are not required to change in the slightest from your regular mode of living. There is no dieting or exercising. It is simple, easy and pleasant to take.

If you are over-stressed do not postpone but sit down right now and send for my FREE TRIAL TREATMENT and my plan whereby I am to be PAID ONLY AFTER REDUCTION HAS TAKEN PLACE if you so desire.

DR. R. NEWMAN, Licensed Physician State of New York  
286 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y. Desk M-335

STORE  
OPEN  
THURSDAY  
and  
FRIDAY

SPECIAL  
THURSDAY  
ALI. DAY

## R U

Interested in good, fresh, wholesome, firm, FISH. We carry nothing but the best.

- HADDOCK, Shore Cleaned, lb. .... 10¢
- SALMON, Fresh, Columbia River, lb. .... 30¢
- HERRING, Large Cape, 3 lbs. .... 29¢
- MACKEREL, Fresh, Medium Sizes, lb. .... 27¢
- FINNAN HADDIE, Fresh Smoked, lb. .... 15¢
- HALIBUT, Fancy Eastern, lb. .... 33¢
- FLOUNDERS, Fresh, Black Backs, lb. .... 12 1-2¢
- SALMON, Blood Red, Salt, lb. .... 21¢
- BLUEFISH, Boston, Sliced, lb. .... 15¢
- SEACREST SARDINES, Large Box, each .... 19¢

OYSTERS and CLAMS

**Fairburn's Market**

12-14 Merrimack Sq. Tel. 788

On the Square Where You Get Your Car

SANITARY FISH DEPT.—COME IN TODAY

## Tells How to Stop a Bad Cough

Surprising results from this famous old home-made syrup, really prepared and costs little.

If you have a severe cough or chest cold, accompanied by hoarseness, throat tickle, hoarseness, or difficult breathing, or if your child wakes up during the night with croup and you want quick help, try this reliable old home-made cough remedy. Any druggist can supply you with 2½ ounces of Pinex. Pour this into a pint bottle and fill the bottle with plain granulated sugar syrup. Or you can use clarified molasses, honey, or corn syrup, instead of sugar syrup, if desired. This recipe makes a pint of really remarkable cough remedy. It tastes good, and in spite of its low cost, it can be depended upon to give quick and lasting relief.

You can feel this take hold of a cough in a way that means business. It loosens and raises the phlegm, stops throat tickle and soothes and heals the irritated membranes that line the throat and bronchial tubes with such promptness, ease and certainty that it is really astonishing.

Pinex is a special and highly concentrated compound of genuine Norway pine extract, and is probably the best known means of overcoming severe coughs, throat and chest colds.

There are many worthless imitations of this mixture. To avoid disappointment, ask for "2½ ounces of Pinex" with full directions and don't accept anything else. Guaranteed to give absolute satisfaction or money promptly refunded. The Pinex Co., Ft. Wayne, Ind.

Fr. Farrell was attached to St. Paul's church, in Cambridge, where he was spiritual director of the Catholic Club of Harvard University.

He has done remarkable work in upbuilding the Canton parish and has been held in the highest esteem by people of all religious beliefs in that vicinity. In going to Dorchester Fr. Farrell will take up the work contemplated by the late Fr. Quinn. It is thought a new church will eventually be constructed for that rapidly growing parish.

In succession to Fr. Farrell at Canton parish Rev. Mark E. Madden of St. Philip's church in this city has been named.

Mr. Madden was for years senior curate at St. Thomas' church, Jamaica Plain, and was then made pastor of the parish at Hough's Neck. He had a new parish house and church erected there, the church having been dedicated during the past summer, and in appreciation of his labors he was promoted to St. Philip's church in this city.

Going to the Canton parish he will have the benefit of country air in his effort to regain his health.

To St. Philip's church in the South End the cardinal has transferred Mr. Edward F. Hurley, pastor of St. Bridget's church, Lexington.

Rev. John F. Kelleher, pastor of Sacred Heart church, Groton, for a few years, has been advanced to administration of St. Bridget's parish in Lexington, succeeding Mr. Hurley. Rev. William J. Reardon, senior curate at St. Columbkille's parish, Brighton, and

very well known there for nearly 15 years, will be the administrator of Sacred Heart parish, Groton.

Rev. Louis F. Kelleher, an assistant at St. Thomas' parish, Jamaica Plain, has been assigned to the faculty of St. John's Ecclesiastical Seminary in Brighton.

## ANARCHISTS ARE GUILTY

Counsel Tried to Have Verdict Set Aside—"No Time for Soap-box Oratory"

NEW YORK, Oct. 24.—Five of the six Russians who have been on trial in federal court on charges of having violated the espionage act were found guilty by the jury after an hour's deliberation last night. The defendants, all avowed anarchists, tried vainly to introduce evidence designed to discredit the Russian revelations concerning German and Bolshevik duplicity in Russia.

Those convicted were Mollie Steimer, Sam Lipman, Jacob Abrams, Hyman Lachowsky, and Hyman Rosensky. The sixth defendant, Gabriel Broser, was acquitted.

Immediately after the verdict was announced, counsel for the Russians was on his feet asking that it be set aside. Judge Clayton denied the motion, reminding the attorney that it was no time to question a verdict which "occupied the attention of the whole world."

"This is no time for soap-box oratory," the judge declared. "Sit down. Your clients have been convicted. That's all."

## SAYS PRES. WILSON MUST BE SUPREME ARBITER

ROME, Wednesday, Oct. 24.—All the newspapers here carry columns of comment about President Wilson's reply to Austria. The Epoch says that it was no time to question a verdict which "occupied the attention of the whole world."

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

NEW MEXICO BONE DRY

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Oct. 24.—The "bone dry" constitutional amendment, adopted by the people of New Mexico nearly a year ago, administered the knockout to the liquor industry in this state at midnight on Oct. 1.

Prohibition closed the doors of fewer than 20 saloons in Albuquerque and one brewery—the only one in New Mexico. At one time the city had 47 saloons and then it was only an infant city of 4700 population.

SUFFRAGISTS LOSE BANNERS AT CAPITOL

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Two militants of the National Woman's party were arrested yesterday when they attempted to picket the capitol in protest against the defeat of the suffrage amendment.

They were detained for an hour and then released. Later they again attempted to carry banners up the steps of the senate wing of the capitol, but the banners were torn from them by the police.

New banners arrived late in the day, and the pickets again took up their station. Immediately three of the banner bearers were arrested by the police and detained for a short time in the guard room of the capitol.

CHANCE TO ENLIST WITH GAS HOUNDS

How would you like to be a "gas hound?"

A "gas hound," kind sir, is a member of the U. S. Motor Transport corps, the organization that keeps our armies supplied in France with the hundred and one things they need, from cannon powder to tooth powder. You've got to be a "regular guy" to get into this select canine circle, but there are

Don't Suffer From Piles

Sample Package of the Famous Pyramid Pile Treatment Now Offered Free to You—What It Will Do for You.

Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids

Pyramid is Certainly Fine and Works Such Wonders So Quickly.

and such rectal troubles. In the privacy of your home, 60 cents a box at all druggists. Take no substitute. A single box often is sufficient. Free sample for trial with booklet mailed free in plain wrapper, if you send coupon below.

FREE SAMPLE COUPON

PYRAMID DRUG COMPANY, 504 Pyramid Bldg., Marshall, Mich.

Kindly send me a Free sample of Pyramid Pile Treatment in plain wrapper.

Name.....  
Street.....  
City.....State.....

GENUINE Aspirin Tablets

Each Tablet Stamped ASPIRIN.

Boxes of 12 ..... 15c  
Bottles of 24 ..... 25c  
Bottles of 100 ..... 69c

QUALITY GUARANTEED

Howard The Druggist, 197 Central St.

MAJ. EMERY FREED BY THE GERMANS

COPENHAGEN, Oct. 24.—Major Henry Crosby Emery, Russian representative of the Guaranty Trust company of New York, who was made a prisoner by the Germans on the Aland Islands last March, has been released from imprisonment in Germany, and arrived in Copenhagen Tuesday night.

Major Emery was formerly a professor at Yale and a member of the tariff commission appointed by Pres-

## RED BLOODED MEN WIN OUT

They Are Always on Top In Every Walk of Life

It is a fact that red blooded men and women are at the top in every walk of life. Men and women with the driving force of red blood, rich in iron and phosphates do things, they lose results.

Red blooded women are the heads of the happiest and most contented homes. They have the will and the desire to be real companions and helpmates.

Leadership and happiness is only for the men and women who are willing to keep their blood and nerves strengthened and nourished with iron and phosphates.

A prominent doctor says, "It is a crime that so many men and women lack the rich, red blood and strong steady nerve to achieve their ambitions. It is all the more so because thin, watery blood is unnecessary, as rich, red blood and strong nerves are within the grasp of everyone. Phosphated Iron makes pure blood by making new blood. It gives strength, brings color to the cheeks, increases the weight and appetite, drives away the blues and those sleepless nights, sturdies and renews your nervous energy, makes you feel like a live one once again."

There must be something to it. Everyone who tries it is loud in praise of Phosphated Iron, and you have got to show people these days.

To insure physicians and their patients receiving the genuine Phosphated Iron it has been put up in capsules only. Do not allow dealers to give you pills or tablets. Insist on capsules.

Fred Howard, the Druggist, Lowell Pharmacy, and leading druggists everywhere.

dent Taft. He went to Petrograd in September, 1916, to represent the Guaranty Trust company, and was married there in July, 1917.

With Mrs. Emery and a number of other neutrals he was travelling from Russia to Sweden by way of the Aland Islands last March, when arrested by the Germans.

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Pyramid Pile Treatment gives quick relief, stops itching, bleeding or protruding piles, hemorrhoids

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## COUNCIL OF NATIONAL DEFENSE REQUESTS EARLY CHRISTMAS SHOPPING

## Specials for Friday, Saturday, Monday

October 25, 26, 28, at

THE LIVE STORE

Low prices will prevail with us. Reason: Just a little off the high rent district.

### MILLINERY

Manufacturer's stock of ladies', misses' and children's hats. Samples, and all bought at a very low price.

One lot of Ladies' Silk Velvet Hats, all shapes and colors, \$5.00 and \$6.00 value, at \$2.89. No two hats alike.

Children's Tams from 49c up.

One lot of Misses' and Children's Velour Hats, \$5.00 and \$6.00 value for \$2.89.

### FLANNELS

Ladies' Flannel Gowns, neatly trimmed, high and low necks, extra heavy flannel, full sizes. \$2.50 value, for \$1.50

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.00 value, 69¢

Ladies' Flannel Petticoats, \$1.50 value, 98¢

Ladies' Jersey Ribbed Petticoats, \$1.00 value, 69¢

Infants' White Flannel Petticoats, 50¢ value for 17¢

Misses' and Children's Night Robes and Pajamas, \$1.50 and \$2.00 value, for 98¢ and \$1.25

Men's Heavy Flannel Night Shirts, very good quality; \$2.50 value for \$1.50

Men's Heavy Flannel Pajamas, \$3.00 value for \$1.98

Men's Flannel Shirts, very large variety to choose from. \$1.25 Up

### SWEATERS

Men's and Boys' Heavy Knitted Khaki Ship-on Sweaters, \$3.50 value, all sizes, for \$1.98

Children's Sweaters from ..... 98¢ Up

Men's and Ladies' Sweaters, very large assortment, from ..... \$1.50 to \$12.00

Special blue and light colored percale Bungalow Aprons, \$2.00 value, for ..... 98¢

### HOSIERY

One lot of Men's All Wool Hose, very fine quality, in natural color, not very heavy but warm, just the thing for outside wear. Worth last year \$1.50 a pair, only ..... 89¢ a Pair

Ladies' and Men's Hose from ..... 15¢ Up

### UNDERWEAR

Ladies' Union Suits, very heavy jersey ribbed flannel, \$2.50 value, for ..... \$1.25

Men's Heavy Flannel Lined Underwear, \$1.50 value, for ..... 98¢

Men's Blue Chambray Shirts, old dye, \$1.50 value, for ..... 98¢

Men's Genuine Blue Old Dye Union Made Overalls at low prices.

Other items too numerous to mention.

## OSTROFF'S

"THE LIVE STORE"

193-195 Middlesex St. Two Doors from Union Market

undoubtedly many Lowell men who could fill the job. Once the details of the proposition are known, there will probably arise an epidemic of enlistment that will entirely put the ban on the "flu" contagion.

Here's the big story: The Motor Transport corps wants men right away to go overseas at once. A Boston office to cover this district has been opened at 715 Beacon street and a recruiting officer, J. Addison, himself a member of the corps, who expects to be in France within a few weeks, has been assigned to Lowell for duty.

He has established headquarters at 21 Sixth avenue and is ready to talk over the details of this branch of the service with anyone interested between six and nine any evening. On Monday and Saturday evenings he will be at the war work headquarters, 119 Merrimack street, during these hours.

Any man between 18 and 45 years of age, who has not yet received notification from his local draft board to report for duty, is eligible for service in the transport corps. The service is designed to appeal particularly to men with technical mechanical training, and is anxious to enlist truck drivers, motor mechanics, repair men, salvage

men, organizers and technical men.

The slogan of the corps is: "A commission in every tool bag if you can get it out." Owing to the demand for men there is every chance of getting a commission quickly and another appealing feature is the fact that recruits will be sent overseas almost immediately.

MAKING UP LOST TIME IN THE SCHOOLS

As yet no definite plans for making up the time lost in the local schools during the present epidemic have been made. Richard Brabrook Walsh, chairman of the school committee, stated today. The matter is being considered by the committee and any feasible methods suggested will be given consideration.

Various plans have been decided upon in the surrounding cities and towns in regard to this matter. Some cities are in favor of eliminating the vacation periods for the remainder of the season, with the exception of Christmas. Others are considering the advisability of holding Saturday sessions, while another plan being considered is the shortening of the luncheon period in the middle of the day.

Mr. Walsh said that the teachers will not forfeit any of their salary by reason of their enforced idleness. The entire force have held themselves in readiness throughout the past month, and he therefore sees no reason for withholding their salaries for that period.

"The schools are ready to open the moment the ban is lifted," the chairman continued "and at this time I feel that something should be said in regard to the Morey school in the Highlands. The problem of accommodating the children of this section is becoming serious, for the reason that the Morey and Washington schools are both overcrowded. The normal capacities of the rooms in these schools is 40 pupils, and at present every room is averaging 50 and in some instances 60 children.

"In each of these schools it has become necessary to put two classes in the hall of the building in order to accommodate the increasing number of pupils. This would be a serious handicap in case of fire, and it seems to me that the city officials should do something to provide safe and sanitary arrangements to accommodate our

boys and girls in this part of the city.

"A simple solution of the problem in my opinion would be the building of an addition to the Morey school. This would handle the surplus from the other Highland schools, and would be a satisfactory arrangement all around. There is no doubt in my mind but what the government would sanction this addition and that the problem of procuring the building materials would be an easy matter."

### CASUALTY LIST

Many N. E. Men on Canadian Report—One From Lowell

OTTAWA, Ont., Oct. 24.—The following New England names appear in today's casualty list:

Killed in action: W. Dubois, Franklin, N. H.; E. Therault, Rumford Falls, Me.; W. G. Colclough, Swampscott, Mass.; W. Moss, New Bedford, Mass.; J. Sinclair, Providence, R. I.; L. R. Grant, Portland, Me.; N. Lee, Houlton, Me.

Died: E. T. Milton, Central Falls, R. I.

Wounded: A. Nadeau, Providence, R. I.; W. O'Malley, Lowell, Mass.; M. Edwards, Pawtucket, R. I.; W. T. Fube, Salem, Mass.; E. Beaudoin, Newmarket, N. H.; E. Lakin, Lynn, Mass.; G. J. Row, New Bedford, Mass.; R. Morris, Pawtucket, R. I.; R. J. Lemay, Millbury, Mass.; N. Rodgers, North Abington, Mass.

Ill: W. Pinkerton, Central Falls, R. I.; W. Franco, Stow, Mass.

### HAIR ON FACE

WHAT CAUSES IT

It has been proven by the world's greatest authorities that it stimulates and increases hair growth to merely remove it from the surface of the skin. The only common-sense way to remove hair is to attack it under the skin.

DeMiracle, the original sanitary liquid, does this by absorption.

Only genuine DeMiracle has a money-back guarantee in each package. At toilet counters in 60¢, 81¢ and 92¢ sizes, or by mail from us in plain wrapper on receipt of price.

FREE book mailed in plain sealed envelope on request. DeMiracle, 1221th St. and







## 6000 CAPTURED

Total of German Prisoners Taken by British in New Attack Begun Yesterday

Desperate Battle Fought in Brilliant Moonlight South of Valenciennes

WITH THE ALLIED ARMIES IN FRANCE AND BELGIUM, Oct. 24.—(By the Associated Press, 1:39 a. m.)—The British have taken more than 6000 prisoners and many guns in their new attack begun yesterday morning on the front below Valenciennes.

In brilliant moonlight, assisted by roaring flocks of night bombing airplanes, the British fought through the night and made steady gains. They are using "scissors" tactics, and not at any time since the new battle began, has the whole line attacked all the series of objectives at the same time. Guns are moved up in relays, so that there is constantly a heavy fire on the German front and rear. Infantry assaults are launched at different times. First one end of the line and then another section some distance away, is sent smashing into the enemy.

Ground Strewn With Dead  
These tactics bewildered the Germans. No enemy unit knows where an assault is coming and all are forced to stand in readiness under torrents of steel, high explosives, shrapnel and gas. A concentration at Preux for a counter attack was observed from the

## Cadum Ointment

Brings nights of peaceful rest to people who have suffered agonies from skin troubles. It stops the itching at once and is very soothing and healing wherever the skin is irritated or inflamed. Much suffering from skin troubles may be avoided by the timely use of this wonderful remedy. Cadum Ointment is good for eczema, pimples, blotches, chafings, piles, rash, scabs, ringworm, cuts, sores, burns, insect bites, etc.

C. H. Hanson & Co., Inc., Auctioneers  
61 Rock Street, Lowell, Mass. Phones 154-8748

## REAL ESTATE

TO BE SOLD AT

## PUBLIC AUCTION

ON SATURDAY, OCT. 26th, AT 3 P. M.

FOUR TWO-TENEMENT HOUSES, 21,820 FEET OF LAND AND LARGE BARN

## BEST SALE OF THE YEAR

The property is situated on the SOUTHERLY SIDE OF WAUGH STREET between Wilder and Walker streets, just across from the Normal school. Take Broadway or Middlesex street car to Wilder street, one minute's walk to Waugh street.

NO. 44-46 WAUGH STREET—Two tenement, double house. Each tenement has bath and furnace heat, kitchen, dining room, living room, and four sleeping chambers. Large fireplace in dining and living room. Separate back and front doors.

NO. 40-42 WAUGH STREET—Two tenement double house, almost a duplicate of No. 44, with exception that there is furnace heat only in one tenement.

NO. 34 WAUGH STREET—Two and one-half story two tenement house. Each tenement has four sleeping rooms, bath, kitchen, dining room and living room.

NO. 32 WAUGH STREET—Two and one-half story two tenement house of six rooms each, with bath. A large barn and carriage shed is located directly in rear of this house.

This property is centrally located near the Lamson Co., Lowell Gas Light Co., Pilling Shoe Company, Daniel Gage Co., Lowell Weaving Co., Columbia Textile Co., and the Normal school, and the tenements are always rented.

NOW THEN—If you are looking for a home or if you want a good investment, then we earnestly request you to look this property over, and then attend the sale. Tenements are scarce, and there is very little property on the market. So here is your chance to become the owner of a first-class parcel of real estate that is never vacant.

TERMS OF SALE: Five hundred dollars must be deposited with the auctioneer as soon as the property is struck off. Arrangements can be made to carry a very liberal mortgage on the property, other terms to be announced at the sale.

Property open for inspection day of sale.

Make all inquiries at auctioneer's office.

C. H. HANSON &amp; CO., Inc., for owner.

## FARMERS TAKE NOTICE

If you have any Fresh Killed Chickens, Fowl or Milk-Fed Fatted Veal for sale bring them to the John St. Public Market and we will pay you full market price in cash for same. Goods must be A No. 1.

## JOHN STREET PUBLIC MARKET

J. P. CURLEY, Prop.

## Text of Pres. Wilson's Note to Kaiser

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—The government's announcement yesterday of President Wilson's action regarding the German peace offer was made in the following statement:

"The Secretary of State makes public the following:

"From the Secretary of State to the Charge d'Affaires ad interim in charge of German interests in the United States:

"Department of State, Oct. 23, 1918:

"Sir—I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your note of the 22d transmitting a communication under date of the 20th from the German Government and to advise you that the President has instructed me to reply thereto as follows:

"Having received the solemn and explicit assurance of the German government that it unreservedly accepts the terms of peace laid down in his address to the Congress of the United States on the eighth of January, 1918, and the principles of settlement enunciated in his subsequent addresses, particularly the address of the 27th of September, and that it desires to discuss the details of this application, and that this wish and request are entirely in accord with the policy which the German people have hitherto dictated, and that the present war on Germany's behalf, but from Ministers who speak for an overwhelming majority of the German people; and having received also the explicit promise of the present German Government that the humane rules of civilized warfare will be observed both on land and sea by the German armed forces, the President of the United States feels that he cannot decline to take up with the German government with which the Government of the United States is associated the question of an armistice.

## SUGGESTION TO THE ALLIES

"He deems it his duty to say again, however, that the only armistice he would feel justified in submitting for consideration would be one which should leave the United States and the Powers associated with her in a position to enforce any arrangements that may be entered into and to make a renewal of hostilities on the part of Germany impossible.

"The President has, therefore, transmitted his correspondence with the present German authorities to the Governments with which the Government of the United States is associated as a belligerent, with the suggestion that, if those Governments are disposed to effect peace upon the terms and principles indicated, their military advisers and the military advisers of the United States be asked to submit to the Governments associated against Germany the necessary terms of such an armistice as will fully protect the interests of the peoples involved and insure to the associated Governments the unrestricted power to safeguard and enforce the details of the peace to which the German Govern-

ment has agreed, provided they deem such an armistice possible from the military point of view.

"Should such terms of armistice be suggested, their acceptance by Germany will afford the best concrete evidence of her unequivocal acceptance of the terms and principles of peace from which the whole action proceeds.

## KING OF PRUSSIA STILL CONTROLS

"The President would deem himself lacking in candor did he not point out in the frankest possible terms the reason why extraordinary safeguards must be demanded. Significant and important as the Constitutional changes seem to be which are spoken of by the German Foreign Secretary in his note of the twentieth of October, it does not appear that the principle of a Government responsible to the German people has yet been fully worked out or that any guarantees either exist or are in contemplation that the alterations of principle and practice now partially agreed upon will be permanent.

"Moreover, it does not appear that the heart of the present difficulty has been reached. It may be that future wars have been brought under the control of the German people, but the present war has not been, and it is with the present war that we are dealing.

"It is evident that the German people have no means of controlling the acquisition of the military authorities of the Empire in the popular will; that the power of the King of Prussia to control the policy of the Empire is unimpaired; that the determining initiative still remains with those who have hitherto been the masters of Germany.

## SURRENDER, THE ONLY TERMS

"Feeling that the whole peace of the world depends now on plain speaking and straightforward action, the President deems it his duty to say, without an attempt to soften what may seem harsh words, that the Nations of the world do not and cannot trust the word of those who have hitherto been the masters of German policy, and to point out once more that in concluding peace and attempting to undo the infinite injuries and injustices of this war the Government of the United States cannot deal with any but veritable representatives of the German people who have been assured of a genuine constitutional standing as the real rulers of Germany.

"If it must deal with the military masters and the monarchical authorities of Germany, now, or if it is likely to have to deal with them later in regard to the international obligations of the German Empire, it must demand, not peace negotiations, but surrender. Nothing can be gained by leaving this essential thing unsaid.

"Accept, sir, the renewed assurances of my high consideration,

(Signed) ROBERT LANSING."

"Mr. Friedrich Oederlin, Charge d'Affaires ad interim, in charge of German interests in the United States."

## 2,008,931 ACROSS

Sec. Baker Notifies Pres. Wilson of Number of American Soldiers Overseas

Matter of Deep Gratification and Assurance to the Country, Says President

WASHINGTON, Oct. 24.—Embarkation of 2,008,931 American soldiers to participate in the war overseas was disclosed by correspondence between Secretary Baker and President Wilson, given out at the White House last night at the same time that the president's reply to the German note was made public by the state department.

"I am sure that this will be a matter of deep gratification and assurance to the country," said the president, replying to a letter from Secretary Baker reporting on the number of men who have sailed from American ports, to Oct. 21.

The correspondence follows:

"War Department, Oct. 22, 1918.

"My Dear Mr. President:

"More than 2,000,000 American soldiers have sailed from the ports in this country to participate in the war overseas. In returning the fact to you I feel sure that you will be interested in the following data showing the progress of our military effort.

"In my letter of July 1, 1918, I informed you that between May 8, 1917, and June 30, 1918, over a million men had either been landed in France or were on route thereto. Since July 1, 1918, embarkations by months have been as follows:

"July..... 306,183

"August..... 299,318

"September..... 251,115

"October 1 to 21..... 131,528

"Total..... 988,144

"Embarked to July 1, 1918 1,019,115

"Grand total..... 2,008,931

"In our overseas operations, I feel that we have good reason to be proud and thankful of results obtained. Our losses have been exceedingly small, considering the size of the force transported and this is due to the efficient protection given American convoys by the naval forces. We also have been

greatly assisted in the despatch of troops abroad by the allocation of certain vessels from our allies, principally those of Great Britain.

"Cordially yours,

"NEWTON D. BAKER, Secretary of War."

"The White House, Washington.

"My Dear Mr. Secretary: I am very glad to have your letter of this morning reporting that more than 2,000,000 American soldiers have sailed from the ports of this country to participate in the war overseas. I am sure that this will be a matter of deep gratification and assurance to the country and that every one will join me in congratulating the war and navy departments upon the steady accomplishment in this all-important application of force to the liberation of the world.

"Cordially and sincerely yours,

"WOODROW WILSON."

"NEWTON D. BAKER."

## To Have and To Hold Healthy Teeth and Gums

It takes more than a tooth brush to keep teeth healthy and the mouth comfortable and really clean. Sixty years of service have proven SOZODONT will keep the teeth clean and wholesome, the gums firm and healthy, the breath sweet and the mouth comfortable. Have you ever been hungry and unable to eat? Use

## Sozodont

FOR THE TEETH  
Liquid—Powder or Paste  
SOLD BY DEALERS EVERYWHERE

## The Thor

ABOLISHES

## Work and Worry

The Thor Electric Washing Machine abolishes the work and worry of wash-day. Its use means cleaner clothes in half the time.

Your clothes will last six times longer, too, because the Thor washes without wear. Costs only 2c an hour to operate.

Tel. 821 and let us demonstrate the Thor in your home free next wash-day.

Sold On Easy Payments

UNITED STATES WAR SAVINGS CERTIFICATES AND THRIFT STAMPS  
On Sale at the Cashier's Window

The LOWELL ELECTRIC LIGHT CORP.

29-31 Market St. Tel. 821

## CARRY ON WAR

Proclamation to German People to Continue War Awaits Reply From Wilson

German Paper Says "If the Kaiser Must Go, Let Him Go at Once"

PARIS, Oct. 24.—Emperor William conferred on Monday with all the members of the government, talking at length with each individual, and then arranged them in a body, says a despatch from Zurich to the Journal. Thus far the German newspapers have printed nothing concerning the emperor's speech.

The war cabinet held another meeting on Tuesday. The address of the chancellor to the reichstag is criticized sharply by a majority of the newspapers. The extracts from the speech circulated by the Wolff bureau, the semi-official news agency are to some extent garbled, while other passages near so little resemblance to what Prince Maximilian said that they appear to have been invented.

The socialist newspapers, the Zurich despatch continues, are particularly outspoken. The Frankische Tagespost of Nuremberg, Bavaria, says the emperor must not think the German people are going to continue the war for months to please him. "If the emperor must go," it adds, "let him go at once."

The correspondent reports that the chancellor and the Pan-Germans are working actively toward the formation of a national defense government. He says a proclamation to the people ex-

horting them to carry on the war to the utmost has been drafted with the help of General Ludendorff, and that he understands it will be published as soon as President Wilson's reply has been received. It is expected in Berlin, the correspondent adds, that the president will not allow himself to be flouted and ridiculed by the existing German government.

When you think of teeth—think of Dr. Allen.

HOPPE TO GIVE FOUR EXHIBITIONS FOR BENEFIT OF HOS- TON RED CROSS CHAPTER

BOSTON, Oct. 24.—Willie Hoppe, balk line billiard champion of the world, has assured officials of the Boston Metropolitan Red Cross chapter that the total receipts of four exhibition matches to be given by him in this city next week, would be donated to the Red Cross. The champion, Red Cross officials announced today, has agreed to pay all his own expenses and those of his manager. The first match will be Oct. 30 at the Boston Athletic association.

## INFLUENZA? LA GRIPPE?

Foley's Honey and Tar is just what every sufferer of influenza or la grippe needs now. It covers the rough inflamed throat with a soothing healing coating, clears away the mucus, stops the tickling and coughing, eases the tightness and bronchial wheezing. Day and night keep

## FOLEY'S HONEY AND TAR

handy. It gives ease and comfort from the very first dose. Buy it Now. Burkinshaw Drug Co., 418 Middlesex St., Moody's, 301 Central St.

DAILY BULLETIN FROM WAR WORK HEADQUARTERS  
119 MERRIMACK STREET

## WANTED

RED BLOODED MEN FOR IMMEDIATE SERVICE OVERSEAS

Motor Transport Corps (Maintenance Division). Motor Truck Trains. Motorcycle Companies. Repair Shop Bases. Apply at 21 Sixth avenue between 6 and 9 p. m., or at War Work Headquarters, Monday and Saturday evenings, between 7 and 9 p. m.

## SUGAR CARDS

Hand in a complete report of all fruit and vegetables canned, dried and salted, canned fish and meat, and eggs preserved, on your Canning Card.

MONTHLY SUGAR CARDS must be obtained from your grocer.

## U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE

Anyone at present unemployed must apply here for Government Work.

## FUEL ADMINISTRATION

Cards obtainable upstairs for coal, coke, etc.

## UNCONDITIONAL SURRENDER

Come in and join the U. S. Club, and wear your button. Gross proceeds from the sale of U. S. Club buttons given to the Belgian Soldiers' Tobacco Fund.

J. M. FARRELL.....Auctioneer  
OFFICE—152 MARKET ST., LOWELL, MASS.

## Administratrix's Sale of Real Estate

At Public Auction of Part of the Late Walter H. Bagshaw Estate  
WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1918, COMMENCING AT 2 P. M.

I shall sell at public auction the following described parcels of real estate of the late Walter H. Bagshaw, to the person that will bid the highest and comply with the conditions of the sale.

Lot 1 at 2:00 p. m., No. 212 and 214 Hale street, corner of Washington street, consists of a three story building of five tenements and a store and 2588 square feet of land, more or less. Has a frontage of 33 70-100 feet on Hale street and 32 23-100 feet on Washington street. This property is in good repair inside and out. Each tenement has five rooms, separate toilets, wood entrances, situated on a corner so that it makes each tenement bright and cheerful. They have always rented to good tenants. The store has always been a paying proposition to the owners. This piece of real estate has an income of \$350.00 per year. This will make you a good investment on the money that it will sell for.

Terms of sale. \$500.00 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit as soon as sold. Other terms at sale.

Lot 2 at 2:30 p. m., No. 6 Washington street, consists of a cottage house of eight rooms, pantry and bath and 2121 32-100 square feet of land, has city water, gas, and is in good repair inside and out, has cemented cellar, concrete walks and is well fenced. This cottage rents for \$15.00 per month or \$210.00 a year.

Lot 3 at 3:00 p. m., No. 8 Washington street, consists of a cottage house of eight rooms, pantry and bath and 304 65-100 square feet of land, more or less, has city water, gas, cemented cellar, concrete walks and is well fenced. Rents for \$17.00 per month or \$204 per year. Either of these cottages will make a very comfortable home. These cottages are never idle and always have a good class of tenants. Look them over.

Terms of sale. \$200 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit on each cottage at the time and place of sale. Other terms at sale.

Lot 4—Consists of a lot of land facing on Hale street, containing 4955 square feet, more or less, with a frontage of 30 55-100 feet, with a barn and carriage house that we will sell after the cottage houses are sold. The barn rents for \$5.00 per month or \$75.00 per year. This is a very desirable building lot.

Terms of sale. \$200.00 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit at the time and place of sale.

Lot 5—The next parcel that I shall sell is on the opposite side of Hale street, three cottage houses on one lot, Nos. 205, 209 and 211 Hale street, and 7230 square feet of land, more or less. Each cottage has eight rooms, pantry and bath, and rents for \$15.00 per month or \$180.00 per year. This has always been a good paying piece of property for the heirs. The cottages are alike with the exception of No. 209 which has steam heat, and they are in good repair inside and out. The walks are all concrete. This would make a good investment for a person to live in one cottage and rent the other two and it will soon pay for itself.

Terms of sale. \$300 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit at the time and place of sale.

Lot 6—At 4:30 p. m., at 70 and 72 Perry street.

This property consists of a 2 1/2 story two family house and 1814 square feet of land, more or less, that has always rented well, but a few steps from the postoffice, near shops and mills; has five rooms in each tenement and rents for \$16.00 per month or \$192.00 per year. This would make a good investment for what you will have to pay for the property.

Terms of sale. \$200.00 must be paid to the auctioneer as a deposit at the time and place of sale.

The heirs of the late Mr. Bagshaw who has been deceased for about 17 years, feel that they would like to settle up some of the estate and have taken this means to dispose of part of the estate at this time. You will find that a settlement must come some time they would not think of selling, so come prepared to buy.

For order, MRS. MARGARET BAGSHAW, Administratrix.